THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXI. NO. 64. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

IT IS DISRUPTED

Silver League Suffers From Factions.

CAME TO STORMY FINISH LAST NIGHT.

From Its Ashes Two Clubs Spring.

The Silver league held a disgraceful meeting in Huntington hall last night at which the members called each other all sorts of names.

The trouble started with Mr. O'Connell's report of the committee appointed to report upon the qualifications necessary for members.

The report was as follows:

"All persons who are not candidates, or who are not aspiring for any national or congressional office, and who are of good moral character, and are in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, may sign the roll of membership now in the custody of the secretary, and have their names voted upon by all the other persons who have signed said roll, and, if he receives all but five of the votes thus cast, he shall be entitled to membership in this league.

"If he does not receive such a number of votes he shall not be a member even though he may have previously signed the roll now in the custody of the secretary.

"This rule shall take effect on its passage, and the members shall be so elected immediately after the passage and adoption of this rule, and before any further business is transacted."

This started John F. Murphy and John F. Curtis and a long wrangle ensued in which everyone mixed.

Finally as the outcome of the trouble the league split itself into two factions, one composed of the Murphyites and another of the O'Connellites.

The followers of Mr. O'Connell favored the Lowell Non-Partisan Free Silver league with Rev. Paul Bradford, president; Henry Haines, vice president; Will Cogger, secretary and E. D. O'Connell, treasurer.

The Murphy faction organized a Bryan, Sewall and Williams club with Harry Kennedy, president and J. H. Carl, secretary.

Silver Ware Recovered.

A young man found $130 worth of silver ware hidden in a wood pile at John Brennan's wood yard on Jackson street, yesterday, which had evidently been stolen. The silver ware was taken to the police station and awaits identification.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 20 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

GREAT VALUE in mill kindlings. Big load for $1. 1000 loads to be disposed of before Oct. 1. Orders by postal promptly attended to. WM. COGGER, wood and coal, 28 Concord street.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves, for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

16 TO 1

You will be pleased if your watch and jewelery repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street

SCENES AT BRYAN MEETING

Notes and Incidents Remarked By a Sun Correspondent.

Enthusiasm Went Wild As the Wonderful Orator Proceeded—Numerous Eloquent Perorations and Their Effect—The Scene Surpassed Any of Its Kind in the History of New York City.

Sturtevant House, N. Y., Aug. 13, '96.

As usual in such cases, I presume the Sun has had an excellent account of the Bryan demonstration in New York from the associated Press, but I propose to give Sun readers some notes and incidents of the meeting that will enable them to form some idea, however inadequate, of the wild enthusiasm of the vast audience that listened to Mr. Bryan as well of the general effect of his address not only in this city but all over the whole country.

It was arranged by the management to admit the people to reserved seats and chairs by ticket only and those who held tickets for chairs on the floor were to be admitted to the vast auditorium at 7.45. At 6 o'clock 400 policemen were detailed in squads to guard the various approaches to Madison Square Garden where the demonstration took place. They were stationed at quite a distance from the building—for it is a mammoth building and not a garden—so that no crowd might be allowed to block the entrances.

As the hour for the meeting approached a crowd of perhaps 20,000 people surged forward upon the police lines. The holders of chair tickets to the floor were to be admitted at 7.45 but before 7 o'clock they forced their way through the police lines to the entrance on 26th street. Finding that impregnable they rushed wildly to the Madison street entrance and there encountered over a hundred police officers but these were driven before the impetuous tide of humanity like so many boys. Strong men nearly overcome in that rush of thousands upon the hall and women were carried bodily vainly appealing for their safety to the irresistible force from the rear.

The police were conquered, the crowd after many futile attempts waited doggedly until the entrance on Madison street was opened and then rushed in, brushing the officers aside or carrying them ahead. Utterly unable to handle the crowd the sergeant in command telephoned for a squad of mounted police and these quickly restored order. No tickets were taken up and most of those who depended upon getting seats on the floor by ticket were sadly disappointed. Many of them had to stand up during the entire meeting. All kinds of "silver fakirs" were plying their business around the great building before the doors were opened. Men were selling pictures of the candidates, literature, palm leaf fans, Bryan buttons, and a Bryan fan finished in silver with picture of Bryan in relief.

The opening of the meeting surpassed anything I ever witnessed, anything I ever expect to witness and according to the statements of prominent men present anything in the history of New York city.

The auditorium is a vast oval, the longer diameter being about 400 feet in length. All around it is a high gallery, viz, one with numerous tiers of seats. Above this gallery on the sides are two high balconies, and on the ends four balconies, the highest being about sixty feet above the floor. In the lower gallery, on one side, the rostrum for the speakers was erected, but it was only big enough to hold about half a dozen persons.

As the notables arrived and took their places close to the rostrum the vast audience began to cheer. Every man in the hall threw off his coat and his vest, if he wore any, and most all had large palm leaf fans which were in motion all the time like the wings of butterflies.

As Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, together with Mr. and Mrs. Bland, Mr. Sewall, Senator Jones and Gov. Stone of Missouri entered the hall, the audience cheered wildly and cheered and cheered again.

The introductory speeches were not completed before the audience began a stampede for Bryan. The chairman, however, refused to give way and finished his introduction of Bryan.

Then came cheers and yells. Never was there such a spectacle of enthusiasm gone wild. For 15 minutes the tumult went on. Mr. Bryan, suffering as he was from sore throat and exhaustion, would not attempt to speak until silence was restored. He sat down and began sucking a slice of a lemon. Then he got up and raised his hand for silence, but the ovation continued for fully five minutes longer. His voice was weak and husky in the beginning, certain cadences being so weak that he was obliged to avoid them altogether, and this placed him under the disagreeable necessity of speaking in what might be called a falsetto voice throughout his entire discourse. As he proceeded, however, his voice became stronger and his peroration was delivered without his manuscript in his characteristically bold and emphatic style.

The climaxes of his discourse, and they were very numerous, were wildly cheered. At first there was a continuous bustle of persons moving around the passages in the pit, but those farthest away finding that they could not hear his words quite clearly left the hall and then the audience became one of the quietest and most interested that could be conceived.

They sat spell bound as he delivered his speech from the type written copy, but his delivery was clear, vigorous and forcible as his arguments upon the issues of the campaign were pointed and unanswerable.

I will quote here as nearly as I can remember the passages that aroused the greatest enthusiasm from the audience.

"The commandment thou shalt not steal thundered from Mt. Sinai and reiterated in the legislation of all nations is no respecter of persons."

"I shall offer no apology for the income tax of the Chicago platform."

In arguing that the people have a right to criticize the supreme court—"No public official who conscientiously discharges his duty as he sees it, will desire to deny to those whom he serves, the right to discuss his official conduct."

"Take from the gold standard the powerful support of the money owning and the money changing classes and it cannot stand for one day among the nations of the world.

"The advocates of the gold standard bend their energies to the permanent establishment of a gold standard under cover of a declaration for bimetallism. Honest money cannot be expected at the hands of those who deal dishonestly with the American people.

"Wage earners know that while a gold standard raises the purchasing power of the dollar, they know that employment is less permanent, loss of work more probable and re-employment less certain.

"It is not strange that those who have made a profit by furnishing gold to the government in the hour of its extremity, favor a financial policy that will keep the government dependent upon them.

"A monetary system which is advantageous to a few syndicates has less to commend it than a system which would give hope and encouragement to those who create the nation's wealth.

"The restoration of bimetallism will restore the parity between money and property and thus permit an era of prosperity which will enable the American people to become loaners of money instead of perpetual borrowers. How long can we continue borrowing under a system which by lowering the value of property weakens the foundation upon which credit rests?

"It seems certain that the fall in the gold price of silver is due to legislation and not to natural laws.

"If in November the people declare themselves in favor of bimetallism the system can be inaugurated in a few months.

"Threats and intimidations will be of no avail. The people who in 1776 rejected the doctrine that kings rule by right divine will not in this generation subscribe to the doctrine that money is omnipotent.

In delivering himself of this gem Bryan seemed to be suddenly inken with an impulse of patriotic fire and in quick response 10,000 men in their shirt sleeves jumped to their feet, waved fans, hats, coats and handkerchiefs in the air, while they cheered as if to lift the roof from the mammoth building.

It was five minutes before order was restored and after a few more sentences the scene was renewed by the following: "When our opponents assert that this nation is helpless to protect the rights of its own citizens, we challenge them to submit the issue to the people whose patriotism has never been appealed to in vain."

Here the orator laid down his manuscript and began his peroration with all the force and expression of which he is capable and it was but a few minutes until the audience again broke out in the most enthusiastic cheers "When it is seriously asserted," said the speaker, "That this nation must bow to the dictates of other nations and accept the policies which they insist upon, the right of self-government is assailed and until that question is settled all other questions are insignificant."

In his concluding figure representing Columbia with hands bound in golden shackles appealing to nations beyond the sea for help, he appealed to his audience to break these shackles and to make Columbia as she should be a light among the nations of the earth and to picture her rather as the majestic statue that guards the entrance of the harbor—the Godless of Liberty enlightening the world.

His speech occupied an hour and forty minutes in delivery and except in his peroration, Mr. Bryan made no attempt at oratory but in that he showed what he could do. He never made the slightest stumble in his entire address.

At the close he retired to his seat. Mr. Sewall was presented and spoke but so great was the noise that he was not heard. He is a poor speaker at best. A notable incident was the appearance of extra editions of New York papers containing the entire speech before Bryan had finished its delivery. Ice water sold for five cents a glass, large fans found a ready sale.

A temporary hospital was improvised in the basement and ambulances were in waiting to carry away anybody overcome by the heat but they had little to do.

Mrs. Bryan sat calmly near the rostrum and as the leaders shook her husband's hand after the meeting, she too smilingly advanced and shook his hand as if to say, "Well done, William." Then came calls for Mrs. Bryan but the chairman rapped his gavel on the desk and one of the most enthusiastic meetings ever held in New York had closed.

After the meeting the thousands who could not enter the hall were addressed by Mr. Bryan from the balcony of the Bartholdi house.

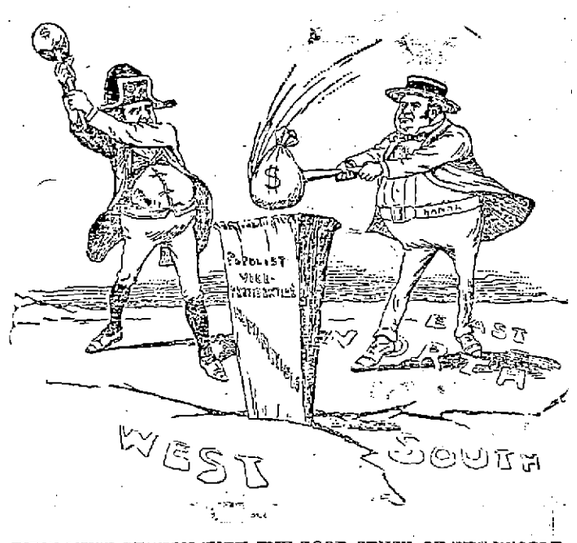
In the Bartholdi the Fifth avenue hotel and the Hoffman house all the democratic leaders were present and everywhere Mr. Bryan's speech was pronounced exhaustive, statesmanlike and the ablest discussion of the campaign issues yet given to the public.

The gold papers criticized him because he read his speech but as it was given out in advance he was obliged to read it in order not to depart from what he had given to the press. His aim was to give the best possible exposition of the democratic platform and judged in that light his oration could not be excelled.

In speaking so often under the melting heat Mr. Bryan is taking his life in his hand. He is bound that nobody will be any nearer the enemies lines than he himself. He is a born leader, and the apostle of genuine democracy as opposed to plutocrats, who corrupt legislation and override the will of the sovereign people.

The silver sentiment in New York pervades the city and being but a sample of what is sweeping this country it gives the most unmistakable indications of Bryan's election in November.

EDWARD GALLAGHER.



THEY MUST RECKON WITH THE GOOD SENSE OF THE PEOPLE.

Police Court—Pickman, J.

Of the five drunks that appeared before Judge Pickman in Police court this forenoon four were fined $1 and one $5.

Mary A. Massey and Annie Herson, charged with assault and battery upon Marie Carelle, were both held in $200 until tomorrow for trial.

Joseph Connelly and Thos. Barnfarther, who were both arrested in Tyngsboro last evening on suspicion of breaking and entering the Gaudlate residence in Middlesex Village, both pleaded not guilty and their case was continued for trial until Aug. 18.

John Emmett was charged with malicious mischief in breaking to pieces a stove belonging to Lizzie de L'Tolle.

He is the individual who shot the woman about a year ago in Nashua because of a quarrel on misunderstanding that they had. The present trouble was over the return of a ring which the complainant, is said, refused to give the defendant. Emmett asked for a continuance of three days in order to obtain counsel but he was granted until Wednesday next. John Mack withdrew his approval and took his sentence for drunkenness. Several similar cases came up for consideration. State Agent Hull being present in behalf of the offenders.

Reducing the Death Rate.

Never in the memory of the oldest inhabitant has there been experienced such a protracted spell of hot weather attended with so many fatalities, but many of whom could have been prevented if they had only fortified themselves in time with Lowell's great king of cure-alls, the celebrated Dow's Cholera Mixture. It veritably goes without saying that this excellent and indispensable household remedy has saved more lives than any other medicinal compound in the pharmacetical list for it is decidedly the best known to materia medica and a preparation which proprietors have such great confidence that they make the standing, and stereotyped offer of "No cure, no pay." If you have not a bottle in your household get one at once and be prepared for any emergency and at the same time save large doctor's bills.

That Tired Feeling

Makes you seem "all broken up," without life, ambition, energy or appetite. It is often the forerunner of serious illness, or the accompaniment of nervous troubles. It is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is therefore apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING

is the Lager and Ale's that are to be had at McPadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McPadden's Wine rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

42 CHURCH STREET.

EMERALDS WERE DEFEATED

SOUTH ENDS FINALLY WIN FROM THEM.

Large Crowd Witnesses a Good Game at the Fair Grounds—Murphy's Phenomenal Play—Base Ball Meeting and Other Items.

For once in a long time the Emeralds lost a game to the South Ends yesterday at the Fair grounds about 600 people being present.

The game was well played though the Emeralds couldn't get in hits at the right time.

Manager Kane and his little brother did some of the greatest contortionistic acts ever seen on a ball field and it was fun to watch them.

It was also interesting to watch Kane play center field for the Emeralds. He attempts plays that no other fielder would attempt and covers more ground than any outfielder in the league.

Dan Murphy made the prettiest catch of a wild throw and subsequent throw to second catching a runner that has been seen this season.

Lynch umpired a good game overlooking one play.

Rourk started in to pitch the game but at the end of the fifth Manager Donovan replaced him with McCarthy. The score:

SOUTH ENDS.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Dolan, 3	5	2	1	1	2	2	0
Ball, 2b	5	3	3	3	5	1	0
Maguire, 1	3	2	2	3	12	0	2
Davis, c	4	0	1	1	5	2	1
Lenwigg, cf	5	0	2	2	2	0	1
McVey, rf	4	1	1	1	0	0	0
Festus, l	5	1	1	1	0	0	0
Moore, p	5	1	2	3	1	7	0
Lawler, ss	4	1	1	1	0	2	1
Totals	41	11	14	16	27	14	5

EMERALDS.

Carrigan, 1	5	1	2	2	6	0	0
Murphy, ss	5	1	1	1	2	3	1
E. Donovan, 2	4	1	0	0	2	1	1
Day, l	5	2	1	2	1	0	0
Connors, r	4	2	2	3	2	0	0
Dan Murphy, c	4	0	1	1	1	0	2
Kane, cf	4	0	1	1	3	0	1
Dan Murphy, c	3	0	0	0	10	1	0
Rourk, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
McCarthy, p	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	35	7	8	10	24	6	6

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
South Ends	0	2	2	1	1	3	0	X	—11
Emeralds	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	2	0—7

Earned runs, South Ends 4, Emeralds 1; two base hits, Maguire, Moore, Day, Connors; sacrifice hits, E. Donovan, Connors, Dan Murphy; stolen bases, South Ends 3, Emeralds 8; bases on balls, South Ends 6, Emeralds 5; hit by pitched ball, Davis; struck out by Moore 3, Rourk 2, McCarthy 6; wild pitches, Moore, Rourk; time, 2 hours, 30 minutes; umpire, Lynch; scorer, Daniel Manning.

The League Meeting.

The league held a meeting last evening at which all the managers except Day of the Florence club were present. Several matters were discussed.

It was voted not to drop the Wamesit and Emmet club games. Several other matters were discussed, during which bad blood cropped out. There was some talk of the Emeralds withdrawing, but nothing was done.

DISASTROUS MORNING FIRE

WEST BILLERICA PROPERTY SUCCUMBS TO FLAMES

House of Michael Harrington Burned by an Incendiary, Cattle Suffocated and Tons of Hay Consumed. Watchman Fell Asleep Allowing a Second Attempt to Destroy.

What proved a very serious fire, and supposed to be of incendiary origin, occurred at an early hour this morning in Billerica, on the road to Carlisle and about three miles from North Billerica.

About 3 o'clock Michael Harrington and family were aroused from their slumbers to find the barn enveloped in flames and the bellowing of cattle told only too well that the work of cremation was in progress and that many of the live stock were being consumed in the fiery furnace of death.

With great promptitude, however, six horses were saved, but 16 head of cattle became victims of the flames and were thoroughly consumed.

Word was at once sent to North Billerica for aid with a view of saving the dwelling house. The department of that place responded but owing to the long distance they were unable to prevent the house from destruction. Besides the cattle and farm implements 50 tons of hay were consumed and much of the household goods were destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been set, for an attempt was made on the barn only a short time ago and being discovered in the nick of time was put out. Ever since a sentinel had been placed on duty and was stationed there last night but he fell asleep and was aroused from his slumber by the blaze. The loss is estimated at $3500, partially insured in a Concord Company and through the H. C. Church agency of this city.

FUNERALS.

MELLEN.—The funeral of Harry Mellen will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock from residence, 233 Fayette street.

Just what the doctor ordered for this warm weather, crash, linen and pique skirts, lawn wrappers and shirt waists. Grand sale now in progress at Chris Holmes' store, 124 and 126 Merrimack street.

2 O'CLOCK

SEN. JONES' PLAN

For Overcoming Lack of Harmony.

HE WOULD NOT REMOVE BACK-SLIDERS.

Will Make Additions to Principal Committee.

New York, Aug. 14.—Following closely the visit of a large delegation of Pennsylvania men to Mr. Bryan yesterday, Chairman Jones sent out a telegram that James Kerr of Clearfield would be a proper man to elect as chairman, in place of Mr. Wright, resigned. The Harrity men did not believe it, and had a candidate of their own, Colonel Spangler. Late in the afternoon a telegram from Harrisburg related that Mr. Spangler would be elected. It is said that Chairman Jones then answered back that if Kerr was not chosen he would resort to the power conferred upon him and would remove Harrity from the national committee and appoint Kerr. Senator Jones was shown a dispatch relating to this story by a press representative. He read it through carefully, and then positively declined to talk.

"Is the statement untrue?" he was asked.

"I do not care to talk," he answered somewhat sharply.

"May we say, then, that it is true?"

"I have no time to talk about it, or bother with denying it," he answered, and retired to his room.

But he came out a few minutes later. He had just received a telegram, saying that Gorman, in whose favor Spangler had retired, had been elected over Kerr, thus giving the victory to the Harrity people. It is said that then Senator Jones made the assertion that all national committeemen who did not take an active part in the campaign would be ousted from the committee.

The refusal of Senator Jones to either affirm or deny that the statement was made by him puts the matter in a curious light.

A friend of Harrity's, and the New York state committeeman, Sheehan, said, when the matter was mentioned: "I don't think that Senator Jones is so lacking in political knowledge as to make that statement. The fact is that he cannot remove any member of the national committee, and it is a question whether the committee itself can do that. The national committee is not a legislative body, and it is not a judge of its members on their qualifications. The only way a member can be removed is by the state committee from his home state. Senator Jones has made a mistake."

Later in the night, a friend of Senator Jones consented to tell what may really be the plan of the national chairman in disciplining the alleged obstinate members of the committee. He said: "I think that Chairman Jones' attitude has been misconstrued in this matter. He will not, as has been stated, attempt to remove the members from New York, Connecticut and Pennsylvania, who have not taken any part in our proceedings. But he will do this: The chairman, in making up his campaign and executive committees, was given power to select persons outside of the national committee. The states of New York, Connecticut and Pennsylvania will be represented on these committees, but not by their national committeemen. James Kerr will probably be chosen for Pennsylvania, Alex. Troupe for Connecticut, and probably William Sulzer for New York, although the latter matter may be left upon until the New York state Democratic convention meets. That may be set down as Mr. Jones' present plan."

Chairman Jones sent word last night to all the newspaper men that he had not yet prepared his committee lists fully. In the meantime, the matter of selection of a national headquarters city remains unsettled, but it is conceded that Washington stands the best chance of obtaining it.

Holman Won't Withdraw.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 14.—At a meeting of the Democratic county committee yesterday, it was voted unanimously to ask C. Vey Holman of South Thomaston to withdraw from the Knox county ticket, on which he stands as candidate for state senator. The reason given for this is that Mr. Holman has repudiated the action of the Chicago convention, and is not in sympathy with the county Democrats. He was officially notified of what had been done, but refused point blank to withdraw.

Jones Thinks It Fine.

New York, Aug. 14.—James K. Jones, chairman of the national committee, says: "It was a strong, clear and statesmanlike speech. It clearly set out the interest of the masses and of society in the success of the Democratic ticket. It was so simple that the humblest citizen will read it with pleasure. It was so just that even an opponent cannot successfully criticise it. It is a fine campaign document."

Holman Issues a Call.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 14.—C. V. Holman, Maine's member of the Democratic national committee, issued a call for a mass convention of sound money Democrats at Portland, Aug. 20, for the purpose of nominating delegates to the Indianapolis convention and an electoral ticket.

Adverse Criticism.

New York, Aug. 14.—Anent the speech made by Mr. Bryan, the New York Sun says: A great frost descended on the garden. The New York Tribune says: The expected flight of eloquence was a waste of words. The New York Press says: Bryan cleaned out the garden.

British Press Comments.

London, Aug. 14.—The evening newspapers here reproduce copious extracts from Mr. Bryan's speech at Madison Square Garden, Wednesday evening. The Pall Mall Gazette has a column leading editorial on the subject, headed: "The Bubble Burst Itself," and saying: His managers have discovered that it is unsafe to estimate him at more than 80 cents to the dollar, concluding with the remark that the gold standard may breathe freely.

The St. James Gazette, referring to the income tax feature of the speech, says: If Mr. Bryan collides with the supreme court, he will frighten away more citizens than he would by fiscal or economic excesses.

The New York correspondent of the Daily News, in a dispatch to that paper to be published today, says: "A more complete and humiliating failure than Mr. Bryan's was never seen in our politics."

The Times says: Opinions differ as to whether Mr. Bryan has improved his chances of election by putting his socialistic views in the background, but the reports of the speech and of the character of the meeting, so far received, are not precise enough to enable observers at a distance to adopt decided views.

Hounding the Laureda.

Philadelphia, Aug. 14.—It is stated in this city that the Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes has started northward, along the Atlantic coast, in quest of the Laureda. The filibuster sailed a week ago, bearing a portion of one of the best equipped expeditions that has gone to the insurgents' aid. The Reina Mercedes was in the vicinity of Jacksonville Wednesday. Should the report be true that she is coming north, no doubt exists that the warship will keep scrupulously outside the three mile limit; what she could do would be to dog the Laureda until the steamer had to put into some port, where a charge of filibustering might be made out against her.

Diamond Thief Owns Up.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Aug. 14.—Irving Marks, the notorious diamond robber, confessed last night to Sheriff Clark at Kingston, that all the diamonds found in his effects at the Revere House were stolen property, and he also gave the sheriff the names of the owners of much of it. Marks also confessed to a large robbery of jewelry at the Craymore, in Atlantic City, on July 13. Two watches, stolen by Marks and pawned in Newport, were recovered yesterday.

Lynn's Labor Demonstration.

Lynn, Mass., Aug. 14.—The labor organizations held a demonstration and parade here last night, with 3000 men in line. It was an expression of sympathy for the locked out lasters and those who came out on a sympathetic strike. The features of the parade were a number of illuminated banners, bearing comments on the Plant trouble. A mass meeting was held on the common, attended by about 20,000 people. Walter L. Ramsdell presided, and the speakers, besides him, were John F. Tobin, Rev. Herbert N. Casson and Frank Thompson. There was a general condemnation of the attitude of Mr. Plant. His position was declared to be arrogant and unjustifiable. It was declared that the war had already had its effect on Mr. Plant, and that it would continue. The statement presented by the firm was denounced as incorrect, and many of its alleged inaccuracies were pointed out.

Death of Sir John Millais.

London, Aug. 14.—Sir John Millais, the distinguished painter, president of the Royal academy, died at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. On May 10 last he underwent the operation of tracheotomy for the relief of cancer of the throat, and never fully rallied from its effects. Sir John Everett Millais was born at Southampton in 1829. His end was painless. The queen, Prince and Princess of Wales and the Duke and Duchess of York have telegraphed their condolences, and many messages have been received from Europe and America. All the morning papers have editorials pointing out the incalculable loss to British art, and the difficulty which the Royal academy will find in selecting a worthy successor.

Robbed Her Employers.

Boston, Aug. 14.—Police officials are congratulating themselves over the arrest, yesterday, of Mabel Fraser, 38 years old, a domestic, formerly employed by J. S. Gordon of Beacon street. Some time ago Mr. Gordon missed two valuable diamond rings and two silver tea spoons, and suspicion fell upon the domestic. On searching her trunk several thousand dollars' worth of jewelry, silverware and clothing was found. Several articles have been identified by former employers of the girl. Miss Fraser came from Augusta, Me. She was formerly a telegraph operator, but losing her position she secured employment as a domestic.

A Visitor From Cuba.

Boston, Aug. 14.—Captain L. Prado, a Cuban officer, arrived here yesterday from Jamaica on the fruit steamer Ethelred, on his way to New York, with documents for the Cuban junta. Captain Prado and a companion report being chased by a Spanish gunboat while going from Cuba to Jamaica in a small boat into Dry harbor, near Falmouth. The British officials held them for violation of the quarantine rules, and refused to surrender them to the Spanish officers, who demanded them. On being released, Captain Prado left for the United States.

The Moore Brothers' Difficulty.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—The Chicago news bureau says:—An important alteration has been made in the Diamond Match trustees' agreement. The change will permit the Moore Bros. to retain control of their property, and allow them to deal direct with the brokers who have claims against them. It is believed that the Moores will settle their obligations with the members of the Exchange by paying one-half of the obligations in cash and the remainder in notes, running for one year.

Butchers' Boycotts.

Denver, Aug. 14.—The National Retail Butchers' Protective association, now holding its annual convention in this city, has decided to enforce the boycott previously ordered against all meats handled by the Armour Packing company. It was unanimously resolved to continue the fight made on New York city department stores which sell meats.

Too Much Whisky.

Cleveland, Aug. 14.—Wholesale liquor dealers from all parts of the country will meet in this city on Aug. 31, to organize a National Liquor Dealers' association. It is stated that a capital of $100,000,000 will be represented at the meeting. The chief object of the convention will be to devise plans to prevent overproduction of whisky.

Won by Cambridge Man.

Saratoga, Aug. 14.—In the final heat of the senior singles of the regatta of the National Amateur Rowing association yesterday, Joe Whitehead of the Riverside Boat club of Cambridge, Mass., won

About everything necessary for vacation, you'll find here and of the right kinds.

Macintosh coats, warranted waterproof, with or without cape, $5 to $15.

Light weight overcoats, covert or regular lengths, $8 to $20.

Several new shapes Fall Derbys in blacks and browns.

Bicycle suits, caps and hose.

Outing suits and shirts.

Soft and starched shirts.

Bathing suits.

And a dress suit case to carry the whole outfit in.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

BASE BALL.

In the postoffice department are three veterans of the base ball field, John Enright and Michael Doyle formerly of the old Lowells and "Al." Ashworth, the crack second baseman of the famous Bartlett team which so well represented the Spindle City in the days of "Auld Lang Syne."

It is stated that base ball on the water is one of the attractions to be offered at the Vesper regatta. It is played with nine men in canoes, the catcher stands on a float. The batter whacks a large ball with a broom, if he can, and then dives overboard and swims to first base, another canoe. The sport comes in trying to steal bases, the diving taking the place of sliding.

Here is what the Philadelphia papers say of Billy Gallagher of this city:

If the Philadelphia club is looking for a right-handed shortstop they might do well to give Gallagher of the Wilmington club, a trial. He handles himself very well and is a good batsman.

Gallagher, the Wilmington shortstop, is a good man, some of the stops he makes are wonderful.

Games Yesterday.

At Boston—New York, 10; Boston, 7.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Washington, 5.
At Chicago—Cincinnati, 7; Chicago, 0.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Baltimore, 2.
Baltimore, 19; Brooklyn, 3.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 22; Fall River, 5.
At Pawtucket—Brockton, 12; Pawtucket, 6.
At Augusta—Augusta, 4; Lewiston, 0.
At Bangor—Bangor, 11; Portland, 8.

PERSONAL.

Miss Katie F. Fitzpatrick and Miss Nora A. Moore are spending two weeks' vacation at Lynn beach.

Officer John Buchanan, Sergeant Hugh Downey and Officer Martin Connors are sojourning along the Maine seacoast.

Fred Barney, the well known Middlesex street grocer, is enjoying a sojourn in the Pine Tree state with his friends. Mr. David Sullivan of the same establishment an wife have returned from their visit to Old Orchard.

Mr. Clarence O. Esterbrook of Hazeltine street, and a popular member of Company M, Ninth Regiment, of this city, have as guests his mother, sister and niece from Vermont. Prior to their departure home they intend to visit points of interest in the old Bay State.

A WOMAN WRITER'S ESCAPE.

Suspected of Being a Cuban Emissary, She Has an Exciting Adventure.

Miss Cecilia Charles has arrived in New York from Havana, from whence she escaped with some difficulty, as the authorities desired to detain her. Miss Charles is known as a writer on Spanish-American topics and an ardent sympathizer with the Cuban insurrection. She went to Havana about two months ago with the object of studying the situation in the western part of the island. She carried with her letters of introduction to some of the best families in Cuba and accordingly had a most cordial reception. After spending two weeks in Havana she took a trip to the country to see the famous trocha, where she met General Zayas, who has just been reported killed, and with whom she had a very interesting interview.

On her return to Havana Miss Charles spent a day in the Cabanas prison. There she visited the Competitor prisoners and encountered various interesting experiences. As a result of her activity the authorities became suspicious, and an order was issued for her detention as an emissary of the revolutionary party in the United States. Miss Charles succeeded in evading the order of arrest by escaping from the rear of a house in the suburbs of Havana, walking many miles in a blazing sun without food or drink for 24 hours, not having had time to even change her clothing when she sailed.

There are many grades of coal and you want the best. W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, will give you the benefit of his experience if you order your winter supply of him.

FOR RENT

Nothing better than the New Stedman Tenements on Glidden Ave. and Marginal street. Rents low.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

John H. Harrington, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

The greatest general in the field today is General Humility.

Samuel A. Winslow of Worcester is a candidate for the office of lieutenant governor on the republican ticket. He will have several opponents.

There is a cloud over the business of the country, but like every cloud this one has a silver lining. When the clouds pass by, the lining will be found to be free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The watering cart man should be out early and late these days, regardless of the wishes of the bicycle fiend. We don't all ride bicycles, but we do pay for watering the streets. The watering cart is quite a stranger in some sections. We would like to see it down our way once in a while.

The principal occupation of some republican editors seems to be to manufacture rows in the democratic organizations, and to put bogus candidates in the field for every office. The democrats, however, have learned to take with a grain of salt everything they see concerning their party in the republican and so-called non-partisan papers. The republicans have rows enough in their own party if they would only attend to them. The democrats are able to look after their own affairs.

The mortality in this city during the heated period, while not as high as in other cities was still alarmingly high. Would it not be well when the weather is so intolerably hot, to suspend work in places where artificial heat adds to the tortures of the weather? It has been done in several other cities but we have not heard of any such announcement on the part of local employers of labor. In these dull times a brief shut-down would seem to do no great commercial harm, particularly if it saves life. No one should be asked to work at the risk of his very existence. The fatalities that have already occurred should be a warning that some employers might heed.

THE NEED OF FREE BATHS.

These hot days are the most convincing arguments in favor of public baths. These are the days when the baths would be worth many times their cost. It seems a pity with all our other extravagances that the city cannot afford to start even a limited system of public bath houses. Physicians agree that it would assist materially in reducing mortality and be largely conducive to the general health of the community.

The way the boys have to dodge into the rivers and canals, and dodge out at the approach of policemen to escape arrest is almost pitiful. A dog can go in bathing in Lowell to save his life, but a man cannot without running the risk of imprisonment. This shows the need of the free bath houses as proposed by the committee of the city council the early part of the present year. We are behind other cities in this matter and it is not to our credit. We are told that additional loans will be necessary later on in the year. If this is so why would it not be a good plan to make even a small appropriation to start the public bath system. If it is ever started it will no doubt become so popular that the people will demand its continuance and enlargement.

BRYAN'S SPEECH.

Bryan's speech at the notification meeting Wednesday night was a masterpiece of argument and oratory. He demolished every statement made by the gold men, and proved conclusively that our financial system is wrong, and that we are going from bad to worse. He sounded the keynote of the campaign, and gave a public warning that should be heeded by all thinking men. As he says, we have not reached the lowest notch of business depression which is possible under the single gold standard. Is it not therefore the duty of patriotic citizens to vote for a change in our monetary system? Is it not their duty to demand that we go back to the old standard under which the country prospered?

It needs very little argument to show any thinking man that we are at present at the mercy of a few bondholders and money lenders who can corner the money of the country and lower the price of goods at their pleasure. This of itself shows that a change is necessary. When a few men can go into a back room and cripple the business of a great nation, there is something wrong with its monetary system.

Let us have a change; let us return to the free and unlimited coinage of silver; the money of the constitution, the dollar of our fathers--the honest dollar.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

THE BARREL IS NOW OPEN

$20,000,000 ON TAP TO ELECT McKINLEY.

All Forms of Monopoly Contribute to the Fund—Silver and Harbor Ring Subscribe to the Republican Campaign. Canal Donation to Democrats Withheld—Rockefeller Gives a Political "Object Lesson" to the Lake Superior Miners.

Wall street has gone deep into its purse and has supplied the Hanna syndicate with money to an extent never before known in a political campaign, and the stream has only begun to flow, says the New York Journal.

Some time previous to the appearance of Mr. Hanna in the metropolis a member of the sound money committee of the chamber of commerce stated that $2,000,000 would be subscribed by Wall street men. The amount already pledged is far in excess of this sum. By tenants of the Mills building alone $1,000,000 was subscribed. Among those in this building who are said to have given liberally are D. O. Mills, C. P. Huntington, H. McK. Twombly, J. Pierpont Morgan, Henry Clews and the banking houses of I. & S. Wormser and J. & W. Seligman.

Mr. Hanna has made a practice of taking luncheon at the Lawyers' club in the Equitable building. It is convenient for the Wall street financiers to go there, and every day they surrounded the boss, extending encouragement and making promises of money.

Fully $10,000,000 of Wall street money has been pledged already. Of this large amounts have already been paid to Cornelius N. Bliss, the treasurer of the fund. A prominent banker in the street said recently that $20,000,000 might be necessary to elect Mr. McKinley, and if needed it would be forthcoming.

While a great deal of the money which has gone from Wall street is given in the names of individuals, many of these subscriptions are authorized by various corporations in which the donors are interested. This is the case with electric light and gas companies and various street and railroad companies whose owners fear ultimate municipal ownership of this class of property. Many of the traction magnates, both Republicans and gold standard Democrats, have fallen over each other in their haste to subscribe to the Republican campaign fund.

Previous to the action of the chamber of commerce in turning its literature over to the regular Republican campaign committee there was considerable talk in Wall street of a committee of bankers and financiers who would raise a fund and prosecute an independent sound money canvass. When, at the dictation of Mr. Bliss, the chamber of commerce ostensibly went out of the campaign business, the argument was that it would be inexpedient for Wall street to take a stand in a campaign which had become practically a war of ballots between the masses and the moneyed classes.

The committee appointed by the Union League club to solicit campaign subscriptions contains practically the same men as would have appeared in a regular Wall street campaign organization. In fact, it is stated by those who are familiar with the formation of the Union League committee, that it was the direct result of the original movement among the Wall street men for a money raising committee.

It is stated that the river and harbor ring, which is the most notorious and powerful of all the Washington lobbies, has given its usual subscription to the Republican campaign, but has withheld a like amount from the Democratic. It has been the custom for this ring to give to both parties alike, to be in command whichever won. The only money which the river and harbor ring will spend for Democratic candidates will be in congressional districts, where it will seek the election or re-election of men whom it knows it can control.

While the moneyed men of Wall street are counting out the dollars to prosecute the campaign they are not slow in giving "object lessons," which they always explain are "all due to the silver agitation." The last of this sort of political "object lesson" has just been given by the iron company of which Mr. Rockefeller is the head, in closing down the mines in the Gogebic range, in the Lake Superior district. The workmen in the Tilden mine were thrown out of employment on July 31.

The day previous, C. T. Rand, president of the company, notified the managers at the mines that the work would stop the following day. In this telegram he says, "They now find it impossible to sell their pig iron product because the agitation in favor of free silver has stopped investments in enterprises which would otherwise enable them to operate their works as usual."

The Republican platform virtually says bimetallism is a good thing, and we will try to persuade other nations to adopt it. The Democratic platform says bimetallism is a good thing, and we mean to adopt it ourselves.

The Difference.

The world knows where Bryan stands. The political syndicate alone knows where McKinley stands.

The Republican campaign has begun in earnest with the clink of the dollar, the lash of the party whip and the cry of "anarchy."

England Cannot Pay In Gold.

Even in England, the home of the gold standard, its monetary system would not exist if 5 per cent of those promises in gold should be demanded at any time.

When Reed Was Most Convincing.

Tom Reed's short speeches in opposition to McKinley's nomination were more entertaining and convincing than his labored efforts in favor of election.

The Best Money.

We deny that the best money is the money of the greatest purchasing power. If that were the case, then the greater the purchasing power the more valuable would be the money, and the dollar which would buy three bushels of wheat would be better than the dollar that would buy two bushels of wheat, and so on ad infinitum. If this were the best money, and, as your monetary school would have us believe, is for the best interests of the whole people, then the tendency would be to have the money get better and better and the purchasing power of the dollar get larger and larger, because good money, from your definition, lies in the direction of greatest purchasing power. We deny this; every honest American denies it; every toiler denies it; every man who is willing to give value received for what he gets denies it, and only the selfishness of the men who have money or who have contracts in the shape of bonds and mortgages which call for money and those living upon fixed incomes have ever maintained that an increasing standard, like the law of 1873 fastened upon this country, is good money or is honest money.—George P. Hummer to Millionaire Steinway.

Blaine on Silver.

Speaking of the demonetization of silver by the act of 1873, James G. Blaine, the great successful leader of the Republican party for so many years, in the senate, Feb. 7, 1878, said:

"I believe gold and silver coin to be the money of the constitution—indeed the money of the American people anterior to the constitution which the great organic law recognized as quite independent of its own existence. No power was conferred on congress to declare that either metal should not be money. Congress has therefore, in my judgment, no power to demonetize silver any more than to demonetize gold—no power to demonetize either than to demonetize both. If, therefore, silver has been demonetized, I am in favor of remonetizing it. If its coinage has been prohibited, I am in favor of ordering it to be resumed; if it has been restricted I am in favor of having it enlarged. In logic and legal construction it would be difficult to show where and why the power of congress over silver is greater than over gold, greater over either than over the two."

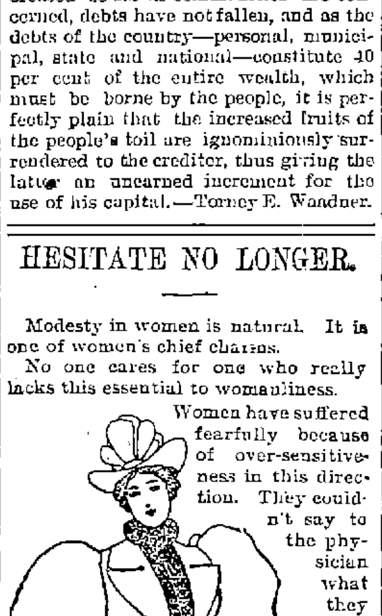
Prices and Debts.

The argument so often made that decreased prices must necessarily follow increased production is not tenable, although no one denies that if the price of shoes, for instance, decreases the money so received will have a correspondingly greater purchasing power in other commodities. But this will not do, for, although its purchasing power is increased so far as commodities are concerned, debts have not fallen, and as the debts of the country—personal, municipal, state and national—constitute 40 per cent of the entire wealth, which must be borne by the people, it is perfectly plain that the increased fruits of the people's toil are ignominiously surrendered to the creditor, thus giving the latter an unearned increment for the use of his capital.—Torney E. Wandner.

HESITATE NO LONGER.

Modesty in women is natural. It is one of women's chief charms.

No one cares for one who really lacks this essential to womanliness.



Women have suffered fearfully because of over-sensitiveness in this direction. They couldn't say to the physician what they ought to say to someone. Mrs. Pinkham has received the confidence of thousands. Women open their hearts to her. She understands their suffering, and has the power to relieve and cure.

In nearly all cases the source of women's suffering is in the womb. In many cases the male physician does not understand the case and treats the patient for consumption—indigestion—anything but the right thing.

It is under such circumstances that thousands of women have turned to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and opened their heart and lives—woman to woman—and received her help.

You ask how she can tell if the doctor cannot? Because no man living ever treated so many cases and possesses such vast experience.

Displacement, inflammation, torpid action, stagnation, sends to all parts of the body the pains that crush you.

Lydia E. Pinkham's "Vegetable Compound" is the sure cure for this trouble. For twenty years it has done its grand work and cured thousands.

THE ONLY True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Therefore get Hood's and **ONLY HOOD'S.**

SUNBEAMS.

A Common Phrase Pictured.

A COUNTER IRRITANT. —Truth.

Josephine's a Flirt.

When at home she meets me,
Joyously she greets me;
Once she even kissed me,
Made believe she missed me.
Still I must assert
Josephine's a flirt.

For, when next I found her—
Other men around her—
"Cut me dead," and, laughing,
Set the crowd to chaffing.
Hence I must assert:
Josephine's a flirt.

She's my neighbor's baby;
Will outgrow it, maybe,
But methinks at twenty
Men there'll be a-plenty
Who will still assert
Josephine's a flirt.
—Clarence Ousley in Texas Sifter.

An Ammunition Pie.

"Is this an ammunition pie, ma'am?" asked young Mr. Fledgely as he raised the upper crust.

"An ammunition pie, Mr. Fledgely?" repeated the landlady. "I don't know what you mean by that. This is a huckleberry pie."

"Oh," said young Mr. Fledgely as he replaced the cover, "these are huckleberries, are they? I thought it was loaded with bird shot."

"Men have got shot for less than that," said Mr. Billings.

"Or half shot," said the landlady, "with a very small load."

Then everybody looked at young Mr. Fledgely and that facetious young man actually blushed.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Exemplifying a Proverb.

"Did you ever go to war, boss?" inquired a traveler of a farmer.

"No, sir. I have enough to do looking after hogs."

"Thank heaven," fervently ejaculated the traveler.

"What for?" asked the astonished granger.

"Because I have at last met the man who really believes that 'the pen is mightier than the sword.'"—Texas Sifter.

A Literary Surprise.

"Who would a-thought it!" exclaimed the old man rapturously. "Here's John turned out to be a writer for the papers."

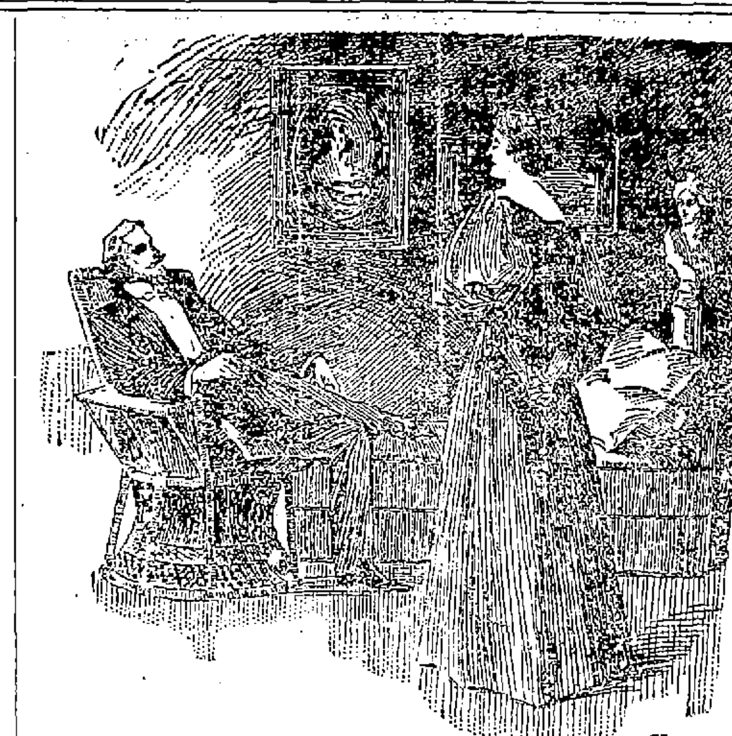
"Do tell!"

"Hit's a fact! Here's a paper what says he sells bacon cheaper an cheaper, an they jest can't beat him on flour, an his name signed to the whole piece!"—Atlanta Constitution.

A Trick of the Trade.

Dick—But how do you know he is a sign painter?

Harry—Because he wrote a sentence in which there were six apostrophes, and he got every single one of them in the wrong position.—Boston Transcript.



He: "'Man proposes'—what's the rest of that quotation?"

She: "Woman accepts."

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE **OLD 64 CIGAR** H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

YOU'RE THE JUDGE AND JURY

In this case and the question is simply this: We claim that we have the best and the most up-to-date stock of Furnishings for gentlemen to be found in this vicinity, including the new Hats in fall styles, and your opinion would be highly esteemed. Just drop in and look them over.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street. Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

LOWELL **RENDERING CO.**

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 582-4.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props. No. 201 Charles Street.

DIET

For convalescents and invalids; for children or for people with weak digestion must be carefully prepared from the most wholesome ingredients. For such cooking, Cottolene proves invaluable. It imparts a delicate flavor to the food, making it at once palatable and healthful.

Cottolene

is undoubtedly the best cooking material ever produced. Get the genuine.

Look for the Cottolene trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, Boston, Portland, Me., New York.

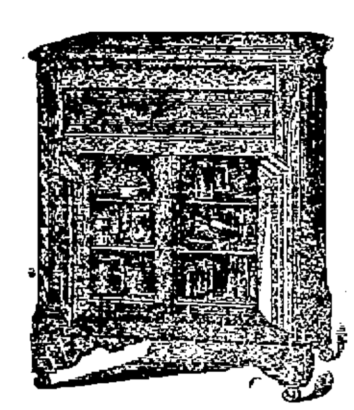
PAVONIA BEER

We are now drawing this Beer direct from our large refrigerator and claim it is as good, if not better than any Lager sold in Lowell.

BASS' ALE and SMITH'S PHILADELPHIA ALE ON DRAUGHT

CHARLES H. JOYCE, 9 and 15 Middle St.

Refrigerators and Ice Chests



Are no longer considered a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a household necessity, the purchase of a first class, honestly made one being a source of economy rather than expense.

We can show you the finest line and the only genuine cleanable refrigerators sold in Lowell. Examine them and you will be convinced of this fact. Prices from

$5.50 UPWARD.

Latest patterns in Carpets, Lace Curtains and Upholstery Goods. Upholstering done in a reliable manner by experienced workmen. A fine line of first class Household Goods always in stock and our prices are the very lowest.

GOOKIN BROS.

66 Prescott Street.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S

279 DUTTON STREET.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

14 inch

TURKEY DUSTER

For 25 Cents.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

WHO IS IN LUCK?

The people who buy their fresh pies, bread, cakes, rolls, cookies, doughnuts, etc., of us, and keep away from the hot stove, live well, keep cool and happy and are lucky. Our market contains fresh vegetables and fruits from our best farms around Lowell. Come in our stores and look around at our choice assortment of eatables.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

415 MIDDLESEX STREET. 28 THORNDIKE STREET.

Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

NEW ENGLAND BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

FALL TERM BEGINS AUGUST 31st.

CLICK & YOUNG. Runel's Bld.

Refresh Yourself

With a

Mint Julep

Made in the most correct fashion at

JOHN M. PEVEY'S

55-57 MIDDLE ST.

"GLEN FOREST."

Fare From Lowell 10c.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 10.

Every afternoon and Evening.

STAGE SHOW BY

UNTHAN

The Armless Wonder! and First Class Vaudeville Artists.

Afternoons, Balloon Ascensions and Parachute Leaps by

MONS. ROBERTO,

THE METEOR OF THE SKY

Beautiful and Romantic Voyage to the Clouds, and a Terrible Parachute Dive. The Very Acme of Daring and Thrilling Adventure.

LAKEVIEW PARK

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 10.

An Event in American Amusements. New, Novel and Strikingly Majestic,

Presented with the most splendid, elaborate, costly and resplendent effects, Regal Wardrobe and Lavish Decorations.

GORMAN'S IMPERIAL JAPANESE TROUPE.

Presenting the Pastimes, Games and Sports of the Flowery Kingdom; Oriental Pictures of the Land of Enchantment, and Scenes from Mikado's Royal Circus, forming in its entirety the

GREATEST OUTDOOR ATTRACTION EVER PRESENTED IN THIS COUNTRY.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

WEEK OF AUG. 10.

Fourth week of the successful

WESTON-REIMER COMEDY CO.

and big production of the greatest laugh producer in 3 acts entitled

"NITA'S FIRST,"

or "Where is the Baby?"

Prices, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents.

Secure Reserved Seats at Leed's ticket agency, Runel's building.

Evening performances at 8 o'clock. Matinees Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Next week, fifth week and production of "OLD UNCLE JOHN."

Lowell and Haverhill to Salisbury Beach.

On and After Aug. 1st

STEAMER MERRIMAC

Will leave Haverhill for Salisbury, (weather permitting) at 9.30 a. m. daily (and 2 p. m. daily except Monday.)

Electric cars leave Lowell for Haverhill to connect with the Steamer at 7 and 7.30 m. daily, (and 12 a. m. daily except Monday."

Popular Excursion every afternoon except Monday. Special round trip tickets good for the afternoon only, 25c.

Cheapest and best route to the shore. Special rates to parties of 25 or more.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill, 15 Merrimack Street.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue. Telephone Number 174-4.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST

WANT COLUMN.

INFORMATION WANTED of Richard Fair, cotton spinner, left Bolton, England, 23 years ago, was last heard from in Lowell 3 years ago. Please address his daughter Clara Fair, care of Mrs. Flower, Hedley ave., Central Falls, R. I.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

LOST—A clustered diamond ring. The finder will receive a liberal reward by returning the same to the Sun office.

FOUND—A gold watch, on Middlesex street, Saturday. Owner can recover same by proving property. Apply to George Short, 44 Rock street.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, good cottage house of 7 rooms, all modern improvements, large shed. Price $2250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—In a good location, good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land. Price $975. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—8 miles from Lowell, good farm of 17 acres of land, good set of buildings, lots of fruit, 1-2 mile from post office; store and church, on easy terms. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—A nice business for a lady near old post office, old established place, pays well, must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—On Appleton street, a nice place with all modern improvements; this is your chance, call for particulars. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—7-room cottage house, large lot of land, 8 minutes' walk from mills. This is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

New Cottage House $1500

One nice new cottage house of seven rooms, bath, pantry, etc. 3000 square feet of land, graded and fenced, 1200 feet to school and electrics, near new Moody street bridge. Will sell on easy terms, $10 per month. Come quick.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 23A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

STOP AND THINK,

Vain Regrets usually follow hasty actions.

Is it cheaper to get a cheap job cheap than to get a good job done at a reasonable price?

Good work at reasonable prices has built up our business.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Builders and Repairers.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

DAVIS AND Nickerson

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

443 Gorham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

SCOTT & O'DAY,

Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers

Steam, Gas and Water Piping.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

54 APPLETON STREET.

Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

2 O'CLOCK

MANY PERISHED

In the Great Flood Near Pittsburg.

SEVERAL HOUSES WERE FAIRLY CARRIED AWAY.

People Barely Escaped With Their Lives.

Pittsburg, Aug. 14.—A great rainstorm burst over this city and vicinity yesterday, deluging territory of several miles in area, swelling streams into torrents, sweeping away bridges and buildings and sending a score or more of souls into eternity. The storm came from the southwest, and great banks of dark, angry clouds hovered over Pittsburg and surrounding country, turning daylight into darkness and striking terror to the hearts of the inhabitants. Suddenly the clouds burst asunder, and the rain fell in sheets. The greatest damage is reported from the Pine Creek valley, a few miles north of this city, but definite reports of the loss of life and property are coming in slowly. First reports placed the number of lives lost at six, but it is now believed that no less than 20 persons have perished in the flood. Pine creek has overflowed its banks, and from the little hamlet of Dehaven, in the wild woods, the greatest damage is reported. Information was received at the coroner's office that six lives were lost at Dehaven. From other sources come reports of fatalities along Pine creek, but confirmation of these is difficult. Dehaven is an oil town, of several hundred inhabitants. The bridge across Pine creek at this point was carried away by the flood, and the creek was soon filled with oil tanks, houses, barns and other drift, which indicated a heavy total loss to the neighborhood. The creek flows through Etna, another suburb, and at this point Main street was flooded to the depth of six feet. Residents all along the banks of the creek were forced to flee from their houses to the hillsides for safety. A whole family, named Appleton, occupying a house on the banks of Pine creek, were wiped out.

Mrs. Thomas Byrnes was caught in the flood and drowned. The station at Etna is submerged. The body of Mrs. Thompson of Sharpsburg was recovered from the river.

The water completely submerged Sprang & Chalfant's mill, and rose so rapidly that the men who were at work at the time were compelled to swim for their lives. The men in the foundry of Walter, Walker & Co. had also great difficulty in escaping. All work was suspended.

One of the peculiarities of the storm in Pine Creek, aside from its severity, was that it was unaccompanied by thunder and lightning. It came very quickly, and with no warning whatever. The heavy rain lasted for fully three hours.

The cause of the storm can be directly attributed to the approach of the cool wave from the northwest. A heavy fog, which was mixed with smoke, hung over the city during the early morning. This was an indication of approaching trouble.

The total rainfall, up until 12 o'clock, amounted to 2.24 inches. In one hour the gauge at the weather bureau showed that the precipitation had amounted to 1.80 inches. The heavy rains seemed to keep well north of Pittsburg.

There must have been three or four inches of rain at Dehaven while it lasted, to cause so much damage. As a result of the heavy rains there will be a rapid rise in the rivers.

The storm in Pittsburg and Allegheny was one of the most severe of the year. The rainfall was very great, over two inches falling during the forenoon. Great damage was done by the water in various parts of the city. Streets were scattered with mud and debris, car lines were tied up and their tracks blockaded, and houses were flooded and rendered unsafe. The storm was specially felt at Butler street and in the vicinity of Sharpsburg.

A Terrible Record.

New York, Aug. 14.—A breeze was blowing at the torpid rate of 15 miles an hour from the northwest yesterday, but even under the improved conditions the dead from heat in New York city numbered 64, and the prostrations were 123. There were 374 death certificates issued by the health board for 24 houses at noon yesterday. Of these, 158 were for people who died from the effects of heat. The mortality among animals has been particularly great, the horses killed by heat yesterday numbering more than on any former day of the hot spell.

Times Sold at Auction.

New York, Aug. 14.—The New York Times was sold yesterday under order of court. The property was bid in by the reorganization committee, headed by Spencer Trask, for $138,000. The reorganization committee represents all the creditors and all but a small percentage of the stockholders. Under the new corporation Adolph Ochs of the Chattanooga Times will become the publisher and general manager.

Indians Captured the Town.

Washington, Aug. 14.—United States Consul Long, at Nogales, Mex., has telegraphed the state department the following brief account of the Indian uprising there: "Yaqui Indians took Nogales by surprise this morning (Wednesday) at 4 o'clock and held it two hours. Ten Yaquis killed one prisoner, and four Mexican guards were killed and two wounded.

Merely For Convenience.

Providence, Aug. 14.—At both the office of the Woonsocket Rubber company and the office of J. H. Bannigan, it is stated that no negotiation for a settlement is under way, but the listing of the attachment on the funds on deposit at the Rhode Island Hospital Trust company is merely a matter of convenience, to allow them to get at ready cash.

Captured In Portland.

Boston, Aug. 14.—Edward J. Howard, 55 years of age, who was formerly clerk of the old Merchants' Exchange here, and for whom a warrant had been issued, charging him with forgery of a note for $300 here, has been arrested at Portland, Me., and held for the Boston police.

FOR SWEDEN'S BIG SHOW

EXTENSIVE PREPARATION FOR THE EXPOSITION.

Four Countries Have Combined In Peaceful Rivalry—Superb Site Selected Near Stockholm—Also Celebrates Twenty-fifth Anniversary of King Oscar's Reign.

One of the leading events in Europe next summer will be the great Scandinavian exposition that opens in Stockholm, Sweden, next May, to continue until October.

For almost the first time in history the four northern countries—Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland—speaking a language in part resembling each other and having been historically connected, both as allies and foes, for more than 15 centuries, having a relationship in the folklore, traditions, poetry, music and all that distinguishes the descendants of the old Norsemen—stand united as one nation for a peaceful rivalry in arts, science and industry.

The distinguishing trait of the Scandinavian character is reflection, and the idea of this exposition, the greatest and most complete ever held in any of the European countries, with the exception of the Paris expositions, was first broached in 1870. For more than a quarter of a century it has been talked of and been the pet subject of royal rulers, artists, business men and the people at large. National jealousy and idiosyncrasy had to be overcome, a thousand and one objections arose, but finally every difficulty was smoothed over, plans and details agreed on, and the exposition, from the beauty of the buildings as they are now rapidly assuming form, their location and the enthusiasm shown by the nationalities interested, promises to be in every detail a brilliant success.

The influence of the World's fair at Chicago on the future expositions of a similar nature in Europe, in an architectural sense, can never be fully estimated. All the great expositions held since the World's fair closed or to take place in Europe, such as the Bordeaux, the Budapest, the Berlin, the Malmoe, the Swiss and now the Swedish exposition, show in their architectural and artistic planning a certain indescribable influence of the white dream city of 1893, while still adhering to the individual characteristics in art of each nationality.

At the exposition at Stockholm, instead of everything being under one roof, as has been the custom heretofore, every department has its separate building. The Manufactures and Industrial building will cover a space of 500 square feet, two of them to contain elevators. The other buildings, such as the Art palace, the Northern museum, Machinery hall, Fishery, Forest, Electrical, Mines, Historical, Army, Navy, Horticultural, Agricultural and Transportation buildings, will be of a size to give a harmonious appearance to the whole. Of the buildings mentioned the Art palace and the Fishery building are already completed. The Manufactures and Machinery hall will be finished before winter sets in, and the remaining buildings will be completed by March 1, 1897. The exposition grounds will be laid out by the best landscape gardeners.

One interesting feature of the exposition period will be the dedication of the new Royal Opera House, a magnificent building, only equaled by the Grand Opera House in Paris.

Stockholm has been called the Venice of the north, and no capital in Europe has a finer situation. The exposition has been located in the handsomest part of the parklike suburbs, and a general view of the Stockholm exposition shows a great contrast with similar European expositions. With its two sea fronts, one on the Djurgarden park sound and the other on the salt water of the gulf of Bothnia, its charming continuation of the royal parks of the Djurgarden, it will be not alone an evidence of Scandinavian art and industry, but also an exhibit of Swedish landscape, for which Stockholm is celebrated.

The exposition will have two principal entrances, one by the Grand boulevard and Djurgarden bridge, the other the marine entrance from the sound. Entering by the Djurgarden, a vast plaisance, laid out with lawns, fountains and flower beds, meets the eye. Straight ahead in the distance is seen the front of the Manufactures building, with its towers and dome. This plaisance is crossed by several broad avenues leading to the various buildings. On a terrace close by the idyllic sound is located the principal restaurant building. Following the sound promenade to Frammnes, the Fishery building is seen. It is built partly in the sound and is surrounded by a pontoon bridge, forming a charming marine promenade and giving a nautical flavor to the fishery exhibition. Farther out in the sound will be one of the great attractions of the exposition, a cavern erected on the bottom of the sound, to be lighted by electricity, and from the windows of the cavern the visitors will obtain an insight into the life of the denizens of the deep.

The Art palace will probably be the most beautiful of the various buildings. It is in the Spanish style of architecture, with marblelike walls and rich mural decorations, reflecting itself in the great canal at its side. The center of the Art palace, the part reserved for sculpture, will be laid out as a tropical garden, in which the marble treasures will find a suitable surrounding, doing away with the conventional museum appearance. From this garden pillared entrances lead to the painting exhibitions of the various foreign countries.

Prince Eugene, duke of Nerike, the youngest son of King Oscar, himself a painter of great reputation, is the chief of the art section of the exposition. Recently while on a visit to Paris he met some of the most prominent of the American artists, and they promised to exhibit at Stockholm next summer. The latest news from Sweden reports that Prince Eugene intends to visit the United States this fall to further interest American artists and owners of private galleries to send their art works to the exposition, and he will undoubtedly visit Chicago, having through Mrs. Potter Palmer heard of the fine private art galleries in that city.

The chief architectural designer of the exposition—in fact, the creator of the whole exposition—is Ferdinand Boberg, who has been assisted by the architects Fr. Lilljekvist, Agi Lindegren, Eugen Thorburn and Civil Engineer Fritz Soederberg.

The exposition will also have a political significance, as in 1897 King Oscar will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his reign as ruler of Sweden and Norway. The jubilee will be the occasion of a grand demonstration on the part of the Swedish people, and also by the royal families of Europe, they having signified their intention to visit Stockholm at this time. King Oscar is of course deeply interested in the exposition, both as an artist and as the royal ruler, and has given the project his valuable assistance.

As the director general of the exposition the king appointed Arthur Leffler, known to Chicagoans as the royal Swedish commissioner at the World's fair. The president is the governor general of Stockholm, Baron Tamm, and the secretary of the exposition is the well known journalist, Thore Blanche.

From the United States thousands of Swedes and Scandinavians are making arrangements to visit the exposition.

Gus Boberg has the arrangements in charge. Among the Scandinavian societies going over the most important is the American Union of Swedish Singers, of which the Swedish Glee club of Chicago is a member. The singers will officially represent the Swedish Americans at the king's jubilee and will be the bearers of an address to King Oscar from the Swedish Americans in Chicago.—Chicago Times-Herald.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

JOCULAR SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

Recent Discoveries That Bid Fair to Revolutionize the Entire World.

I.

The glowworm is attracting a deal of interest. It has been discovered that it requires only one-sixth as great an expenditure of force on its part to produce a given quantity of light as is required by any other known means. The insect is rapidly coming to the front. Only a few months ago the newspapers contained numerous accounts of the efforts of a western farmer to cross his bees with glowworms so they could see to make honey after dark.

Now the scientific world is agog to know and develop its method for producing light. A better plan would be to increase the size of the insect. By breeding, cultivation and an arbitrary enforcement of the survival of the fittest, in a short time—say ten years—it ought to attain the proportions of a 2-year-old steer. A roost could be constructed for it on a street corner, above the madding crowd's ignoble strife. A small wad of hay or a bunch of burdock leaves would suffice for its subsistence. It could sleep or chew its cud during the day and glow industriously all night.

Of course, in a large city it would be necessary to guard it against dissipation. Otherwise it might fall into the habits of the dissolute and go out nights. When we prevail upon an insect to do our illuminating and the ground mole our plowing, and use sea serpents for coast defenses, we are making gigantic strides toward the complete emancipation of our people from work.

II.

A Frenchman has succeeded in some rather unique experiments. He takes tadpoles, cuts several of them in two or more parts, then fastens those different parts together, but not in their natural position. In a short time the parts become completely grown together and the creature enjoys good health.

In this way he has tadpoles with tails at each extremity, but no heads; others with heads in abundance and nothing caudal. He has lizards with the heads of tadpoles and frogs with two heads which vainly try to jump in opposite directions.

All this may appear insignificant, but think what a discovery it means. With a little practice the natural scientist can remove the head of a snake and put it back on wrong end foremost. Then every time the reptile tries to bite he would find himself chewing his own neck.

The probability is that one animal will soon be made to perform the offices of many of our domestic animals. The chicken's head could be taken off, a cat's head substituted, and the creature would be able to live on mice around the barn, thus doing away with the necessity of keeping a cat.

Some enterprising genius may at last succeed in grafting together certain proportions of cow and sawhorse, so that the resulting product will be unable to kick while being milked.

III.

There are many phases of hypnotism. In Pennsylvania the other day a man had a grudge against a wealthy farmer, hypnotized a third person and compelled him to burn the farmer's barn. The susceptible subject was tried for the crime, all the while contending that he had been hypnotized. This condition had been brought about, as the evidence showed, after the common method of having the subject gaze intently at a small, bright object. In this case a $10 goldpiece was used. The subject looked at it, and then, to make the spell all the firmer, was allowed to keep it, all the while having it impressed upon him that it was his hypnotizer's will that the barn should be burned.

Thus it is demonstrated that one can be hypnotized with money. This practically places the gift of hypnotism in the control of the money kings. It gives them the power to hypnotize the laborer, take the will right out of his soul and lock it up in the safe. This will transform him into an unresisting automaton. The great factory proprietor can have a cellar full of captured wills, keep his men working night and day, and not let them strike until the works are closed down. Doubtless before long some enterprising genius will take one of the hypnotized wills, put it in a glass can and exhibit it as either a compressed halo or one of Wagner's melodies.—W. G. Brooks in Up to Date.

HER PARLIAMENTARY MOVE.

In the Crisis Man Would Have Failed but She Scored a Success.

The new woman smoothed out her bloomers and looked at her husband thoughtfully for a few minutes before speaking.

"Henry," she said at last, "there is a little point of parliamentary law that I would like to discuss with you."

His bosom swelled with pride, for it was not often that she came to him for information or advice, now that she had assumed bifurcated garments.

"There are some rather intricate points in the rules of parliamentary procedure that would puzzle a novice," he asserted, "and the deeper you get in public life the more convinced you will become that it is a right handy thing to have the old man around occasionally to refer complicated questions to. What is it you want to get at now?"

"Why, you see, a most important matter came up at the meeting of our club last night," she explained, "and just as we were about to take a vote on it I discovered that I was backed by a minority only. Consequently it was necessary to postpone action, and the question with me was how it could be done."

She paused, and he knitted his brows and looked wise.

"The other side had a good working majority, I suppose?" he said inquiringly.

"Oh, yes," she answered. "I found that we didn't have a ghost of a show as matters stood then."

"Yes, yes, of course," he said thoughtfully. "I admit it was rather a knotty problem for a novice to solve, and yet here were several things that could be done with some promise of success, although not with a certainty. Now, if I had been there, I"—

She was looking at him with such evident scorn that he stopped.

"With all your boasted experience and superiority you couldn't think of a parliamentary move that would make success certain," she said.

"Certainly not," he replied. "Could you?"

"Easily," she answered. "It was the easiest thing in the world to any one who was really resourceful. I started a discussion of bicycles and bloomers, and the meeting naturally broke up in a row before a vote could be taken on anything."—Chicago Post.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

BAD CLOUDBURST

Causes Loss of Life in Pennsylvania.

HOUSES AND BRIDGES WERE WASHED AWAY.

Storm a Result of the Hot Weather.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 13.—A cloudburst at De Haven, a small town six miles from Allegheny City, occurred at 8.30 o'clock this morning and six people were drowned as a result.

Pike's creek overflowed its banks carrying away houses, oil tanks and barns.

The streets of the town rapidly filled with water and at Etna, a neighboring village, the water was eight feet high in the principal street.

The De Haven bridge has been washed away and the bridge of the Pittsburg and Western railroad at Sharpsburg is threatened.

At Sharpsburg the low lands are submerged and great damage is reported all along the line.

The cloudburst followed the hot weather.

RELIEF IS PROMISED US

RAIN COOLED OFF BOSTON THIS MORNING.

New York Cooler But Philadelphia Hotter Than Ever—Many Deaths Today—Cooler Weather Expected Tomorrow.

Boston, Aug. 13.—A heavy rain today cleared the atmosphere and made life more bearable. There were ten deaths and five prostrations this morning due undoubtedly to the heat of yesterday.

Cooler in New York.

New York, Aug. 13.—The temperature was 88 degrees today, the coolest since Sunday. Up to 9 o'clock there were ten deaths and nine prostrations.

Hottest Yet in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Aug. 13.—Philadelphia is today the hottest city in the country, the thermometer being at 95. Five deaths and seven prostrations are reported.

Indications—Generally fair; cooler Friday, with easterly winds.

ONE STATE AT LEAST

Will Go Unanimously For Bryan—All Parties Agree Upon Him.

Ellensburg, Wash., Aug. 13.—The democratic, republican, free silver and populist state conventions were held here today for the purpose of forming a fusion ticket. Each convention perfected organization and a telegram signed by the chairman of each convention was forwarded to Mr. Bryan informing him that the entire electoral vote of the state will be cast for him.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

Alliance, O., Aug. 13.—A 150 horse power boiler at the Louisville Brick and Tile works at Maxim exploded this morning and several are reported killed.

Fatal Train Wreck.

Cleveland, O., 13.—An east bound special mail train on the Lake Shore road was wrecked at Otis, Ind., last night, and the engineer and fireman killed.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

Ex-Secretary of the Navy Thompson of Terre Haut, Ind., has recovered from his prostration of the heat on Tuesday.

The Valkyrie III arrived at Glasgow today. She left New York on July 15.

A dispatch from Accre, Gold Coast colony, states that the Ashantis have risen to expel the British from Kumassi, the capital.

Rev. E. J. Sheridan, for 25 years pastor of St. Mary's Catholic at Taunton, Mass., died today, aged 72 years.

W. C. Barker, a Boston real estate agent, was killed by a train at Malden today.

FUNERALS.

DOHERTY.—The funeral of Ellen Doherty took place yesterday forenoon from St. Michael's church and was largely attended. A requiem mass celebrated by Rev. D. P. Scannell. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery and the pall bearers were Myles Curran, Frank Dolan, Thomas Rourke, Dennis McLaughlin, James Murphy and John McMeehan.

PLUMADO.—Mrs. L. Plumado, aged 66 years, died in Westboro on Tuesday. The funeral services were held in the Edson cemetery chapel this afternoon.

McALLISTER.—The funeral of Margaret McAllister took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 8 Wamesit court, off Cushing street.

WILKES.—The funeral of Mr. Job M. Wilkes took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late home, 20 Arthur street, and was largely attended by immediate friends and relatives. Services were impressively conducted by Rev. George H Johnson, pastor of the John street Congregational church. The interment was in the Edson cemetery and the pall bearers were Messrs. B. Crowther, Geo. Bayles, John Conley, Joseph Rutherford, C. Cliff and T. Pass. Mr. Wilkes was formerly an overseer in the Kitson machine shop, where he had been employed for a long number of years. He was a man who was highly respected in the community, and his death, which came very suddenly, brought poignant grief to many hearts. A wife, two daughters and a son survive to mourn the loss of a devoted husband and a loving father.

There were many beautiful floral tributes including a large gates ajar inscribed "Shopmates," also a large ivy wreath and a sheaf of wheat from employes of the Kitson machine shop. There was also a spray of pinks and roses from a friend.

CONSUMPTION

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

THEY HELD RECEPTIONS

MR. AND MRS. BRYAN AND MR. SEWELL.

Receive Many Distinguished Visitors This Morning—All Three Are In Excellent Health—Mr. Bryan Feels Better Today Than He Did Yesterday—G. F. Williams Called.

New York, Aug. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and Mr. Sewall held receptions this morning in the drawing room of the residence of W. P. St. John on 34th street and many callers were received.

Mr. Bryan looks remarkably well after his experience of last night and said that he feels much better than he did yesterday.

Among the callers this morning were Senator Patrick Walsh of Georgia, George Fred Williams of Massachusetts, Don Cameron, Senators Blackburn and Thurman and the Senators McMillan.

PERSONAL.

Miss Grace Ward and Miss Jennie Noble will pass the remaining weeks of August at Old Orchard.

Mr. Martin Heeren of the Park Exchange will attend the G. A. R. encampment at St. Paul, leaving Lowell the latter part of this month.

Mrs. Elvira E. Gladwin of Smith street is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Shepard of 11 Lafayette avenue, Chelsea, for the next two weeks.

Ex-Councilmen Sparks and Gookin, together with a wholesale furniture dealer of the Hub, are enjoying a yachting trip for a week off Boston harbor.

Prof. E. L. Glick of the New England Business University of this city won first prize offered by the New England Penman, an educational paper published in Nashua, for the best set of artistic combinations made with the pen. The contest was open to all New England.

Eben Thurston, who has charge of the elevator at city hall, has been in attendance at the re-union of the First Rhode Island Heavy Artillery, which was held at Field's Point, near Providence, on Monday last. Mr. Thurston was a private in Company A of that artillery during the war of the rebellion.

DEATHS.

WHITTAKER—John M. Whittaker, aged 1 year, 1 month, died this morning at 2 Bent's court.

MULLHOLLAND—Charles, the infant son of Clark and Sarah Mullholland, died last night at 408 Market street. Funeral this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

CARNEY—Grace Ellen Carney, the one year old daughter of Patrick and Ellen Carney, died this morning at the home of the parents in Wilson street, North Billerica.

EATON—Charlotte, wife of John Eaton, died at her home on Whipple street yesterday. A husband and two daughters survive her. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon.

MELLEN—Harry Mellen, aged 17 years died at his home, 133 Fayette street this morning. Deceased is a brother of Mr. James Mellen, principal of the Lincoln school.

Mrs. Bryan's Ring Found.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 13.—The engagement ring of Mrs. W. J. Bryan, which she lost in a carriage in this city, was found this morning by a carriage cleaner at the stable of the Pittsburg Transfer Co.

Defaulter Commits Suicide.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 13.—Josiah Kelly, assistant cashier in the First National bank, killed himself last night, leaving behind him a note stating that his accounts were $25,000 short.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 21, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 3.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.40, 8.45 p. m.
For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 8.30 a. m., 1.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 0.30 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 6.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.15, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 6. 0 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Tuesdays and Fridays at 6.30 a. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 28, 1896, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, ¶6.50, *7.45, *8.50, ¶9.01, *9 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, ¶3.00, 4.25, ¶5 33 p. m. SUNDAYS, §45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.48, 6.33, ¶6.53, §7.01, §7.18, §*7.27, 7.33, 7.40, *7.48, *8.57, 9.03, *9.30 11.03, 11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, ¶3.03, *4.00, 4.10, 4.28, 5.22, §5.36, 6.24, 7.47, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7.18, §*7.27, §48, *9.16 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
For Woburn, 6.30, §7.01, 7.33, 7.45, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.28, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.53 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.18 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.45 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.18 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.13, 9.42, 10.09 a.m; 12.09, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.08 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p.m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.42 a. m; 12.09, 1.40, 5.42, 18.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m. 3.43 p. m., Saturday only till August 29th inclusive.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.42 a.m; 1.40, †8.43 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.42 a. m.; 12.10, †8.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.42 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.54 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, 8.43 p. m., except Saturday.
☞ † Daily for Montreal.
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

PLEASANT ROOMS to let in THE SUN building, Merrimack square.

It cures from head to foot.

Puritana

To make the cure of any disease complete and permanent, the purifying, correcting and building-up process must begin and end in the Stomach.

92% of all sickness is caused by a wrong Stomach. Puritana makes the Heart right, the Lungs right, the Liver right, the Blood right, the Kidneys right, the Nerves right, the Health right, **because** it makes the **Stomach right.**

The Puritana treatment consists of one bottle of Puritana, one bottle of Puritana Pills, and one bottle of Puritana Tablets, all in one package. Price $1. All druggists.

One Point

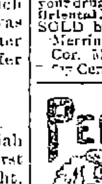
Tim has in common with other five-cent cigars—the price. Compare Tim with the others and you will find no other resemblance.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Ellingwood & Co., Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central St., & 255 Central St., Cor. Middlesex St. & Goodale's Drug Store 217 Central St., LOWELL, MASS.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

LIMITED TIME ONLY

TEETH EXTRACTED POSITIVELY WITHOUT PAIN. NO GAS, NO ETHER, NO CHLOROFORM.

DR. WHITEHOUSE extracts all forms of bad teeth, those which are ulcerated and have been broken off, those which could not be extracted by others, and all will be done ABSOLUTELY PAINLESS, and can be seen at

MERRIMACK HOUSE.

Hours 10 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 5 and 6 to 9 p. m. Daily and Sundays.

ONE DOLLAR!

Spent for Footwear at Our Store

NOW!

Insures to the Buyer a Saving of

50c.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN. - - Prop.

BERTRAND

?

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS, HON. WALTER C. PEPYS, CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

Copyright.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

Waverley BICYCLES

Highest of High Grades.

Are Built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

The Pleasures of Cycling depend much on your wheel. Get one that you can rely on at all times through thick and thin. The Waverly has the reputation of being such. Ask those who ride them. Scorcher (3 heights) $85.00. Belle (26 and 28 inch) $75.00 and $85.00.

Made By Indiana Bicycle Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

JEANNOTTE & CO., Agents.

REMEMBER

THAT THE MOSS ROSE SOAP

We are selling **3 Cakes for 10 Cents**

WON'T LAST LONG

Better get your share while it lasts. It is good soap and is a bargain. We are simply giving you a little more than usual for your money. You took advantage quickly of our other soap offer and we honestly think this is a better bargain.

GOODALE'S LOW PRICED DRUG STORE

217 CENTRAL STREET.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

SPECIAL SALE

WIDE SHEETINGS

WE HAVE JUST OPENED

55 CASES

REMNANTS OF SEAMLESS BLEACHED SHEETINGS

Received direct from two of the best sheeting mills of New England, in suitable lengths for sheets, from 2 1-2 yards to 20 yards in length, and will be offered on sale as the greatest values in sheetings we ever gave, on

MONDAY 17th. INST.

They are not of ordinary grades of cotton but of the highest priced sheetings in the market but our prices at this sale will be even lower than ever asked even for inferior grades of sheeting as you can judge by the following prices

6-4 wide	(54 inches)	regular price	17c.	for this sale	10c. yard
7-4 "	63 "	" "	20c.	" " "	12½c. "
8-4 "	(2 yards)	" "	22c.	" " "	14c. "
9-4 "	2¼ "	" "	25c.	" " "	16c. "
10-4 "	2½ "	" "	28c.	" " "	17c. "

We have put a part of this immense purchase in our Palmer street window, there are cords and cords of them, and are an unusual opportunity for the Lowell public to get some of the very best sheetings at nearly half price—sale in Bargain Department.

If There is Anything You Need in

FURNITURE

Get it Now and Secure

ABSOLUTELY FREE one of our GRAND PREMIUM BOOKS

When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as

STORY OF MAN — PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES
HEROES OF DARK CONTINENT — AND OTHERS

REMEMBER, Our Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

PETER DAVEY,

Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2; STORE 314-2.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, FRIDAY, AUG. 14.
Sun rises—4:51; sets, 6:46.
Length of day—13h. 55m.
Moon sets—9:21 p. m.
Full sea—2:45 a. m.; 3:15 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Fair, followed by thunder storms in extreme southern portion; easterly winds.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 45	6 50	6 00	§7 07
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 53
6 59	8 08	6 30	§7 25
§7 01	7 53	8 00	9 11
*§7 13	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 27	8 12	*9 00	§9 40
§7 33	8 50	*9 30	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 35	10 45	11 58
*8 50	9 40	11 30	§12 07
9 00	10 30	12 00	§12 50
9 40	10 40	*1 00	§1 38
11 00	12 00	*1 15	§1 52
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 01
§12 16	1 07	*3 00	§3 42
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 32
*§4 00	4 45	4 30	§5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 44
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 17	5 51	7 05
5 33	6 53	6 13	7 31
*§6 24	7 10	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 47	8 30	*8 00	§8 40
§8 45	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 30	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 16	10 10	5 00	§5 50
§4 25	5 32	7 30	§8 10
§5 58	7 00	8 00	§8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	1 50	1 03
12 05	1 37	2 15	5 19
12 45	1 59	3 30	4 20
2 30	3 44	3 40	4 50
2 55	4 02	4 25	5 45
4 05	5 23	5 01	6 20
5 10	6 43	6 01	7 09
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 10	8 05	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 41	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 20	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 59	8 40	9 40
6 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St-station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

Charles H. Cosgrove, Esq., has opened a law office in room 16, Hildreth building.

Warm weather goods at cut prices at Chris Holmes', 124 and 126 Merrimack street.

O'Sullivan Bros. give a free electric car ticket if you purchase shoes to the amount of $1.00 or more at their store.

A large number of Lowellians went on the excursion from this city today, over the Old Colony road to Narragansett pier.

Building materials are very low. You can get all mason's supplies of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, at low figures.

Send your orders for winter coal by postal or telephone to Rourke & Sullivan, 984 Gorham street. They guarantee satisfaction.

The Central Mission held an enjoyable meeting yesterday afternoon at Varnum's landing the affair being in charge of Mr. E. P. Wood.

Best coal at lowest prices at E. A. Wilson's, corner of Bridge and Merrimack streets, Runels' building. If you have no time to call, telephone.

A number of Lowell people who are tired of boarding are contemplating going in for a dining club of about 50 members, having a dining hall, a steward nominal rate for board and provision for dividends.

The L. C. A. A. and the Andovers will play a game of Cricket at the Dracut oval Saturday, game called at 2 p. m. The following will play for Lowell: W. Meiklejohn, Capt., M. Meiklejohn, H. Meiklejohn, J. H. Comber, J. Smith, M. Burns, H. Perkins, Simpson, Hounsell, Murphy, Hibbert; reserves, Pilkinkton, Hale.

The programme for the celebration of Union St. Joseph, Sept. 7, will include a high mass at St. Joseph's church in the morning, with sermon by Fr. Frigon sports at the Fair grounds in the afternoon, entertainment in the evening at Huntington hall followed by a banquet at Associate hall, with 10 speakers and plates laid for 500.

On Saturday, the 15th day of this month, I will sell my two new houses on Pleasant street in Dracut. Anyone looking for the comforts of home for a small price should give this chance great consideration and look each house over. Each house is two stories, contains 8 rooms, 2 bay windows, bath room, water closet and pantry. It has front piazza on a 4000 square feet lot of land; grounds are graded all around it, was built by Wm. Emerson the contractor and painted by Ryden Bros., which assures first class workmanship throughout. Quite handy to new shoe shop, near Navy Yard mills, centrally located as to electric car accommodations and it takes but 5 minutes to come to center of city. The surroundings are beautiful, first class neighbors, healthy, high, dry and convenient. Just the place for a man with a little money. Schools are near and every facility for educating the children without having them in contact with the evils of city life. Remember next Saturday at four o'clock. Terms $100 at sale. House No. 2 is exactly the same as No. 1.

EDWARD R. DONOVAN.

GREAT PIPE SALE.

Bankrupt Sale of Pipes at Gallagher's, 260 Merrimack Street.

For the next 30 days we will sell part of the stock of the Oriental cigar store of 1139 Broadway, New York. Pipes will be sold at less than actual cost.

RELIEF IS AT HAND.

Torrid Weather Has Taken Wings and Healthy Weather Again Is Here.

The warm weather has passed and for this relief much thanks. The cool wave predicted has already materialized and a truly patient and long suffering community now breath easier. The heat has brought death to many households and there are still a large number who can be said to be at death's door and a little cool weather will bring them to their normal condition. By the heat the treasuries of many fraternal organizations have been affected by the demands of people stricken down and one court of Foresters is said to have disbursed $77 within three days. The overseers of the poor felt the effects of the continued heat chiefly in the hospital cases which are largely among the poorer classes. The board of helth is taking extra precaution in districts and localities where there is a possibility of refuse collection being put in places where the excessive heat will cause rapid decomposition.

Louis Alexander,

tailor, 63 Central street, is having his semi-annual clearance sale to make room for new fall styles. Bargains in crash, golf, bicycle suits and all summer goods.

1876 and 1896.

For the past twenty years we have been supplying the citizens of Lowell with high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 58 Merrimack street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 51 MERK. ST.

DR. WALKER DENTISTS

VALUE OF GOLD

Interesting Article an Timely Subject.

REV. PARK BRADFORD DISCOURSES UPON GOLD.

Exploding Fallacies of Republican Financial Idea.

Does gold fluctuate?

Most certainly. All gold advocates claim stability of value because of its intrinsic worth. But that very quality is the sure means of fluctuation in price. The moment anything in the market of the world is seen to have intrinsic value it has a market price and the instant it appears in commerce as possessing advantages of trade it takes on the same vesture as any other commodity and is priced and sold.

Money is the invention of progress and civilization, its sole object being to represent wealth and to go between other things which have value in commerce.

Gold never becomes money until legalized by sovereignty. This necessarily enhances its value as is the case now with our gold dollar which is intrinsically worth about 95c. It is fiat money just as truly as the paper dollar. A piece of metal is made money by fiat just as a piece of paper is made legal tender. The paper has one quality that of uniform value which gold has not, because gold has a commercial value which the stamp of government cannot take away, hence, government cannot control the value of any substance having commercial relations so widespread as gold. Supply and demand control such prices.

Nevertheless government can and has affected the price of gold and silver. Has gold fluctuated in value?

Yes. In 1858 the U. S. mint paid $18.60 for 1 oz. of gold, to $1.21 for an oz. of silver, today gold as measured by silver is priced at $31 to $32 and as our gold friends insist upon intrinsic value to measure things we are compelled to measure gold by silver. We could not measure gold by itself and according to their idea not by the greenback—hence we must measure by silver. Nor can they legitimately seize upon this statement to argue in favor of gold, as the only true standard of value because there is a legal disparagement upon silver. The latter has been ruled out of its monetary sphere wherein the commercial value was strengthened and kept on a parity with gold. Science tells us that the molecules in a piece of steel do not lie solidly together. Powerful microscope investigation reveals a labyrinth of spaces between the molecules. Money in commerce occupies this space between objects having commercial value and holds apart in contradistinction while it unites as a common medium all objects having value and is an invisible force resident in the mass—its existence not being the object or end but simply the force by which to hold intact the whole lump of trade, as this force in the steel holds intact the piston rod of a great engine which carries a precious cargo.

During our civil war Abraham Lincoln devised the full legal tender greenback and issued about $50,000,000 of the same. It was on a par with gold. No man ever saw it below par.

In September, 1861, by influence of bankers all greenbacks issued thereafter contained the well known exception clause, "This is a legal tender for all debts except duties on imports and interest upon the public debt." That was a partial demonetization of the greenback. The bankers admit they bought up the previous issue of full legal tenders and then had a market for their gold. Importers must have their gold to pay duties, and the government must have it to pay them interest for bonds they hold.

It is a well known fact that when our arms were weakened by defeat on the battlefield those patriotic bankers sold their gold for as high as $285, charging a big premium and took advantage of the people to enrich themselves.

Did gold go up then? If it did not they put it up. In 1872 the silver dollar was above the gold dollar, but these with European bankers saw the volumne of silver growing and realized that future speculations through the control of the nation's money was threatened thereby, and to overcome that difficulty they devised the demonetization act condemned by John Sherman and deplored and denounced by James G. Blaine.

The former said in 1869 in reference to the act of retiring the greenback, which was but a step preceding the attack upon silver:

"It is not possible to take that voyage without the sorest distress. To any person except the capitalist out of debt, or a salaried officer, or an annuitant, it is a period of loss, danger, lassitude of trade, fall of wages, suspension of enterprise, bankruptcy and disaster. It means the fall of all agricultural productions without any great reduction in taxes."

But James G. Blaine, the plumed knight, and peerless champion of reciprocity, said nine years later:

"I believe the struggle now going on in this country and in other countries for the single gold standard, would, if successful, produce widespread disaster in and through the commercial world.

"The distinction of silver as money and the establishment of gold as the sole unit of value must have a ruinous effect on all forms of property, except those investments which yield a fixed return in money. These would be enormously enhanced in value and would gain a disproportionate and unfair advantage over every other species of property."

What these men feared and prophesized is upon upon us and it remains for American patriotism to rise in the spirit of 1776 and repel the invaders.

There is no room for partyism. It is America against the world.

PARK A. BRADFORD.

Annual Yacht Races at Newburyport

The great yacht races to come off in Newburyport Harbor Monday, the 17th, are attracting wide spread attention. The Beverly, American, Quincy, Columbian and Commonwealt yacht clubs are to be represented by their crack yachts. There will be more than a hundred in the races.

The steamer Merrimac will lay at her wharf at Black Rocks all day Monday giving her patrons comfortable seats and a grand opportunity to view the whole course. It will be one of the most pleasing sights of the season and all free to her patrons.

Electric cars leave Lowell for Haverhill to connect with the steamer at 7 and 7.30 a. m.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

Beauty is your Duty

Abundant, glossy hair, is beauty's crowning glory.
To wear this crown, use

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR.

TALK WITH BRYAN

Candidate Speaks About His Reception

AND THE CRITICISM OF HIS SPEECH.

Explains Why He Read His Manuscript.

New York, Aug. 14.—Candidates Bryan and Sewall and Mrs. Bryan remained at the Windsor hotel all day. During the afternoon Messrs. Bryan and Sewall received about 300 callers in the private parlors of the hotel. Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Bland and Mrs. Stone, the latter the wife of Governor Stone of Missouri, and Mrs. Stewart, wife of Senator Stewart, received a number of ladies in the ladies' parlor between 4 and 5 o'clock. The callers were not numerous.

Of the criticisms of his speech, Mr. Bryan said, after looking over all the newspapers: "I did not expect to overcome all the prejudice at one blow. Neither did I expect to set the North river on fire with oratory. It was not a time for oratorical flights, but for serious and argumentative discussion. I am pleased with my reception."

Mr. Bryan explained yesterday his reasons for reading his speech in reply to the notification of his nomination at Madison Square Garden. He said: "Knowing that it would be printed in full, I thought it more important that it should reach in correct form the millions who will read it than that the delivery should please the few thousands who were present. It is always unfortunate when a speaker is compelled to read a political speech, but in this instance I thought it best not to risk the errors which always creep into the report of an extemporaneous speech."

STILL ON THE MAP.

Nansen Has Been Heard from Way Up Near the North Pole.

Malmo, Sweden, Aug. 14.—The newspaper Dagensnyheter has received communications from Dr. Nansen and Lieutenant Schotthansen, from the Island of Vardoe. These communications state that they abandoned the Fram in the autumn of 1895, and resorted to the ice.

The steamer Windward, carrying supplies to the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition picked them up near Franz Josef Land. They expected that the Fram would eventually drift to the east coast of Greenland. Dr. Nansen failed to reach the North Pole, but he touched a point four degrees nearer than any other explorer has done.

Dr. Nansen left the Fram on March 14, 1895, in 84 degrees north latitude. He traversed the Polar sea to a point in 86 degrees, 14 minutes, north latitude, situated north of the New Siberia islands. No land was sighted north of 82 degrees latitude, or thence to Franz Josef land, where he passed the winter, subsisting on bears' flesh and whale blubber. Dr. Nansen and his companion are in the best of health. The Fram is expected at Vardoe or Bergen shortly. She stood the ice well. There were no sick persons aboard when Nansen left there.

The steamer Windward took letters for Nansen when it started to the relief of the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, as Mr. Jackson expected to find Nansen, and was convinced that his idea of drifting across the pole in the ice was impracticable. He was also convinced that Nansen would return in the direction of Franz Josef land.

FAULKNER IS HAPPY.

He Sees no Encouragement of Hope for the Republicans.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic congressional campaign committee, is in great glee over the reception tendered Mr. Bryan in New York. Such spontaneous enthusiasm he had never before witnessed. "I do not believe anything under heaven can prevent the election of Bryan," added Senator Faulkner. "If you consider the situation, you will see it in the same light. That the south will be solid for the ticket none of us really doubt; that means 159 electoral votes with which to start. We will also carry every state west of Iowa, with a total of 61 votes. Add these to the southern votes and we have 220, or but four less than the number necessary to elect. If we do not carry any state in the east—which we will—we will have Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa and Minnesota, where the chances are excellent for our ticket, and any one of these states will be sufficient, even though we lose one of the southern and two of the western states. I can't see how the Republicans can find any encouragement in the outlook."

Embezzlement and Suicide.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 14.—Josiah E. Kelley, asistant cashier of the First National bank of this city, was found dead, having committed suicide. National Bank Examiner Vance had found a shortage in the cashier's accounts. Kelley left letters in which he confessed to a deficit created by him, amounting to over $24,000.

Officer John Fox and wife are at Sharon Springs, N. Y.

Officer Duncan is alternating between the seashore and mountains on his vacation.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, billous fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

IRISH PRISONERS

Have Been Given Their Freedom.

ALL WERE SUSPECTED OF DYNAMITE CONSPIRACIES.

Two of Them Were American Citizens.

London, Aug. 14.—In the house of commons yesterday, Secretary of State for Home Affairs Ridley announced that upon the medical report it has been decided to release, on license, Daly, Devany, Gallagher and Whitehead, the four Irishmen imprisoned for conspiring against the government, in connection with the dynamite explosions of several years back.

John Daly was sentenced to life imprisonment at Warwick, in July, 1884, on the charge of treason felony.

Thomas Devany was convicted of treason felony at Edingurgh, in December, 1883, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Dr. Thomas Gallagher is an American citizen, and a resident of Long Island. After having been convicted of treason felony in London, on June 14, 1883, he was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Albert George Whitehead is also an American citizen, and he was convicted the same day as Dr. Gallagher, at the same place, and received the same sentence.

All of the released men were arrested during the dynamite scares of 1883 and 1884.

Dr. Thomas Gallagher and Albert George Whitehead, both American citizens, were arrested in London in company with John Curtin Kent and Henry Hammond Wilson, early in 1883, and on June 14 of that year they were found guilty of treason felony and sentenced to life imprisonment. Kent was released from prison one year ago, and is now in the United States.

Dr. Gallagher was a resident of Greenpoint, L. I., where he is said to have enjoyed a large practice. Several petitions for his release by influential Americans, including clergymen of all denominations, were forwarded to the home office, but until yesterday the pleading was in vain.

Under the law, as it stood at the time of the arrests, it would have been impossible to sentence the men on conviction to more than two years' imprisonment, as they had been arrested under the explosives act. In order to make the punishment greater a special act was passed, under which the men could be tried for treason felony. They were charged with the manufacturing of dynamite bombs, or having bombs in their possession.

John Daly was arrested April 11, 1884, at Barkenhead, with two bombs in his possession. On the same day, James F. Egan, with whom Daly lived in Birmingham, and who is now in the United States as a delegate from the Amnesty association, was also arrested. Both men were tried and found guilty of treason felony at Warwick assizes in July, 1884. They were first charged with having dynamite in their possession, but this was withdrawn by the crown prosecution in order to bring the case under the new treason felony act. Daly was sentenced to penal servitude for the term of his natural life, and Egan to 20 years' imprisonment. Egan was released Jan. 19, 1893.

After his conviction, Daly was taken to Chatham prison, where he remained until his release yesterday. He was always a strong figure in Irish politics, and was very prominent in the '67 movement in Ireland.

At the last general election, Daly was elected without opposition, to represent the city of Limerick in parliament, although he was then wearing the convict's clothes. Immediately afterward, he was selected by the Limerick board of aldermen for the office of high sheriff.

Thomas Devany was arrested, with nine others, in Glasgow, in 1883, on similar charges. He was tried in Edinburgh in December, of that year, and, with Terrence McDermott and James McCullough, was sentenced to penal servitude for life.

There are now in Portland prison, serving life sentences, Henry Hammond Wilson, American citizen; Timothy Featherstone, American citizen; Harry Burton, American citizen, and Henry Dalton, Patrick Flannagan and Terrence McDermott, all on charges of treason felony. John Duff is serving a term of 20 years for the same offense, which dates from his conviction in 1885.

In Irish convict prisons there are five men servinng life terms, having been convicted of treason felony in connection with the Phoenix park and other Fenian events in Dublin. They are Joseph Mollet, James Fitzharris, alias "Skip the Goat;" Lawrence Hanlon, Matthew Mullen and Matthew Kinsella.

Miss Charles' Story Doubted.

Habana, Aug. 14.—The authorities here say that the story told by Miss Cecil Charles of New York, giving details of her expulsion from Cuba by order of Captain General Weyler, are false. They add that she was accompanied on board the steamer by an American newspaper correspondent, that she wore ordinary lady's dress, and that she was kindly treated by all the persons who met her here.

Prorogation Near.

London, Aug. 14.—The house of lords has adopted the Irish land bill as it came back from the house of commons, with only one division, which was on the amendment relating to town parks, upon which the government received a majority of six. It is now probable that the house of commons will be prorogued today.

For Economy's Sake.

Seoul, Aug. 14.—An iconoclastic and almost atheistic fever has seized upon the King of Korea, who has issued a royal edict bewailing the amount of money annually squandered upon the worship of idols. His majesty has already demolished 30 temples in and about Seoul, and pines to destroy more.

Forty-Eight Killed.

Cape Town, Aug. 14.—Plumer's column has had another engagement with the Matabeles, and has dispersed them. They twice tried to rush into the bivouac. Forty-eight rebels were killed.

A Job For Fava.

Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 14. — Baron Fava, the Italian minister, left for Washington last night, in response to the instructions from the Italian government regarding the recent lynching of Italians in New Orleans.

WORDS OF EULOGY.

Tributes to the late W. E. Russell and George W. Curtis.

Ashfield, Mass., Aug. 14. — The 18th annual dinner in aid of Sanderson academy was held here yesterday, and was an event of much interest. Professor Charles Eliot Norton delivered an address, touching on the money question. He also paid the following tribute to the late William E. Russell: "On this occasion I cannot but recall one guest that we had with us last year, William E. Russell. Only one year ago that vigorous, manly youth stood here by my side. Many of you heard at that time his statement of what the fathers did for us, and what we owe to those who are to follow us. While it was an eloquent statement of political duties, I venture to say that it was not so much the address itself that captivated us, not so much because of the substance, as because we realized that we were listening to the words of a public man of high character, that no office, however high, could lead him astray, that nothing could corrupt his mind, and that high morals are the base of public service. He was a man to serve the state or nation as long as he lived, and never was there more need of such men as he than now."

William G. Rice delivered an eloquent tribute to George William Curtis and his work, and told what has been accomplished in the improvement of the civil service since the death of Mr. Curtis, four years ago.

Miss Elizabeth Curtis, only daughter of the late George W. Curtis, made her initial appearance as a public speaker. Her subject was, "What Ashfield Meant to George William Curtis." Other speakers were Rev. Mr. Thomas of Chicago, Rev. C. B. F. Prase of Troy, N. Y., and Rev. John W. Chadwick of Brooklyn.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Field Marshal Yamagata has returned to Japan.

Patrick C. Keely, the famous architect, died in Brooklyn.

Robert Green, aged 21, was drowned at Rockville, Conn.

Three dynamiters are to be released from an English prison.

The Cuban junta is negotiating for the purchase of a fast ocean tug.

The failure of the W. H. Whitney carriage firm of Watertown, Mass., is announced.

Eastern railroads must reduce freight rates if they would hold the western grain traffic.

Mercer county, N. J., failed to dispose of its bonds, which are not, in terms, payable in gold.

An American company has made a contract for the lighting, by electricity, of the city of Lima.

The annual reunion of the First, Tenth and Twenty-seventh Maine regiment was held at Portland.

An extraordinary electric storm, with cloudburst, visited Pittsburg and its vicinity, with fatal results.

Rev. Edward J. Sheridan, pastor of St. Mary's church, Taunton, Mass., for a quarter of a century, is dead.

Henry A. Casperfield, dealer in diamonds and jewelry, of New York and Saratoga Springs, has assigned.

Walter E. Merriam was fined $590 in the Chelsea (Mass.) police court, for having 118 short lobsters in his possession.

A. M. Hannaford & Co., wholesale produce and commission merchants, Portland, Me., have made an assignment.

Mrs. Catherine Connelly, aged 55, while attempting to board an electric car at Boston, was thrown to the ground and killed.

L. M. Kennedy, aged 68, a horseman and former hotel man, died at Putnam, Conn., from injuries received in being kicked by a horse.

The president has appointed Silas Peury to be register of the land office at Sacramento, Cal., and George B. Crosby to be receiver of public moneys at Sacramento.

Senor Omsa has made a proposition in the Peruvian chamber of deputies that family relations of foreigners in Peru should follow the law relating to husband and wife.

The creditors of the Merrimac Wheel and Gear company have made an assignment to Richard E. Briggs, president of the Briggs Carriage company of Amesbury, Mass.

William H. May, aged 70, a real estate dealer, disappeared from his home in Sheffield, Mass., several days ago. Yesterday a searching party discovered his dead body in a field near his home.

Ex-State Senator George W. Gibson of Chicopee, Mass., died of a complication of diseases. He was born in Malone, N. Y., in 1852. He was for seven years a selectman of Chicopee, and had served in the house of representatives in 1888, the following year being sent to the senate.

Sues For the Watch.

Portland, Me., Aug. 14.—Sylvester Harley of Ashburnham, Mass., came here yesterday, and placed in the hands of a Portland attorney a civil action against Rev. Dr. A. B. Simpson, the Christian alliance leader, who, at Old Orchard last Sunday, raised over $100,000 for foreign missions. The suit will be brought in the United States court to recover a gold watch contributed by Mr. Harley's mother to the Christian alliance cause. The watch was an heirloom, and when the donor repented of her act, and sought to recover the watch, her pleadings were in vain. Mr. Harley claims that his mother was hypnotized by Dr. Simpson.

Practical Victory For Pastor.

Boston, Aug. 14.—An amicable adjustment of all past and present difficulties at Park Street church will probably be effected, as a result of the action taken at a special meeting of the church last evening. It was voted to rescind all previous action regarding the calling of an ecclesiastical council of the society and the church to consider the trouble with the pastor. It was also voted to rescind all the harsh measures toward Dr. Lansing, that had been adopted since Feb. 7, when the pastor's letter was received, which is a practical acknowledgment that the church had not acted in exactly a fair spirit toward Dr. Lansing.

Discharged Men May Kick.

Stoneham, Mass., Aug. 14.—The contractor on the sewer work here discharged 150 Italian laborers last night, with the intention of filling their places with Italians from New York. The discharged men got $1.50 to $1.60 per day, and the new men, it is understood, are to get $1.35. As the discharged men are still in town, it is feared that trouble is impending.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

N. Y. Cloak and Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

Another Big Cut in Prices

Every Dollar's Worth of Merchandise Must Be Sold.

READ THE PRICES

Outing Suits.

$1.95 EACH—One lot Linen Suits, made very full skirt, and Blazer Jackets, reduced from $4.50 each.

$5.95 EACH—Ladies' Combination Outing Suits in handsome wool materials, plaid stripe and plain jackets, reduced from $12.50.

98c. EACH—One lot White Duck Skirts, heavy quality, very full, reduced from $1.75.

$1.45 EACH—One lot Russia Crash Skirts, reduced from $2.75.

Shirt Waists.

75c. EACH—Your choice of 1200 "United Brand" Waists, made from handsome designs in Persian, striped and figured effects, by far the handsomest we have shown this season, made with new sleeve and detached collar. Every waist in this lot is worth $1.50 each. Your choice now 75c. All waists worth $2 and $2.50 reduced to 98c. All waists worth $1 and $1.25 reduced to 49c. All waists worth 75c. and 85c. reduced to 25c.

FORESTERS' DAY.

Arrangements For Tomorrow's Celebration and Route of Parade.

Arrangements for the make up of the Forester procession of tomorrow have been made and Chief Marshal O'Hearn has issued general orders to that effect. There will be four divisions each headed by a band of music besides carriages containing supreme and grand court officers, deputies and ladies from the Lowell circles, Companions of the Forest.

Divisions may leave the hall separately, accompanied by bands, but all must be at the point of formation precisely at 1.15, as the parade is to move at 1.30 and the formation must be as follows:

1st division on Varney street, right resting on Fletcher. 2d division on Butterfield, right resting on Fletcher street. 3d division on Willie street, right resting on Fletcher street. 4th division on Fletcher street, right resting on Cross street.

Unless otherwise arranged those riding in carriages will meet at Foresters' hall at 10 o'clock.

Except those serving on the grand marshal's staff all Foresters will meet at their hall.

DROWNED IN HALE'S BROOK.

Seven-Year-Old John Teague Meets Death While at Play.

John Teague, aged seven years, residing on Madison street, while playing near Hale's brook yesterday afternoon fell in and was drowned before aid could come to him. The body was subsequently recovered and given in charge of Undertaker Rogers who prepared it for burial.

Miss Lizzie Dillon will enjoy social life in Dighton, after which she will visit several watering resorts adjacent to New York city.

NOT RECEIVING TODAY

Ladies Often Lose the Pleasure of Calls Because of Old Enemy, Backache.

"I should like to, but I'm miserable."

"It is impossible, my back aches so."

"One of the other ladies must take my place."

How often one hears these remarks.

Backache is an obstacle to many ladies.

Depriving them of much pleasure. A little information corrects this.

And Lowell ladies are well informed.
On the subject of backache.
They know it's kidney ache.
And they take Doan's Kidney Pills.
And then are ready for callers, always.
Mrs. Knowles, 46 Cross street, is one.
She has suffered much from it.
Pain through the kidneys.
Urinary trouble developed.
Dizziness, with severe headache.
All this took the enjoyment out of life.

She adds: "I saw in my paper that Doan's Kidney Pills were curing cases like mine and got a box at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets. I had not taken many before there was quite an improvement. I got the second box, and now I can say my suffering has ceased. I am all right in every way. I do not hesitate to give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit of curing the kidney trouble and every pain connected with it. You may use my name and say I am willing to answer any one who may apply to me with trouble like mine."

For sale by all dealers—price 50 cents per box. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

$150 will buy a first class DINING AND ICE CREAM SALOON
AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
ROOM 1, SWAN BUILDING, CENTRAL ST.
Bad Debts Collected. Auctioneering and Appraising.

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

Journeymen Tailors Organize.

The journeymen tailors of Lowell organized last night under the auspices of the Journeymen Tailors Union of America.

Mr. C. N. Mowbray, general organizer, was present and he spoke of the advisability of adhering to trade unions' principles and to make efforts to induce female workers in the tailoring trade to join hands with the men in their efforts to protect the tailors and tailoresses of Lowell further reductions.

General Organizer Mowbray will visit Lowell again in a few weeks in order to form a local union of women. Due notice of his visit will be given.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

It's a Good Idea

to have your table fare wholesome and delicious as well as economical;—in other words, to use

COTTOLENE

Sold everywhere.

O'Donnell & Gilbride's

THE LAST PRICE TUMBLE ON

SHIRT WAISTS

We have less than 50 dozen Shirt Waists in stock today and in order to close up the entire stock embracing many choice and exclusive styles in

STANLEY WAISTS,

We will offer the entire lot to-morrow beginning at 8 a. m.

AT ONE HALF THE PRICES

at which they have sold up to date. This sale will afford an opportunity to buy "chic" stylish waists at the prices of the ordinary kinds.

The Balance of Our Outing Suits,

Comprising blue and black serges and cheviots, also a few fancy mixtures, all made in the most approved manner, will be offered to-morrow

At 40c. on the Dollar.

A NEW SHIRT WAIST.

We place on sale to-day 100 new Silk Waists in changeable effects made with white laundered adjustable collar, a very up-to-date Waist that is being sold extensively in Boston and New York at the present time and will undoubtedly be very popular for early fall wear.

OUR PRICE $5.75 EACH.

Two Bargains in Cotton Underwear.

1 LOT OF NIGHT ROBES

In sizes 14 and 15 only. Vast assortment of trimmings, elegantly made, sold to date $1.50 and $1.75.

PRICE TO-DAY 98c. EACH.

One lot of White Skirts, sold to date $1.50,

PRICE TODAY 98c. EACH.

O'Donnell & Gilbride

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXI. NO. 64. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

IT IS DISRUPTED

Silver League Suffers From Factions.

CAME TO STORMY FINISH LAST NIGHT.

From Its Ashes Two Clubs Spring.

The Silver league held a turbulent meeting in Huntington hall last night at which the members called each other all sorts of names.

The trouble started with Mr. O'Connell's report of the committee appointed to report upon the qualifications necessary for members.

The report was as follows:

"All persons who are not candidates, or who are not aspiring for any national or congressional office, and who are of good moral character, and are in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, may sign the roll of membership now in the custody of the secretary, and have their names voted upon by all the other persons who have signed said roll, and, if he receives all but five of the votes thus cast, he shall be entitled to membership in this league.

"If he does not receive such a number of votes he shall not be a member even though he may have previously signed the roll now in the custody of the secretary.

"This rule shall take effect on its passage, and the members shall be so elected immediately after the passage and adoption of this rule, and before any further business is transacted."

This started John F. Murphy and John V. Curtis and a long wrangle ensued in which everyone mixed.

Finally as the outcome of the trouble the league split itself into two factions, one composed of the Murphyites and another of the O'Connellites.

The followers of Mr. O'Connell favored the Lowell Non-Partisan Free Silver league with Rev. Paul Bradford, president; Henry Haines, vice president; Will Cogger, secretary and B. D. O'Connell, treasurer.

The Murphy faction organized a Bryan, Sewall and Williams club with Harry Kennedy, president and J. H. Carl, secretary.

Beating the Hot Wave.

The New York Suit and Cloak company have inaugurated an unprecedented mark down sale of ladies' shirt waists and the people who have bought their summer wear at this popular bargain establishment certainly stole a march on the hot wave and were no doubt the coolest and most comfortable of Lowell mortals. For particulars concerning bargains read the advertisement of this popular firm in today's paper.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives it.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 26 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

GREAT VALUE in mill kindlings. Big load for $1. 1000 loads to be disposed of before Oct. 1. Orders by postal promptly attended to. WM. COGGER, wood and coal, 23 Concord street.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

16 TO 1

You will be pleased if your watch and jewelery repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

SCENES AT BRYAN MEETING

Notes and Incidents Remarked By a Sun Correspondent.

Enthusiasm Went Wild As the Wonderful Orator Proceeded—Numerous Eloquent Perorations and Their Effect—The Scene Surpassed Any of Its Kind in the History of New York City.

Sturtevant House, N. Y.,
Aug. 13, '96.

As usual in such cases, I presume the Sun has had an excellent account of the Bryan demonstration in New York from the associated Press, but I propose to give Sun readers some notes and incidents of the meeting that will enable them to form some idea, however inadequate, of the wild enthusiasm of the vast audience that listened to Mr. Bryan as well of the general effect of his address not only in this city but all over the whole country.

It was arranged by the management to admit the people to reserved seats and chairs by ticket only and those who held tickets for chairs on the floor were to be admitted to the vast auditorium at 7.45. At 6 o'clock 400 policemen were detailed in squads to guard the various approaches to Madison Square Garden where the demonstration took place. They were stationed at quite a distance from the building—for it is a mammoth building and not a garden—so that no crowd might be allowed to block the entrances.

As the hour for the meeting approached a crowd of perhaps 20,000 people surged forward upon the police lines. The holders of chair tickets to the floor were to be admitted at 7.45 but before 7 o'clock they forced their way through the police lines to the entrance on 26th street. Finding that impregnable they rushed wildly to the Madison street entrance and there encountered over a hundred police officers but these were driven before the impetuous tide of humanity like so many boys. Strong men nearly overcome in that rush of thousands upon the ball and women were carried bodily vainly appealing for their safety to the irresistible force from the rear.

The police were conquered, the crowd after many futile attempts waited doggedly until the entrance on Madison street was opened and then rushed in, brushing the officers aside or carrying them ahead. Utterly unable to handle the crowd the sergeant in command telephoned for a squad of mounted police and these quickly restored order. No tickets were taken up and most of those who depended upon getting seats on the floor by ticket were sadly disappointed. Many of them had to stand up during the entire meeting. All kinds of "silver fakirs" were plying their business around the great building before the doors were opened. Men were selling pictures of the candidates, literature, palm leaf fans, Bryan buttons, and a Bryan fan finished in silver with picture of Bryan in relief.

The opening of the meeting surpassed anything I ever witnessed, anything I ever expect to witness and according to the statements of prominent men present anything in the history of New York city.

The auditorium is a vast oval, the longer diameter being about 400 feet in length. All around it is a high gallery, viz, one with numerous tiers of seats. Above this gallery on the sides are two high balconies, and on the ends four balconies, the highest being about sixty feet above the floor. In the lower gallery, on one side, the rostrum for the speakers was erected, but it was only big enough to hold about half a dozen persons.

As the notables arrived and took their places close to the rostrum the vast audience began to cheer. Every man in the hall threw off his coat and his vest, if he wore any, and most all had large palm leaf fans which were in motion all the time like the wings of butterflies.

As Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, together with Mr. and Mrs. Bland, Mr. Sewall, Senator Jones and Gov. Stone of Missouri entered the hall, the audience cheered wildly and cheered and cheered again.

The introductory speeches were not completed before the audience began a stampede for Bryan. The chairman, however, refused to give way and finished his introduction of Bryan.

Then came cheers and yells. Never was there such a spectacle of enthusiasm gone wild. For 15 minutes the tumult went on. Mr. Bryan, suffering as he was from sore throat and exhaustion, would not attempt to speak until silence was restored. He sat down and began sucking a slice of a lemon. Then he got up and raised his hand for silence, but the ovation continued for fully five minutes longer. His voice was weak and husky in the beginning, certain cadences being so weak that he was obliged to avoid them altogether, and this placed him under the disagreeable necessity of speaking in what might be called a falsetto voice throughout his entire discourse. As he proceeded, however, his voice became stronger and his peroration was delivered without his manuscript in his characteristically bold and emphatic style.

The climaxes of his discourse, and they were very numerous, were wildly cheered. At first there was a continuous bustle of persons moving around the passages in the pit, but those farthest away finding that they could not hear his words quite clearly left the hall and then the audience became one of the quietest and most interested that could be conceived.

They sat spell bound as he delivered his speech from the type written copy, but his delivery was clear, vigorous and forcible as his arguments upon the issues of the campaign were pointed and unanswerable.

I will quote here as nearly as I can remember the passages that aroused the greatest enthusiasm from the audience.

"The commandment thou shalt not steal thundered from Mt. Sinai and reiterated in the legislation of all nations is no respector of persons."

"I shall offer no apology for the income tax of the Chicago platform."

In arguing that the people have a right to criticize the supreme court—"No public official who conscientiously discharges his duty as he sees it, will desire to deny to those whom he serves, the right to discuss his official conduct."

"Take from the gold standard the powerful support of the money owning and the money changing classes and it cannot stand for one day in any nation of the world.

"The advocates of the gold standard bend their energies to the permanent establishment of a gold standard under cover of a declaration for bimetallism. Honest money cannot be expected at the hands of those who deal dishonestly with the American people.

"Wage earners know that while a gold standard raises the purchasing power of the dollar, they know that employment is less permanent, loss of work more probable and re-employment less certain.

"It is not strange that those who have made a profit by furnishing gold to the government in the hour of its extremity, favor a financial policy that will keep the government dependent upon them.

"A monetary system which is advantageous to a few syndicates has less to commend it than a system which would give hope and encouragement to those who create the nation's wealth.

"The restoration of bimetallism will restore the parity between money and property and thus permit an era of prosperity which will enable the American people to become loaners of money instead of perpetual borrowers. How long can we continue borrowing under a system which by lowering the value of property weakens the foundation upon which credit rests?

"It seems certain that the fall in the gold price of silver is due to legislation and not to natural laws.

"If in November the people declare themselves in favor of bimetallism the system can be inaugurated in a few months.

"Threats and intimidations will be of no avail. The people who in 1776 rejected the doctrine that kings rule by right divine will not in this generation subscribe to the doctrine that money is omnipotent.

In delivering himself of this gem Bryan seemed to be suddenly taken with an impulse of patriotic fire and in quick response 10,000 men in their shirt sleeves jumped to their feet, waved fans, hats, coats and handkerchiefs in the air, while they cheered as if to lift the roof from the mammoth building.

It was five minutes before order was restored and after a few more sentences the scene was renewed by the following: "When our opponents assert that this nation is helpless to protect the rights of its own citizens, we challenge them to submit the issue to the people whose patriotism has never been appealed to in vain."

Here the orator laid down his manuscript and began his peroration with all the force and expression of which he is capable and it was but a few minutes until the audience again broke out in the most enthusiastic cheers. "When it is seriously asserted," said the speaker, "That this nation must bow to the dictates of other nations and accept the policies which they insist upon, the right of self-government is assailed and until that question is settled all other questions are insignificant."

In his concluding figure representing Columbia with hands bound in golden shackles appealing to nations beyond the sea for help, he appealed to his audience to break those shackles and to make Columbia as she should be a light among the nations of the earth and to picture her rather as the majestic statue that guards the entrance of the harbor—the Goddess of Liberty enlightening the world.

His speech occupied an hour and forty minutes in delivery and except in his peroration, Mr. Bryan made no attempt at oratory but in that he showed what he could do. He never made the slightest stumble in his entire address.

At the close he retired to his seat. Mr. Sewall was presented and spoke but so great was the noise that he was not heard. He is a poor speaker at best. A notable incident was the appearance of extra editions of New York papers containing the entire speech before Bryan had finished its delivery. Ice water sold for five cents a glass, large fans found a ready sale.

A temporary hospital was improvised in the basement and ambulances were in waiting to carry away anybody overcome by the heat but they had little to do.

Mrs. Bryan sat calmly near the rostrum and as the leaders shook her husband's hand after the meeting, she too smilingly advanced and shook his hand as if to say, "Well done, William." Then came calls for Mrs. Bryan but the chairman rapped his gavel on the desk and one of the most enthusiastic meetings ever held in New York had closed.

After the meeting the thousands who could not enter the hall were addressed by Mr. Bryan from the balcony of the Bartholdi house.

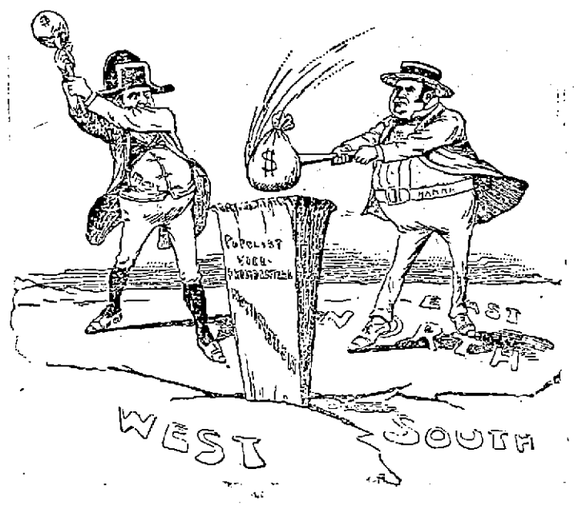
In the Bartholdi the Fifth avenue hotel and the Hoffman house all the democratic leaders were present and everywhere Mr. Bryan's speech was pronounced exhaustive, statesmanlike and the ablest discussion of the campaign issues yet given to the public.

The gold papers criticized him because he read his speech but as it was given out in advance he was obliged to read it in order not to depart from what he had given to the press. His aim was to give the best possible exposition of the democratic platform and judged in that light his oration could not be excelled.

In speaking so often under the melting heat Mr. Bryan is taking his life in his hand. He is bound that nobody will be any nearer the enemies lines than he himself. He is a born leader, and the apostle of genuine democracy as opposed to plutocrats, who corrupt legislation and override the will of the sovereign people.

The silver sentiment in New York pervades the city and being but a sample of what is sweeping this country it gives the most unmistakable indications of Bryan's election in November.

EDWARD GALLAGHER.



THEY MUST RECKON WITH THE GOOD SENSE OF THE PEOPLE.

Police Court—Pickman, J.

Of the five drunks that appeared before Judge Pickman in Police court this forenoon four were fined $1 and one $5.

Mary A. Massey and Annie Herson, charged with assault and battery upon Marie Carelle, were both held in $200 untill tomorrow for trial.

Joseph Connelly and Thos. Barnfarther, who were both arrested in Tyngsboro last evening on suspicion of breaking and entering the Gaudette residence in Middlesex Village, both pleaded not guilty and their case was continued for trial until Aug. 18.

John Emmett was charged with malicious mischief in breaking to pieces a stove belonging to Lizzie de L'Toile.

He is the individual who shot the woman about a year ago in Nashua because of a quarrel or misunderstanding that they had. The present trouble was over the return of a ring which the complainant, is said, refused to give the defendant. Emmett asked for a continuance of three days in order to obtain counsel but he was granted until Wednesday next. John Muck withdrew his approval and took his sentence for drunkenness. Several juvenile cases came up for consideration. State Agent Hull being present in behalf of the offenders.

Camile Homeon and James Qualey were fined $3 each for petty acts of violence in assaulting people who were unfortunate enough to run against them.

James M. Dane was fined $2 for larceny.

Bridget McNally, one of the girls who stole a quart of milk, was sent to jail for two months and Margaret E. Clark, her companion, was sent to the Lancaster school for girls.

Reducing the Death Rate.

Never in the memory of the oldest inhabitant has there been experienced such a protracted spell of hot weather attended with so many fatalities, but many of whom could have been prevented if they had only fortified themselves in time with Lowell's great king of cure-alls, the celebrated Dow's Cholera Mixture. It veritably goes without saying that this excellent and indispensable household remedy has saved more lives than any other medicinal compound in the pharmacetical list for it is decidedly the best known to materia medica and a preparation in which the proprietors have such great confidence that they make the standing, and stereotyped offer of "No cure, no pay." If you have not a bottle in your household get one at once and be prepared for any emergency and at the same time save large doctor's bills.

That Tired Feeling

Makes you seem "all broken up," without life, ambition, energy or appetite. It is often the forerunner of serious illness, or the accompaniment of nervous troubles. It is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is therefore apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

LATEST

DEMANDS THEIR RELEASE

MINISTER TERRELL WANTS FREEDOM FOR ARMENIANS.

Six Armenians, Who are Naturalized, Imprisoned at Aleppo and Terrell Has Demanded Their Immediate Release.

Constantinople, Aug. 14.—United States Minister Terrell has demanded the release of six Armenians, naturalized American citizens, who are imprisoned at Aleppo.

Mr. Terrell has intimated that any further imprisonment of American citizens will not be tolerated by this country.

DEATHS.

WALLACE—Annie B. Wallace, aged 27 years, died this morning at 10 Morton street, Tewksbury.

HOWE—Moses G. Howe, well known in this city, died in Boston yesterday. Funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon in the Edson cemetery chapel.

BURNS—Androw, the infant son of Andrew and Mary Burns, died last night at 16 Second street.

GREEN—George T. Green, aged 52 years, formerly of Lowell, died in Englewood, N. J., Tuesday.

CHALMERS—Elizabeth Chalmers, 50 years of age, wife of Thomas Chalmers, died last evening at 77 Fremont street. Besides her husband she leaves three daughters and one son.

CHALK—Patience Chalk, aged 72 years, 3 months, wife of John Chalk, died yesterday at 53 Keene street.

CARR—Elizabeth Carr, aged 70 years, wife of Gilbert Carr, died last evening at 13 Stackpole street. Deceased had resided in Belvidere for many years. Besides her husband she is survived by one son, Charles F. Carr, the well known armorer of the Westford street armory. Funeral tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from the late residence of deceased.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The water board held a brief meeting last night at which several requests for abatements and extensions were considered.

A meeting of the lands and buildings committee was held yesterday afternoon to consider the award for heating and ventilation contracts for the Bartlett and other school buildings. The bids were opened last evening.

It was voted to refer all the plans of the several systems offered, without giving the figures, to State Inspector White to decide which system is the best in all particulars. It is probable that his recommendation will be adopted.

The superintendent was authorized to attend the Master Builders' convention in Buffalo next month.

The Mail and Mr. Burbank.

Editor of the Sun:

The Mail's attempts to criticise Mr. Burbank's position on the silver question are puerile in the extreme. The idea of the Mail, who knows no more about the silver question than the child unborn, is ludicrous. Mr. Burbank has made an exhaustive study of the question for years, and the Mail apparently has yet to take its first lesson. Of course the Mail feels sick and sore at the manly rejection of the republican platform, that is to be expected. The only effect of the Mail's criticisms will be simply to show its own dense ignorance of the whole subject. The Mail appears to be entirely off its base any way. In one issue it advises Mr. Bryan to call Herr Most, the noted anarchist, to his cabinet, not knowing that Most is a gold man and violently opposed to Bryan. In another issue it calls Bynum of Indiana, the leader of the democrats in the U. S. senate, evidently not knowing that Bynum is not now nor never was a member of the U. S. senate and so on. If the Mail should keep silent on topics it knows nothing about, the public would not know how ignorant it is. Keep quiet or post yourself on the matters you profess to discuss, would certainly be good advice.

OBSERVER.

An Armenian Priest.

Rev. Gurikh S. Kabayian, the Armenian priest now in Lowell, informed a Sun reporter last evening that he had secured the use of the Y. M. C. A. hall on Hurd street for the purpose of holding a devotional meeting at 10 o'clock next Friday forenoon when he will address his fellow countrymen taking for his topic "Conversion and Religion."

This Armenian divine is a native of Harpoot, Turkey, but has been engaged in teaching at Jerusalem and Egypt of late years. He has been in this country three months the most of the time in Worcester. His object is to establish an Armenian church in Lowell. After the meeting in this city, on Sunday, he will address a similar meeting in Lawrence at one o'clock in the afternoon in the vestry of one of the Episcopal churches of that city.

EMERALDS WERE DEFEATED

SOUTH ENDS FINALLY WIN FROM THEM.

Large Crowd Witnesses a Good Game at the Fair Grounds—Murphy's Phenomenal Play—Base Ball Meeting and Other Items.

For once in a long time the Emeralds lost a game to the South Ends yesterday at the Fair grounds about 500 people being present.

The game was well played though the Emeralds couldn't get in hits at the right time.

Manager Kane and his little brother did some of the greatest contorsionistic acts ever seen on a ball field and it was fun to watch them.

It was also interesting to watch Kane play center field for the Emeralds. He attempts plays that no other fielder would attempt and covers more ground than any outfielder in the league.

Dan Murphy made the prettiest catch to a wild throw and subsequent throw of second catching a runner that has been seen this season.

Lynch umpired a good game overlooking one play.

Roark started in to pitch the game but at the end of the fifth Manager Donovan replaced him with McCarthy. The score:

SOUTH ENDS.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Dolan, 3	5	2	1	1	2	2	0
Ball, 2b	6	3	3	3	5	1	0
Maguire, l	3	2	2	3	12	0	2
Davis, c	4	0	1	1	5	2	1
Ledwidge, cf	5	0	2	2	2	0	1
McVey, r	4	1	1	1	0	0	0
Fratus, 1	5	1	1	1	0	0	0
Moore, p	5	1	2	3	1	7	0
Lawler, ss	4	1	1	1	0	2	1
Totals	41	11	14	16	27	14	6

EMERALDS.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Garrigan, 1	5	1	2	2	6	0	0
Muzzey, ss	5	1	1	1	2	3	1
E. Donovan, 2	4	1	0	0	2	1	1
Day, l	5	2	1	2	1	0	0
Connors, r	4	2	2	3	2	0	0
Dan Murphy, 3	4	0	1	1	1	0	2
Kane, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0	1
Dan Murphy, c	3	0	0	0	10	1	0
Roark, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
McCarthy, p	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	35	7	8	10	24	6	6

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
South Ends	0	1	2	3	1	1	3	0	x	11
Emeralds	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	2	0	7

Earned runs, South Ends 4, Emeralds 1; two base hits, Maguire, Moore, Day, Connors; sacrifice hits, E. Donovan, Connors, Dan Murphy; stolen bases, South Ends 3, Emeralds 8; bases on balls, South Ends 6, Emeralds 5; hit by pitched ball, Davis; struck out by Moore 3, Roark 2, McCarthy 6; wild pitches, Moore, Roark; time, 2 hours, 35 minutes; umpire, Lynch; scorer, Daniel Manning.

The League Meeting.

The league held a meeting last evening at which all the managers except Day of the Florence club were present. Several matters were discussed.

It was voted not to drop the Wamesit and Emmet club games. Several other matters were discussed, during which bad blood cropped out. There was some talk of the Emeralds withdrawing, but nothing was done.

DISASTROUS MORNING FIRE

WEST BILLERICA PROPERTY SUCCUMBS TO FLAMES

House of Michael Harrington Burned by an Incendiary, Cattle Suffocated and Tons of Hay Consumed. Watchman Fell Asleep Allowing a Second Attempt to Destroy.

What proved a very serious fire, and supposed to be of incendiary origin, occurred at an early hour this morning in Billerica, on the road to Carlisle and about three miles from North Billerica.

About 3 o'clock Michael Harrington and family were aroused from their slumbers to find the barn enveloped in flames and the bellowing of cattle told only too well that the work of cremation was in progress and that many of the live stock were being consumed in the fiery furnace of death.

With great promptitude, however, six horses were saved, but 16 head of cattle became victims of the flames and were thoroughly consumed.

Word was at once sent to North Billerica for aid with a view of saving the dwelling house. The department of that place responded but owing to the long distance they were unable to prevent the house from destruction. Besides the cattle and farm implements 50 tons of hay were consumed and much of the household goods were destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been set, for an attempt was made on the barn only a short time ago and being discovered in the nick of time was put out. Ever since a sentinel had been placed on duty and was stationed there last night but he fell asleep and was aroused from his slumber by the blaze. The loss is estimated at $3500, partially insured in a Concord Company and through the H. C. Church agency of this city.

FUNERALS.

MELLEN.—The funeral of Harry Mellen will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock from residence, 233 Fayette street.

CARNEY—The funeral of Grace Carney will occur from the home of her parents in Wilson street, North Billerica, tomorrow afternoon.

TEAGUE—The funeral of John J., Teague (who was drowned in Hales brook yesterday) will take place from the home of his parents Daniel and Ellen Teague, 27 Madison street, tomorrow afternoon.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Will West's Benefit Tonight.

Jolly Will West will hold his benefit at the Lakeview theatre tonight and all indications point to a rouser. The advance sale is large, and everything is in favor of a crowded house. The bill presented is one of the best. The entire play of Nita's First and the second act of the Arabian Nights in connection with eight distinct specialties including Max Miller, Griggs & Sanger, Griffin & Cowper and Wm. Way, all of the Dazzler Co.

Is Wanted in Lowell.

Wm. H. Winchester, who was wanted by the Lowell police for swindling a woman of savings which she entrusted to his care, answers the description of the man who recently committed suicide on the Neponset river at Readville.

Brooks Co. Will Sue.

A. L. Brooks & Co., the well known lumber manufacturers of this city, have brought suit against the Hooksett Manufacturing Co., asking damages, and also an injunction against the maintenance of the Hooksett dam unless it is provided with proper sluiceway or other means for preventing injury to the property of the plaintiff as it passes over.

THE SUN EXTRA 5 O'CLOCK

WILL ARBITRATE

Venezuelan Question Nearly Settled.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT HAVE UNDER CONSIDERATION

The Recent Proposition of United States.

London, Aug. 14.—First Lord of the Treasury A. J. Balfour in the house of commons today, in reply to Sir William Vernon Harcourt who requested information relative to the negotiations of arbitration in the Venezuelan matter said that the government is considering the proposition of the United States contained in a dispatch of June 12 and also added that he believed that the proposition would lead to an early settlement of the matter.

OCEAN RECORD BROKEN.

The St. Paul Lowers the Best Westward Record Almost Two Hours.

New York, Aug. 14.—The American liner St. Paul crossed Sandy Hook bar at 9.15 this morning, having left Southampton at 1.35 p. m., last Saturday.

The trip westward was thus made in 6 days, 31 minutes, beating all previous records. The best records heretofore was 6 days, 2 hours 24 minutes, held by the St. Louis.

HOT WAVE SUBSIDES.

But Few Deaths Reported in New York and Philadelphia Today.

New York, Aug. 14.—The hot wave is gradually subsiding here. Seven deaths from the heat of the past few days occurred today.

Philadelphia, Aug. 14.—The weather is cooler today, though a hot wave is expected tomorrow. Three deaths and seven prostrations occurred today.

DREW LINE ON GOLD.

Wyoming Republicans Stood for Everything But Single Gold Standard.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Aug. 14.—The republican state convention today adopted a resolution endorsing the republican ticket and protection but their financial plank declared for the free coinage of silver and gold.

Died From a Fall.

Chelsea, Mass., Aug. 14.—Mrs. E. W. Cook, aged 84 years, died today as the result of a fall down stairs a few days ago.

A Still Alarm.

Sparks from a chimney set fire to the roof of Bryant's blacksmith shop on West Third street early this morning and a still alarm was sent in. A hole was burned in the roof but the damage was slight.

It's Postmaster O'Toole.

Dr. James O'Toole, a former Lowellian, but for sixteen years past a resident of Amesbury, has received his appointment as postmaster of that place, the papers notifying him of the same reaching him yesterday afternoon.

Thrown From Bicycle.

Curtin Bonham, while riding through Chelmsford street a few evenings since, was thrown violently to the ground, the wheel having separated from his machine. He was badly bruised about the head and shoulders, requiring surgical attention, but today, though still suffering his injuries, he was enabled to report for work.

Look Out for Flimflammers.

Lowell business firms will do well to keep on the lookout for flimflammers, who have been operating in Lawrence, and have presumably taken refuge in this city. One of the rascals is about 23 years old, a little over 5 feet tall, dressed in a gray suit of clothes, and wears russet shoes. The other is about 25 years old, nearly 6 feet tall, and wears a dark suit of clothes.

Silver Ware Recovered.

A young man found $150 worth of silver ware hidden in a wood pile at John Brennan's wood yard on Jackson street, yesterday, which had evidently been stolen. The silver ware was taken to the police station and awaits identification.

LOCAL NOTES.

Just what the doctor ordered for this warm weather, crash, linen and pique skirts, lawn wrappers and shirt waists. Grand sale now in progress at Chris Holmes' store, 124 and 126 Merrimack street.

The Y.M.C.I. held a well attended meeting at their hall on Stackpole street last evening, Pres. Henry C. Boulger in the chair. General routine business was transacted.

It is reported that there is a dissolution in the undertaking firm of Molloy Bros. Thomas, yesterday afternoon, in the absence of his brother, C. H. Molloy, who was at a funeral, removed the office desks and safe and disposed of a horse, a carriage, and a robe, and then left town. C. H. Molloy, it is said, will continue to run the business.

About everything necessary for vacation, you'll find here and of the right kinds.

Macintosh coats, warranted waterproof, with or without cape, $5 to $15.

Light weight overcoats, covert or regular lengths, $8 to $20.

Several new shapes Fall Derbys in blacks and browns.

Bicycle suits, caps and hose.

Outing suits and shirts.

Soft and starched shirts.

Bathing suits.

And a dress suit case to carry the whole outfit in.

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.

BASE BALL.

In the postoffice department are three veterans of the base ball field, John Enright and Michael Doyle formerly of the old Lowells and "Al." Ashworth, the crack second baseman of the famous Bartlett team which so well represented the Spindle City in the days of "Auld Lang Syne."

It is stated that base ball on the water is one of the attractions to be offered at the Vesper regatta. It is played with nine men in canoes, the catcher stands on a float. The batter whacks a large ball with a broom, if he can, and then dives overboard and swims to first base, another canoe. The sport comes in trying to steal bases, the diving taking the place of sliding.

Here is what the Philadelphia papers say of Billy Gallagher of this city:

If the Philadelphia club is looking for a right-handed shortstop they might do well to give Gallagher of the Wilmington club, a trial. He handles himself very well and is a good batsman.

Gallagher, the Wilmington shortstop, is a good man, some of the stops he makes are wonderful.

Games Yesterday.

At Boston—New York, 10; Boston, 7.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Washington, 5.
At Chicago—Cincinnati, 7; Chicago, 0.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Baltimore, 2.
Baltimore, 19; Brooklyn, 3.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 22; Fall River, 5.
At Pawtucket—Brockton, 12; Pawtucket, 6.
At Augusta—Augusta, 4; Lewiston, 0.
At Bangor—Bangor, 11; Portland, 8.

PERSONAL.

The Misses Mary and Annie Killeen are at Marlboro.

Miss Lillian Forbes will enjoy her vacation at Old Orchard.

Mrs. W. G. Espie and daughters of West Fitchburg are visiting Lowell relatives.

Mrs. John Donahue of this city is visiting her sister, Mrs. Patrick Reardon of Andover.

Miss Katie F. Fitzpatrick and Miss Nora A. Moore are spending two weeks' vacation at Lynn beach.

Miss Maggie Reardon of Andover has returned home after a very pleasant sojourn with Lowell friends.

Rev. Fr. McCaughan of Springfield, passed yesterday in this city as the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Walker of Hanks street.

Officer John Buchanan, Sergeant Hugh Downey and Officer Martin Connors are sojourning along the Maine seacoast.

Annie C. Bertrand of C street and Mabel Brown of New Fletcher street are stopping at Hotel Brunswick, Nantucket beach.

Misses Mary and Kittie Corcoran of Fort Hill avenue left Lowell, Wednesday, for Newport, R. I., for a stay of two weeks.

Fred Barney, the well known Middlesex street grocer, is enjoying a sojourn in the Pine Tree state with his friends. Mr. David Sullivan of the same establisment an wife have returned from their visit to Old Orchard.

Constable Martin Conway of North Billerica and William Dolan of the Lawrence street engine house, have returned from their New York sojourn and it is rumored that they are going to take the stump for Bryan and Sewall.

Mr. Clarence O. Esterbrook of Hazeltine street, and a popular member of Company M, Ninth Regiment, of this city, have as guests his mother, sister and niece from Vermont. Prior to their departure home they intend to visit points of interest in the old Bay State.

FOR RENT

Nothing better than the New Stedman Tenements on Glidden Ave. and Marginal street. Rents low.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING

is the Lager and Ales that are to be had at McFadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McFadden's Wine rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

49 CHURCH STREET.

SUITS

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READY MADE CLOTHING PRICES.

BERTRAND'S 24 Middle Street.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

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City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

The greatest general in the field today is General Humidity.

Samuel A. Winslow of Worcester is a candidate for the office of lieutenant governor on the republican ticket. He will have several opponents.

There is a cloud over the business of the country, but like every cloud this one has a silver lining. When the clouds pass by, the lining will be found to be free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The watering cart man should be out early and late these days, regardless of the wishes of the bicycle fiend. We don't all ride bicycles, but we do pay for watering the streets. The watering cart is quite a stranger in some sections. We would like to see it down our way once in a while.

The principal occupation of some republican editors seems to be to manufacture rows in the democratic organizations, and to put bogus candidates in the field for every office. The democrats, however, have learned to take with a grain of salt everything they see concerning their party in the republican and so-called non-partisan papers. The republicans have rows enough in their own party if they would only attend to them. The democrats are able to look after their own affairs.

The mortality in this city during the heated period, while not as high as in other cities was still alarmingly high. Would it not be well when the weather is so intolerably hot, to suspend work in places where artificial heat adds to the tortures of the weather? It has been done in several other cities but we have not heard of any such announcement on the part of local employers of labor. In these dull times a brief shut-down would seem to do no great commercial harm, particularly if it saves life. No one should be asked to work at the risk of his very existence. The fatalities that have already occurred should be a warning that some employers might heed.

THE NEED OF FREE BATHS.

These hot days are the most convincing arguments in favor of public baths. These are the days when the baths would be worth many times their cost. It seems a pity with all our other extravagances that the city cannot afford to start even a limited system of public bath houses. Physicians agree that it would assist materially in reducing mortality and be largely conducive to the general health of the community.

The way the boys have to dodge into the rivers and canals, and dodge out at the approach of policemen to escape arrest is almost pitiful. A dog can go in bathing in Lowell to save his life, but a man cannot without running the risk of imprisonment. This shows the need of the free bath houses as proposed by the committee of the city council the early part of the present year. We are behind other cities in this matter and it is not to our credit. We are told that additional loans will be necessary later on in the year. If this is so why would it not be a good plan to make even a small appropriation to start the public bath system. If it is ever started it will no doubt become so popular that the people will demand its continuance and enlargement.

BRYAN'S SPEECH.

Bryan's speech at the notification meeting Wednesday night was a masterpiece of argument and oratory. He demolished every statement made by the gold men, and proved conclusively that our financial system is wrong, and that we are going from bad to worse. He sounded the keynote of the campaign, and gave a public warning that should be heeded by all thinking men. As he says, we have not reached the lowest notch of business depression which is possible under the single gold standard. Is it not therefore the duty of patriotic citizens to vote for a change in our monetary system? Is it not their duty to demand that we go back to the old standard under which the country prospered?

It needs very little argument to show any thinking man that we are at present at the mercy of a few bondholders and money lenders who can corner the money of the country and lower the price of goods at their pleasure. This of itself shows that a change is necessary. When a few men can go into a back room and cripple the business of a great nation, there is something wrong with its monetary system.

Let us have a change; let us return to the free and unlimited coinage of silver; the money of the constitution, the dollar of our fathers—the honest dollar.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

THE BARREL IS NOW OPEN

$20,000,000 ON TAP TO ELECT McKINLEY.

All Forms of Monopoly Contribute to the Fund—Silver and Harbor Ring Subscribe to the Republican Campaign. Usual Donation to Democrats Withheld—Rockefeller Gives a Political "Object Lesson" to the Lake Superior Miners.

Wall street has gone deep into its purse and has supplied the Hanna syndicate with money to an extent never before known in a political campaign, and the stream has only begun to flow, says the New York Journal.

Some time previous to the appearance of Mr. Hanna in the metropolis a member of the sound money committee of the chamber of commerce stated that $2,000,000 would be subscribed by Wall street men. The amount already pledged is far in excess of this sum. By tenants of the Mills building alone $1,000,000 was subscribed. Among those in this building who are said to have given liberally are D. O. Mills, C. P. Huntington, H. McK. Twombly, J. Pierpont Morgan, Henry Clews and the banking houses of I. & S. Wormser and J. & W. Seligman.

Mr. Hanna has made a practice of taking luncheon at the Lawyers' club in the Equitable building. It is convenient for the Wall street financiers to go there, and every day they surrounded the boss, extending encouragement and making promises of money.

Fully $10,000,000 of Wall street money has been pledged already. Of this large amounts have already been paid to Cornelius N. Bliss, the treasurer of the fund. A prominent banker in the street said recently that $20,000,000 might be necessary to elect Mr. McKinley, and if needed it would be forthcoming.

While a great deal of the money which has gone from Wall street is given in the names of individuals, many of these subscriptions are authorized by various corporations in which the donors are interested. This is the case with electric light and gas companies and various street and railroad companies whose owners fear ultimate municipal ownership of this class of property. Many of the traction magnates, both Republicans and gold standard Democrats, have fallen over each other in their haste to subscribe to the Republican campaign fund.

Previous to the action of the chamber of commerce in turning its literature over to the regular Republican campaign committee there was considerable talk in Wall street of a committee of bankers and financiers who would raise a fund and prosecute an independent sound money canvass. When, at the dictation of Mr. Bliss, the chamber of commerce ostensibly went out of the campaign business, the argument was that it would be inexpedient for Wall street to take a stand in a campaign which had become practically a war of ballots between the masses and the moneyed classes.

The committee appointed by the Union League club to solicit campaign subscriptions contains practically the same men as would have appeared in a regular Wall street campaign organization. In fact, it is stated by those who are familiar with the formation of the Union League committee that it was the direct result of the original movement among the Wall street men for a money raising committee.

It is stated that the river and harbor ring, which is the most notorious and powerful of all the Washington lobbies, has given its usual subscription to the Republican campaign, but has withheld a like amount from the Democratic. It has been the custom for this ring to give to both parties alike, to be in command whichever won. The only money which the river and harbor ring will spend for Democratic candidates will be in congressional districts, where it will seek the election or re-election of men whom it knows it can control.

While the moneyed men of Wall street are counting out the dollars to prosecute the campaign they are not slow in giving "object lessons," which they always explain are "all due to the silver agitation." The last of this sort of political "object lesson" has just been given by the iron company of which Mr. Rockefeller is the head, in closing down the mines in the Gogebic range, in the Lake Superior district. The workmen in the Tilden mine were thrown out of employment on July 31.

The day previous, C. T. Randl, president of the company, notified the managers at the mines that the work would stop the following day. In this telegram he says, "They now find it impossible to sell their pig iron product because the agitation in favor of free silver has stopped investments in enterprises which would otherwise enable them to operate their works as usual."

The Republican platform virtually says bimetallism is a good thing, and we will try to persuade other nations to adopt it. The Democratic platform says bimetallism is a good thing, and we mean to adopt it ourselves.

The Difference.

The world knows where Bryan stands. The political syndicate alone knows where McKinley stands.

The Republican campaign has begun in earnest with the clink of the dollar, the lash of the party whip and the cry of "anarchy."

England Cannot Pay In Gold.

Even in England, the home of the gold standard, its monetary system would not exist if 5 per cent of those promises in gold should be demanded at any time.

When Reed Was Most Convincing.

Tom Reed's short speeches in opposition to McKinley's nomination were more entertaining and convincing than his labored efforts in favor of election.

The Best Money.

We deny that the best money is the money of the greatest purchasing power. If that were the case, then the greater the purchasing power the more valuable would be the money, and the dollar which would buy three bushels of wheat would be better than the dollar that would buy two bushels of wheat, and so on ad infinitum. If this were the best money, and, as your monetary school would have us believe, is for the best interests of the whole people, then the tendency would be to have the money get better and better and the purchasing power of the dollar get larger and larger, because good money, from your definition, lies in the direction of greatest purchasing power. We deny this; every honest American denies it; every toiler denies it; every man who is willing to give value received for what he gets denies it, and only the selfishness of the men who have money or who have contracts in the shape of bonds and mortgages which call for money and those living upon fixed incomes have ever maintained that an increasing standard, like the law of 1873 fastened upon this country, is good money or is honest money.—George P. Hummer to Millionaire Steinway.

Blaine on Silver.

Speaking of the demonetization of silver by the act of 1873, James G. Blaine, the great successful leader of the Republican party for so many years, in the senate, Feb. 7, 1878, said:

"I believe gold and silver coin to be the money of the constitution—indeed the money of the American people anterior to the constitution which the great organic law recognized as quite independent of its own existence. No power was conferred on congress to declare that either metal should not be money. Congress has therefore, in my judgment, no power to demonetize silver any more than to demonetize gold—no power to demonetize either than to demonetize both. If, therefore, silver has been demonetized, I am in favor of remonetizing it. If its coinage has been prohibited, I am in favor of ordering it to be resumed; if it has been restricted I am in favor of having it enlarged. In logic and legal construction it would be difficult to show where and why the power of congress over silver is greater than over gold, greater over either than over the two."

Prices and Debts.

The argument so often made that decreased prices must necessarily follow increased production is not tenable, although no one denies that if the price of shoes, for instance, decreases the money so received will have a correspondingly greater purchasing power in other commodities. But this will not do, for, although its purchasing power is increased so far as commodities are concerned, debts have not fallen, and as the debts of the country—personal, municipal, state and national—constitute 40 per cent of the entire wealth, which must be borne by the people, it is perfectly plain that the increased fruits of the people's toil are ignominiously surrendered to the creditor, thus giving the latter an unearned increment for the use of his capital.—Torney E. Woodner.

HESITATE NO LONGER.

Modesty in women is natural. It is one of women's chief charms.

No one cares for one who really lacks this essential to womanliness.

Women have suffered fearfully because of over-sensitiveness in this direction. They couldn't say to the physician what they ought to say to someone. Mrs. Pinkham has received the confidence of thousands. Women open their hearts to her. She understands their suffering, and has the power to relieve and cure.

In nearly all cases the source of women's suffering is in the womb. In many cases the male physician does not understand the case and treats the patient for consumption—indigestion—anything but the right thing.

It is under such circumstances that thousands of women have turned to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and opened their heart and lives—woman to woman—and received her help.

You ask how she can tell if the doctor cannot? Because no man living ever treated so many cases and possesses such vast experience.

Displacement, inflammation, torpid action, stagnation, sends to all parts of the body the pains that crush you.

Lydia E. Pinkham's "Vegetable Compound" is the sure cure for this trouble. For twenty years it has done its grand work and cured thousands.

LOWELL

RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

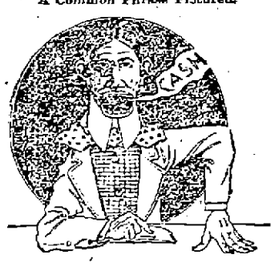
Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 582-4.

THE ONLY True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Therefore get Hood's and ONLY HOOD'S.

SUNBEAMS.

A Common Phrase Pictured.



A COUNTER IRRITANT.

—Truth.

Josephine's a Flirt.

When at home she meets me,
Joyously she greets me:
Once she even kissed me,
Made believe she missed me.
Still I must assert
Josephine's a flirt.

For, when next I found her—
Other men around her—
"Cut me dead," and, laughing,
Set the crowd to chaffing.
Hence I must assert:
Josephine's a flirt.

She's my neighbor's baby;
Will outgrow it, maybe,
But methinks at twenty,
Men there'll be a-plenty
Who will still assert
Josephine's a flirt.

—Clarence Ousley in Texas Sifter.

An Ammunition Pie.

"Is this an ammunition pie, ma'am?" asked young Mr. Fledgely as he raised the upper crust.

"An animunition pie, Mr. Fledgely?" repeated the landlady. "I don't know what you mean by that. This is a huckleberry pie."

"Oh," said young Mr. Fledgely as he replaced the cover, "these are huckleberries, are they? I thought it was loaded with bird shot."

"Men have got shot for less than that," said Mr. Billings.

"Or half shot," said the landlady, "with a very small load."

Then everybody looked at young Mr. Fledgely and that facetious young man actually blushed.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Exemplifying a Proverb.

"Did you ever go to war, boss?" inquired a traveler of a farmer.

"No, sir. I have enough to do looking after hogs."

"Thank heaven," fervently ejaculated the traveler.

"What for?" asked the astonished granger.

"Because I have at last met the man who really believes that 'the pen is mightier than the sword.'"—Texas Sifter.

A Literary Surprise.

"Who would a-thought it!" exclaimed the old man rapturously. "Here's John turned out to be a writer for the papers."

"Do tell!"

"Hit's a fact! Here's a paper what says he sells bacon cheaper an cheaper, an they jest can't beat him on flour, an his name signed to the whole piece!"—Atlanta Constitution.

A Trick of the Trade.

Dick—But how do you know he is a sign painter?

Harry—Because he wrote a sentence in which there were six apostrophes, and he got every single one of them in the wrong position.—Boston Transcript.

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Stout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Masonic Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR H. ROOT, Manufacturer.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

YOU'RE THE JUDGE AND JURY

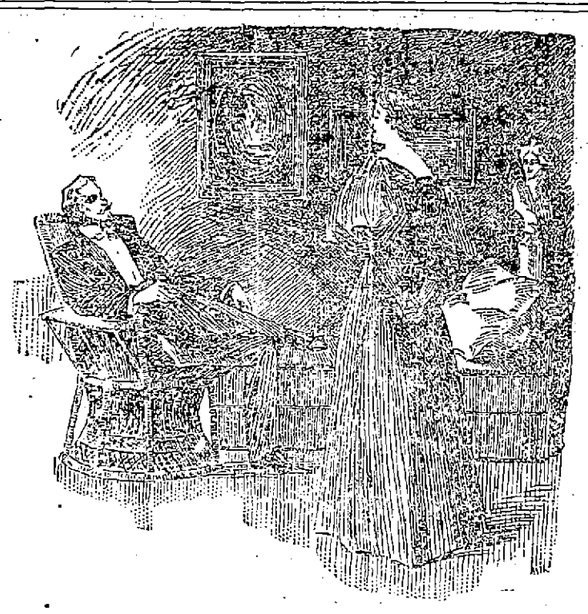
In this case and the question is simply this: We claim that we have the best and the most up-to-date stock of Furnishings for gentlemen to be found in this vicinity, including the new Hats in all styles, and your opinion would be highly esteemed. Just drop in and look them over.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street. Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00. J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.



He: "'Man proposes'—what's the rest of that quotation?"

She: "Woman accepts."

DIET

For convalescents and invalids; for children or for people with weak digestion must be carefully prepared from the most wholesome ingredients. For such cooking, Cottolene proves invaluable. It imparts a delicate flavor to the food; making it at once palatable and healthful.

Cottolene

is undoubtedly the best cooking material ever produced. Get the genuine.

Look for the Cottolene trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, Boston, Portland, Me., New York.

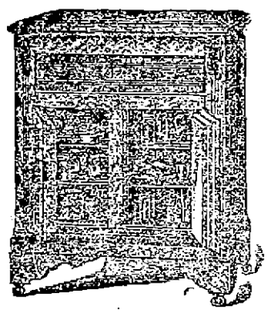
PAVONIA BEER

We are now drawing this Beer direct from our large refrigerator and claim it is as good, if not better than any Lager sold in Lowell.

BASS' ALE and SMITH'S PHILADELPHIA ALE ON DRAUGHT

CHARLES H. JOYCE, 9 and 15 Middle St.

Refrigerators and Ice Chests



Are no longer considered a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a household necessity, the purchase of a first class, honestly made one being a source of economy rather than expense.

We can show you the finest line and the only genuine cleanable refrigerators sold in Lowell. Examine them and you will be convinced of this fact. Prices from

$5.50 UPWARD.

Latest patterns in Carpets, Lace Curtains and Upholstery Goods. Upholstering done in a reliable manner by experienced workmen. A fine line of first class Household Goods always in stock and our prices are the very lowest.

GOOKIN BROS.

66 Prescott Street.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S

279 DUTTON STREET.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

14 inch TURKEY DUSTER

For 25 Cents.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

WHO IS IN LUCK?

The people who buy their fresh pies, bread, cakes, rolls, cookies, doughnuts, etc., of us, and keep away from the hot stove, live well, keep cool and happy and are lucky. Our market contains fresh vegetables and fruits from our best farms around Lowell. Come in our store and look around at our choice assortment of eatables.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

615 MIDDLESEX STREET.

28 THORNDIKE STREET.

Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

Refresh Yourself With a Mint Julep

Made in the most correct fashion at

JOHN M. PEVEY'S

55-57 MIDDLE ST.

"GLEN FOREST,"

Fare From Lowell 10c.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 10.

Every afternoon and Evening.

STAGE SHOW BY

UNTHAN

The Armless Wonder and First Class Vaudeville Artists.

Afternoons, Balloon Ascensions and Parachute Leaps by

MONS. ROBERTO,

THE METEOR OF THE SKY

Beautiful and Romantic Voyage to the Clouds, and a Terrible Parachute Dive. The Very Acme of Daring and Thrilling Adventure.

LAKEVIEW PARK

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 10.

An Event in American Amusements. New, Novel and Strikingly Majestic,

Presented with the most splendid, elaborate, costly and resplendent effects, Regal Wardrobe and Lavish Decorations.

GORMAN'S IMPERIAL JAPANESE TROUPE.

Presenting the Pastimes, Games and Sports of the Flowery Kingdom; Oriental Pictures of the Land of Enchantment, and Scenes from Mikado's, Royal Circus, forming in its entirety the

GREATEST OUTDOOR ATTRACTION EVER PRESENTED IN THIS COUNTRY.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

WEEK OF AUG. 10.

Fourth week of the successful

WESTON-REIMER COMEDY CO.

and big production of the greatest laugh producer in 3 acts entitled

"NITA'S FIRST,"

or "Where is the Baby?"

Prices, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents.

Secure Reserved Seats at Lord's ticket agency, Runel's building.

Evening performances at 8 o'clock. Matinees Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Next week, fifth week and production of "OLD UNCLE JOHN."

Lowell and Haverhill to Salisbury Beach.

On and After Aug. 1st

STEAMER MERRIMAC

Will leave Haverhill for Salisbury, (weather permitting) at 9.30 a. m. daily (and 2 p. m. daily except Monday.)

Electric cars leave Lowell for Haverhill to connect with the Steamer at 7 and 7.30 a. m. daily, (and 12 a. m. daily except Monday.

Popular Excursion every afternoon except Monday. Special round trip tickets good for the afternoon only, 25c.

Cheapest and best route to the shore. Special rates to parties of 25 or more.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill, 15 Merrimack Street.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 474-4.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST

WANT COLUMN.

INFORMATION WANTED of Richard Fair, cotton spinner, left Bolton, England, 25 years ago, was last heard from in Lowell 3 years ago. Please address his daughter Clara Fair, care of Mrs. Flower, Bedley ave., Central Falls, R. I.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

LOST—A clustered diamond ring. The finder will receive a liberal reward by returning the same to the Sun office.

FOUND—A gold watch, on Middlesex street, Saturday. Owner can recover same by proving property. Apply to George Short, 44 Beck street.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, good cottage house of 7 rooms, all modern improvements, in good shape. Price $2250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Arlan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—In a good location, good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land. Price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists: Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—8 miles from Lowell, good farm of 17 acres of land, good set of buildings, lot of fruit, 1-2 mile from post office; store and church close by; easy terms. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—A nice business for a lady near old post office, old established place, pays well, must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—On Appleton street, a nice place with all modern improvements; this is your chance, call for particulars. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—7-room cottage house, large lot of land, 8 minutes' walk from mills. This is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

New Cottage House $1500

One nice new cottage house of seven rooms, bath, pantry, etc. 3000 square feet of land, graded and fenced, 1200 feet to school and electrics, near new Moody street bridge. Will sell on easy terms, $10 per month. Come quick.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

STOP AND THINK,

Vain Regrets usually follow hasty actions.

Is it cheaper to get a cheap job cheap than to get a good job done at a reasonable price?

Good work at reasonable prices has built up our business.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Builders and Repairers.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

DAVIS AND Nickerson

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

443 Corham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

SCOTT & O'DAY,

Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers

Steam, Gas and Water Piping.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

54 APPLETON STREET.

Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

NEW ENGLAND BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

FALL TERM BEGINS AUGUST 31st.

CLICK & YOUNG. Runel's Bld.

5 O'CLOCK

EXTRA

SEN. JONES' PLAN

For Overcoming Lack of Harmony.

HE WOULD NOT REMOVE BACKSLIDERS.

Will Make Additions to Principal Committee.

New York, Aug. 14.—Following closely the visit of a large delegation of Pennsylvania men to Mr. Bryan yesterday, Chairman Jones sent out a telegram that James Kerr of Clearfield would be a proper man to elect as chairman, in place of Mr. Wright, resigned. The Harrity men did not believe it, and had a candidate of their own, Colonel Spangler. Late in the afternoon a telegram from Harrisburg related that Mr. Spangler would be elected. It is said that Chairman Jones then answered back that if Kerr was not chosen he would resort to the power conferred upon him and would remove Harrity from the national committee and appoint Kerr. Senator Jones was shown a dispatch relating to this story by a press representative. He read it through carefully, and then positively declined to talk.

"Is the statement untrue?" he was asked.

"I do not care to talk," he answered somewhat sharply.

"May we say, then, that it is true?"

"I have no time to talk about it, or bother with denying it," he answered, and retired to his room.

But he came out a few minutes later. He had just received a telegram, saying that Gorman, in whose favor Spangler had retired, had been elected over Kerr, thus giving the victory to the Harrity people. It is said that then Senator Jones made the assertion that all national committeemen who did not take an active part in the campaign would be ousted from the committee.

The refusal of Senator Jones to either affirm or deny that the statement was made by him puts the matter in a curious light.

A friend of Harrity's, and the New York state committeeman, Sheehan, said, when the matter was mentioned: "I don't think that Senator Jones is so lacking in political knowledge as to make that statement. The fact is that he cannot remove any member of the national committee, and it is a question whether the committee itself can do that. The national committee is not a legislative body, and it is not a judge of its members on their qualifications. The only way a member can be removed is by the state committee from his home state. Senator Jones has made a mistake."

Later in the night, a friend of Senator Jones consented to tell what may really be the plan of the national chairman in disciplining the alleged obstinate members of the committee. He said: "I think that Chairman Jones' attitude has been misconstrued in this matter. He will not, as has been stated, attempt to remove the members from New York, Connecticut and Pennsylvania, who have not taken any part in our proceedings. But he will do this: The chairman, in making up his campaign and executive committees, was given power to select persons outside of the national committee. The states of New York, Connecticut and Pennsylvania will be represented on these committees, but not by their national committeemen. James Kerr will probably be chosen for Pennsylvania, Alex. Troupe for Connecticut, and probably William Sulzer for New York, although the latter matter may be left open until the New York state Democratic convention meets. That may be set down as Mr. Jones' present plan."

Chairman Jones sent word last night to all the newspaper men that he had not yet prepared his committee lists fully. In the meantime, the matter of selection of a national headquarters city remains unsettled, but it is conceded that Washington stands the best chance of obtaining it.

Holman Won't Withdraw.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 14.—At a meeting of the Democratic county committee yesterday, it was voted unanimously to ask C. Vey Holman of South Thomaston to withdraw from the Knox county ticket, on which he stands as candidate for state senator. The reason given for this is that Mr. Holman has repudiated the action of the Chicago convention, and is not in sympathy with the county Democrats. He was officially notified of what had been done, but refused point blank to withdraw.

Jones Thinks it Fine.

New York, Aug. 14.—James K. Jones, chairman of the national committee, says: "It was a strong, clear and statesmanlike speech. It clearly set out the interest of the masses and of society in the success of the Democratic ticket. It was so simple that the humblest citizen will read it with pleasure. It was so just that even an opponent cannot successfully criticise it. It is a fine campaign document."

Holman Issues a Call.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 14.—C. V. Holman, Maine's member of the Democratic national committee, issued a call for a mass convention of sound money Democrats at Portland, Aug. 20, for the purpose of nominating delegates to the Indianapolis convention and an electoral ticket.

Adverse Criticism.

New York, Aug. 14.—Anent the speech made by Mr. Bryan, the New York Sun says: A great frost descended on the garden. The New York Tribune says: The expected flight of eloquence was a waste of words. The New York Press says: Bryan cleaned out the garden.

British Press Comments.

London, Aug. 14.—The evening newspapers here reproduce copious extracts from Mr. Bryan's speech at Madison Square Garden, Wednesday evening. The Pall Mall Gazette has a column leading editorial on the subject, headed: "The Bubble Burst Itself," and saying: His managers have discovered that it is unsafe to estimate him at more than 50 cents to the dollar, concluding with the remark that the gold standard may breathe freely.

The St. James Gazette, referring to the income tax feature of the speech, says: If Mr. Bryan collides with the supreme court, he will frighten away more citizens than he would by fiscal or economic excesses.

The New York correspondent of the Daily News, in a dispatch to that paper to be published today, says: "A more complete and humiliating failure than Mr. Bryan's was never seen in our politics."

The Times says: Opinions differ as to whether Mr. Bryan has improved his chances of election by putting his socialistic views in the background, but the reports of the speech and of the character of the meeting, so far received, are not precise enough to enable observers at a distance to adopt decided views.

Hounding the Laureda.

Philadelphia, Aug. 14.—It is stated in this city that the Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes has started northward, along the Atlantic coast, in quest of the Laureda. The filibuster sailed a week ago, bearing a portion of one of the best equipped expeditions that has gone to the insurgents' aid. The Reina Mercedes was in the vicinity of Jacksonville Wednesday. Should the report be true that she is coming north, no doubt exists that the warship will keep scrupulously outside the three mile limit; what she could do would be to dog the Laureda until the steamer had to put into some port, where a charge of filibustering might be made out against her.

Diamond Thief Owns Up.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Aug. 14.—Irving Marks, the notorious diamond robber, confessed last night to Sheriff Clark at Kingston, that all the diamonds found in his effects at the Revere House were stolen property, and he also gave the sheriff the names of the owners of much of it. Marks also confessed to a large robbery of jewelry at the Craymore, in Atlantic City, on July 13. Two watches, stolen by Marks and pawned in Newport, were recovered yesterday.

Lynn's Labor Demonstration.

Lynn, Mass., Aug. 14.—The labor organizations held a demonstration and parade here last night, with 3000 men in line. It was an expression of sympathy for the locked out lasters and those who came out on a sympathetic strike. The features of the parade were a number of illuminated banners, bearing comments on the Plant trouble. A mass meeting was held on the common, attended by about 20,000 people. Walter L. Ramsdell presided, and the speakers, besides him, were John F. Tobin, Rev. Herbert N. Casson and Frank Thompson. There was a general condemnation of the attitude of Mr. Plant. His position was declared to be arrogant and unjustifiable. It was declared that the war had already had its effect on Mr. Plant, and that it would continue. The statement presented by the firm was denounced as incorrect, and many of its alleged inaccuracies were pointed out.

Death of Sir John Millais.

London, Aug. 14.—Sir John Millais, the distinguished painter, president of the Royal academy, died at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. On May 10 last he underwent the operation of tracheotomy for the relief of cancer of the throat, and never fully rallied from its effects. Sir John Everett Millais was born at Southampton in 1829. His end was painless. The queen, Prince and Princess of Wales and the Duke and Duchess of York have telegraphed their condolences, and many messages have been received from Europe and America. All the morning papers have editorials pointing out the incalculable loss to British art, and the difficulty which the Royal academy will find in selecting a worthy successor.

Robbed Her Employers.

Boston, Aug. 14.—Police officials are congratulating themselves over the arrest, yesterday, of Mabel Fraser, 38 years old, a domestic, formerly employed by J. S. Gordon of Beacon street. Some time ago Mr. Gordon missed two valuable diamond rings and two silver tea spoons, and suspicion fell upon the domestic. On searching her trunk several thousand dollars' worth of jewelry, silverware and clothing was found. Several articles have been identified by former employers of the girl. Miss Fraser came from Augusta, Me. She was formerly a telegraph operator, but losing her position she secured employment as a domestic.

A Visitor From Cuba.

Boston, Aug. 14.—Captain L. Prado, a Cuban officer, arrived here yesterday from Jamaica on the fruit steamer Ethelred, on his way to New York, with documents for the Cuban junta. Captain Prado and a companion report being chased by a Spanish gunboat while going from Cuba to Jamaica in a small boat into Dry harbor, near Falmouth. The British officials held them for violation of the quarantine rules, and refused to surrender them to the Spanish officers, who demanded them. On being released, Captain Prado left for the United States.

The Moore Brothers' Difficulty.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—The Chicago news bureau says: An important alteration has been made in the Diamond Match trustees' agreement. The change will permit the Moore Bros. to retain control of their property, and allow them to deal direct with the brokers who have claims against them. It is believed that the Moores will settle their obligations with the members of the Exchange by paying one-half of the obligations in cash and the remainder in notes, running for one year.

Butchers' Boycotts.

Denver, Aug. 14.—The National Retail Butchers' Protective association, now holding its annual convention in this city, has decided to enforce the boycott previously ordered against all meats handled by the Armour Packing company. It was unanimously resolved to continue the fight made on New York city department stores which sell meats.

Too Much Whisky.

Cleveland, Aug. 14.—Wholesale liquor dealers from all parts of the country will meet in this city on Aug. 31, to organize a National Liquor Dealers' association. It is stated that a capital of $100,000,000 will be represented at the meeting. The chief object of the convention will be to devise plans to prevent overproduction of whisky.

Won by Cambridge Man.

Saratoga, Aug. 14.—In the final heat of the senior singles of the regatta of the National Amateur Rowing association yesterday, Joe Whitehead of the Riverside Boat club of Cambridge, Mass., won.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

MANY PERISHED

In the Great Flood Near Pittsburg.

SEVERAL HOUSES WERE FAIRLY CARRIED AWAY.

People Barely Escaped With Their Lives.

Pittsburg, Aug. 14. — A great rainstorm burst over this city and vicinity yesterday, deluging territory of several miles in area, swelling streams into torrents, sweeping away bridges and buildings and sending a score or more of souls into eternity. The storm came from the southwest, and great banks of dark, angry clouds hovered over Pittsburg and surrounding country, turning daylight into darkness and striking terror to the hearts of the inhabitants. Suddenly the clouds burst asunder, and the rain fell in sheets. The greatest damage is reported from the Pine Creek valley, a few miles north of this city, but definite reports of the loss of life and property are coming in slowly. First reports placed the number of lives lost at six, but it is now believed that no less than 30 persons have perished in the flood. Pine creek has overflowed its banks, and from the little hamlet of Dehaven, in the wild woods, the greatest damage is reported. Information was received at the coroner's office that six lives were lost at Dehaven. From other sources come reports of fatalities along Pine creek, but confirmation of these is difficult. Dehaven is an oil town, of several hundred inhabitants. The bridge across Pine creek at this point was carried away by the flood, and the creek was soon filled with oil tanks, houses, barns and other drift, which indicated a heavy total loss to the neighborhood. The creek flows through Etna, another suburb, and at this point Main street was flooded to the depth of six feet. Residents all along the banks of the creek were forced to flee from their houses to the hillsides for safety. A whole family, named Appleton, occupying a house on the banks of Pine creek, were wiped out.

Mrs. Thomas Byrnes was caught in the flood and drowned. The station at Etna is submerged. The body of Mrs. Thompson of Sharpsburg was recovered from the river.

The water completely submerged Sprang & Chalfant's mill, and rose so rapidly that the men who were at work at the time were compelled to swim for their lives. The men in the foundry of Walter, Walker & Co. had also great difficulty in escaping. All work was suspended.

One of the peculiarities of the storm in Pine Creek, aside from its severity, was that it was unaccompanied by thunder and lightning. It came very quickly, and with no warning whatever. The heavy rain lasted for fully three hours.

The cause of the storm can be directly attributed to the approach of the cool wave from the northwest. A heavy fog, which was mixed with smoke, hung over the city during the early morning. This was an indication of approaching trouble.

The total rainfall, up until 12 o'clock, amounted to 2.24 inches. In one hour the gauge at the weather bureau showed that the precipitation had amounted to 1.80 inches. The heavy rains seemed to keep well north of Pittsburg.

There must have been three or four inches of rain at Dehaven while it lasted, to cause so much damage. As a result of the heavy rains there will be a rapid rise in the rivers.

The storm in Pittsburg and Allegheny was one of the most severe of the year. The rainfall was very great, over two inches falling during the forenoon. Great damage was done by the water in various parts of the city. Streets were scattered with mud and debris, car lines were tied up and their tracks blockaded, and houses were flooded and rendered unsafe. The storm was specially felt at Butler street and in the vicinity of Sharpsburg.

A Terrible Record.

New York, Aug. 14.—A breeze was blowing at the torpid rate of 15 miles an hour from the northwest yesterday, but even under the improved conditions the dead from heat in New York city numbered 64, and the prostrations were 123. There were 374 death certificates issued by the health board for 24 houses at noon yesterday. Of these, 158 were for people who died from the effects of heat. The mortality among animals has been particularly great, the horses killed by heat yesterday numbering more than on any former day of the hot spell.

Times Sold at Auction.

New York, Aug. 14.—The New York Times was sold yesterday under order of court. The property was bid in by the reorganization committee, headed by Spencer Trask, for $138,000. The reorganization committee represents all the creditors and all but a small percentage of the stockholders. Under the new corporation Adolph Ochs of the Chattanooga Times will become the publisher and general manager.

Indians Captured the Town.

Washington, Aug. 14.—United States Consul Long, at Nogales, Mex., has telegraphed the state department the following brief account of the Indian uprising there: "Yaqui Indians took Nobales by surprise this morning (Wednesday) at 4 o'clock and held it two hours. Ten Yaquis killed one prisoner, and four Mexican guards were killed and two wounded.

Merely For Convenience.

Providence, Aug. 14.—At both the office of the Woonsocket Rubber company and the office of J. H. Bannigan, it is stated that no negotiation for a settlement is under way, but the listing of the attachment on the funds on deposit at the Rhode Island Hospital Trust company is merely a matter of convenience, to allow them to get at ready cash.

Captured in Portland.

Boston, Aug. 14.—Edward J. Howard, 55 years of age, who was formerly clerk of the old Merchants' Exchange here, and for whom a warrant had been issued, charging him with forgery of a note for $300 here, has been arrested at Portland, Me., and held for the Boston police.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

FOR SWEDEN'S BIG SHOW

EXTENSIVE PREPARATION FOR THE EXPOSITION.

Four Countries Have Combined in Peaceful Rivalry—Superb Site Selected Near Stockholm—Also Celebrates Twenty-fifth Anniversary of King Oscar's Reign.

One of the leading events in Europe next summer will be the great Scandinavian exposition that opens in Stockholm, Sweden, next May, to continue until October.

For almost the first time in history the four northern countries—Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland—speaking a language in part resembling each other and having been historically connected, both as allies and foes, for more than 15 centuries, having a relationship in the folklore, traditions, poetry, music and all that distinguishes the descendants of the old Norsemen—stand united as one nation for a peaceful rivalry in arts, science and industry.

The distinguishing trait of the Scandinavian character is reflection, and the idea of this exposition, the greatest and most complete ever held in any of the European countries, with the exception of the Paris expositions, was first broached in 1870. For more than a quarter of a century it has been talked of and been the pet subject of royal rulers, artists, business men and the people at large. National jealousy and idiosyncrasy had to be overcome, a thousand and one objections arose, but finally every difficulty was smoothed over, plans and details agreed on, and the exposition, from the beauty of the buildings as they are now rapidly assuming form, their location and the enthusiasm shown by the nationalities interested, promises to be in every detail a brilliant success.

The influence of the World's fair at Chicago on the future expositions of a similar nature in Europe, in an architectural sense, can never be fully estimated. All the great expositions held since the World's fair closed or to take place in Europe, such as the Bordeaux, the Budapest, the Berlin, the Malmoe, the Swiss and now the Swedish exposition, show in their architectural and artistic planning a certain indescribable influence of the white dream city of 1893, while still adhering to the individual characteristics in art of each nationality.

At the exposition at Stockholm, instead of everything being under one roof, as has been the custom heretofore, every department has its separate building. The Manufactures and Industrial building will cover a space of 500 square feet, two of them to contain elevators. The other buildings, such as the Art palace, the Northern museum, Machinery hall, Fishery, Forest, Electrical, Mines, Historical, Army, Navy, Horticultural, Agricultural and Transportation buildings, will be of a size to give a harmonious appearance to the whole. Of the buildings mentioned the Art palace and the Fishery building are already completed. The Manufactures and Machinery hall will be finished before winter sets in, and the remaining buildings will be completed by March 1, 1897. The exposition grounds will be laid out by the best landscape gardeners.

One intersting feature of the exposition period will be the dedication of the new Royal Opera House, a magnificent building, only equaled by the Grand Opera House in Paris.

Stockholm has been called the Venice of the north, and no capital in Europe has a finer situation. The exposition has been located in the handsomest part of the parklike suburbs, and a general view of the Stockholm exposition shows a great contrast with similar European expositions. With its two sea fronts, one on the Djurgarden park sound and the other on the salt water of the gulf of Bothnia, its charming continuation of the royal parks of the Djurgarden, it will be not alone an evidence of Scandinavian art and industry, but also an exhibit of Swedish landscape, for which Stockholm is celebrated.

The exposition will have two principal entrances, one by the Grand boulevard and Djurgarden bridge, the other the marine entrance from the sound. Entering by the Djurgarden, a vast plaisance, laid out with lawns, fountains and flower beds, meets the eye. Straight ahead in the distance is seen the front of the Manufactures building, with its towers and dome. This plaisance is crossed by several broad avenues leading to the various buildings. On a terrace close by the idyllic sound is located the principal restaurant building. Following the sound promenade to Framnaes, the Fishery building is seen. It is built partly in the sound and is surrounded by a pontoon bridge, forming a charming marine promenade and giving a nautical flavor to the fishery exhibition. Farther out in the sound will be one of the great attractions of the exposition, a cavern erected on the bottom of the sound, to be lighted by electricity, and from the windows of the cavern the visitors will obtain an insight into the life of the denizens of the deep.

The Art palace will probably be the most beautiful of the various buildings. It is in the Spanish style of architecture, with marblelike walls and rich mural decorations, reflecting itself in the great canal at its side. The center of the Art palace, the part reserved for sculpture, will be laid out as a tropical garden, in which the marble treasures will find a suitable surrounding, doing away with the conventional museum appearance. From this garden pillared entrances lead to the painting exhibitions of the various foreign countries.

Prince Eugene, duke of Nerike, the youngest son of King Oscar, himself a painter of great reputation, is the chief of the art section of the exposition. Recently while on a visit to Paris he met some of the most prominent of the American artists, and they promised to exhibit at Stockholm next summer. The latest news from Sweden reports that Prince Eugene intends to visit the United States this fall to further interest American artists and owners of private galleries to send their art works to the exposition, and he will undoubtedly visit Chicago, having through Mrs. Potter Palmer heard of the fine private art galleries in that city.

The chief architectural designer of the exposition—in fact, the creator of the whole exposition—is Ferdinand Boberg, who has been assisted by the architects Fr. Lilljekvist, Agi Lindegren, Eugen Thorburn and Civil Engineer Fritz Soederberg.

The exposition will also have a political significance, as in 1897 King Oscar will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his reign as ruler of Sweden and Norway. The jubilee will be the occasion of a grand demonstration on the part of the Swedish people, and also by the royal families of Europe, they having signified their intention to visit Stockholm at this time. King Oscar is of course deeply interested in the exposition, both as an artist and as the royal ruler, and has given the project his valuable assistance.

As the director general of the exposition the king appointed Arthur Leffler, known to Chicagoans as the royal Swedish commissioner at the World's fair. The president is the governor general of Stockholm, Baron Tamm, and the secretary of the exposition is the well known journalist, Thore Blanche.

From the United States thousands of Swedes and Scandinavians are making arrangements to visit the exposition.

Gus Boberg has the arrangements in charge. Among the Scandinavian societies going over the most important is the American Union of Swedish Singers, of which the Swedish Glee club of Chicago is a member. The singers will officially represent the Swedish Americans at the king's jubilee and will be the bearers of an address to King Oscar from the Swedish Americans in Chicago.—Chicago Times-Herald.

AYER'S [illegible] Natural
HAIR [illegible] Color of
[illegible] the Hair

JOCULAR SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

Recent Discoveries That Bid Fair to Revolutionize the Entire World.

I.

The glowworm is attracting a deal of interest. It has been discovered that it requires only one-sixth as great an expenditure of force on its part to produce a given quantity of light as is required by any other known means. The insect is rapidly coming to the front. Only a few months ago the newspapers contained numerous accounts of the efforts of a western farmer to cross his bees with glowworms so they could see to make honey after dark.

Now the scientific world is agog to know and develop its method for producing light. A better plan would be to increase the size of the insect. By breeding, cultivation and an arbitrary enforcement of the survival of the fittest, in a short time—say ten years—it ought to attain the proportions of a 2-year-old steer. A roost could be constructed for it on a street corner, above the madding crowd's ignoble strife. A small wad of hay or a bunch of burdock leaves would suffice for its subsistence. It could sleep or chew its cud during the day and glow industriously all night.

Of course, in a large city it would be necessary to guard it against dissipation. Otherwise it might fall into the habits of the dissolute and go out nights. When we prevail upon an insect to do our illuminating and the ground mole our plowing, and use sea serpents for coast defenses, we are making gigantic strides toward the complete emancipation of our people from work.

II.

A Frenchman has succeeded in some rather unique experiments. He takes tadpoles, cuts several of them in two or more parts, then fastens those different parts together, but not in their natural position. In a short time the parts become completely grown together and the creature enjoys good health.

In this way he has tadpoles with tails at each extremity, but no heads; others with heads in abundance and nothing caudal. He has lizards with the heads of tadpoles and frogs with two heads which vainly try to jump in opposite directions.

All this may appear insignificant, but think what a discovery it means. With a little practice the natural scientist can remove the head of a snake and put it back on wrong end foremost. Then every time the reptile tries to bite he would find himself chewing his own neck.

The probability is that one animal will soon be made to perform the offices of many of our domestic animals. The chicken's head could be taken off, a cat's head substituted, and the creature would be able to live on mice around the barn, thus doing away with the necessity of keeping a cat.

Some enterprising genius may at last succeed in grafting together certain proportions of cow and sawhorse, so that the resulting product will be unable to kick while being milked.

III.

There are many phases of hypnotism. In Pennsylvania the other day a man had a grudge against a wealthy farmer, hypnotized a third person and compelled him to burn the farmer's barn. The susceptible subject was tried for the crime, all the while contending that he had been hypnotized. This condition had been brought about, as the evidence showed, after the common method of having the subject gaze intently at a small, bright object. In this case a $10 goldpiece was used. The subject looked at it, and then, to make the spell all the firmer, was allowed to keep it, all the while having it impressed upon him that it was his hypnotizer's will that the barn should be burned.

Thus it is demonstrated that one can be hypnotized with money. This practically places the gift of hypnotism in the control of the money kings. It gives them the power to hypnotize the laborer, take the will right out of his soul and lock it up in the safe. This will transform him into an unresisting automaton. The great factory proprietor can have a cellar full of captured wills, keep his men working night and day, and not let them strike until the works are closed down. Doubtless before long some enterprising genius will take one of the hypnotized wills, put it in a glass can and exhibit it as either a compressed bale or one of Wagner's melodies.—W. G. Brooks in Up to Date.

HER PARLIAMENTARY MOVE.

In the Crisis Man Would Have Failed, but She Scored a Success.

The new woman smoothed out her bloomers and looked at her husband thoughtfully for a few minutes before speaking.

"Henry," she said at last, "there is a little point of parliamentary law that I would like to discuss with you."

His bosom swelled with pride, for it was not often that she came to him for information or advice, now that she had assumed bifurcated garments.

"There are some rather intricate points in the rules of parliamentary procedure that would puzzle a novice," he asserted, "and the deeper you get in public life the more convinced you will become that it is a right handy thing to have the old man around occasionally to refer complicated questions to. What is it you want to get at now?"

"Why, you see, a most important matter came up at the meeting of our club last night," she explained, "and just as we were about to take a vote on it I discovered that I was backed by a minority only. Consequently it was necessary to postpone action, and the question with me was how it could be done."

She paused, and he knitted his brows and looked wise.

"The other side had a good working majority, I suppose?" he said inquiringly.

"Oh, yes," she answered. "I found that we didn't have a ghost of a show as matters stood then."

"Yes, yes, of course," he said thoughtfully. "I admit it was rather a knotty problem for a novice to solve, and yet here were several things that could be done with some promise of success, although not with a certainty. Now, if I had been there, I"—

She was looking at him with such evident scorn that he stopped.

"With all your boasted experience and superiority you couldn't think of a parliamentary move that would make success certain," she said.

"Certainly not," he replied. "Could you?"

"Easily," she answered. "It was the easiest thing in the world to any one who was really resourceful. I started a discussion of bicycles and bloomers, and the meeting naturally broke up in a row before a vote could be taken on anything."—Chicago Post.

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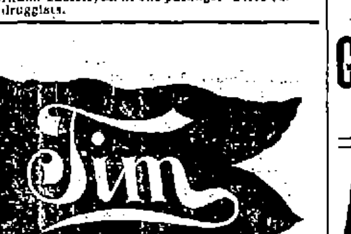
The Puritana treatment consists of one bottle of Puritana, one bottle of Puritana Pills, and one bottle of Puritana Tablets, all in one package. Price $1. All druggists.



One Point

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Are Built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

The Pleasures of Cycling depend much on your wheel. Get one that you can rely on at all times through thick and thin. The Waverly has the reputation of being such. Ask those who ride them. Scorcher (3 heights) $85.00. Belle (26 and 28 inch) $75.00 and $85.00.

Made By Indiana Bicycle Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

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We are selling **3 Cakes for 10 Cents**

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Better get your share while it lasts. It is good soap and is a bargain. We are simply giving you a little more than usual for your money. You took advantage quickly of our other soap offer and we honestly think this is a better bargain.

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REMNANTS OF SEAMLESS BLEACHED SHEETINGS

Received direct from two of the best sheeting mills of New England, in suitable lengths for sheets, from 2 1-2 yards to 20 yards in length, and will be offered on sale as the greatest values in sheetings we ever gave, on

MONDAY 17th. INST.

They are not of ordinary grades of cotton but of the highest priced sheetings in the market but our prices at this sale will be even lower than ever asked even for inferior grades of sheeting as you can judge by the following prices

6-4	wide	(54 inches)	regular	price	17c.	for this sale	10c.	yard
7-4	"	63	"	"	20c.	" " "	12½c.	"
8-4	"	(2 yards)	"	"	22c.	" " "	14c.	"
9-4	"	2¼	"	"	25c.	" " "	16c.	"
10-4	"	2½	"	"	28c.	" " "	17c.	"

We have put a part of this immense purchase in our Palmer street window, there are cords and cords of them, and are an unusual opportunity for the Lowell public to get some of the very best sheetings at nearly half price—sale in Bargain Department.

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THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, FRIDAY, AUG. 14:
Sun rises—4:51; sets, 6:46.
Length of day—13h. 55m.
Moon sets—9:21 p. m.
Full sea—2:45 a. m.; 3:15 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Fair, followed by thunder storms in extreme southern portion; easterly winds.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	5 00	§7 07
6 35	7 43	6 30	7 53
6 50	8 03	6 40	§7 50
§7 01	7 53	9 00	9 11
*§7 18	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 27	8 12	*9 00	§9 40
§7 33	8 50	*9 30	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 35	10 45	11 58
*8 50	9 40	11 30	§12 07
9 00	10 30	12 00	§12 56
9 40	10 40	*1 00	§1 38
11 00	12 00	*1 15	§1 52
11 42	12 25	2 00	3 04
12 16	1 07	*3 00	§3 46
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 32
*§4 00	4 45	4 30	§5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 30	5 44
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
6 33	6 55	6 15	7 3-
*§6 24	7 10	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 47	8 30	*8 00	§8 40
§8 45	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 29	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 19	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 16	10 15	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	5 32	7 30	§8 10
§5 58	7 00	8 00	§8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 30	8 03	7 30	8 53
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 39	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	1 50	1 56
12 05	1 27	2 15	3 10
12 45	1 53	3 30	4 20
2 30	3 47	3 40	4 50
2 55	4 02	4 25	5 45
4 05	5 23	5 01	6 20
5 10	6 43	6 01	7 00
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 45
7 00	8 06	9 40	10 41
9 35	10 42	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 12
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 20	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 59	8 40	9 40
8 45	9 53		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance. Donovan bl'd.

Charles H. Cosgrove, Esq., has opened a law office in room 16, Hildreth building.

Warm weather goods at cut prices at Chris Holmes', 124 and 126 Merrimack street.

O'Sullivan Bros. give a free electric car ticket if you purchase shoes to the amount of $1.00 or more at their store.

A large number of Lowellians went on the excursion from this city today, over the Old Colony road to Narragansett pier.

Building materials are very low. You can get all mason's supplies of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, at low figures.

Send your orders for winter coal by postal or telephone to Rourke & Sullivan, 984 Gorham street. They guarantee satisfaction.

The Central Mision held an enjoyable meeting yesterday afternoon at Varnum's landing the affair being in charge of Mr. E. P. Wood.

Best coal at lowest prices at E. A. Wilson's, corner of Bridge and Merrimack streets, Runels' building. If you have no time to call, telephone.

A number of Lowell people who are tired of boarding are contemplating going in for a dining club of about 50 members, having a dining hall, a steward nominal rate for board and provision for dividends.

The L. C. A. A. and the Andovers will play a game of Cricket at the Dracut oval Saturday, game called at 2 p. m. The following will play for Lowell: W. Meiklejohn, Capt., M. Meiklejohn, H. Meiklejohn, J. H. Comber, J. Smith, M. Burns, H. Perkins, Simpson, Hounsell, Murphy, Hibbert; reserves, Tilkinkton, Hale.

The programme for the celebration of Union St. Joseph, Sept. 7, will include a high mass at St. Joseph's church in the morning, with sermon by Fr. Frigon sports at the Fair grounds in the afternoon, entertainment in the evening at Huntington hall followed by a banquet at Associate hall, with 10 speakers and plates laid for 500.

On Saturday, the 15th day of this month, I will sell my two new houses on Pleasant street in Dracut. Anyone looking for the comforts of home for a small price should give this chance great consideration and look each house over. Each house is two stories, contains 8 rooms, 2 bay windows, bath room, water closet and pantry. It has front piazza on a 4000 square feet lot of land; grounds are graded all around it, was built by Wm. Emerson the contractor and painted by Eydon Bros., which assures first class workmanship throughout. Quite handy to new shoe shop, near Navy Yard mills, centrally located as to electric car accommodations and it takes but 5 minutes to come to center of city. The surroundings are beautiful, first class neighbors, healthy, high, dry and convenient. Just the place for a man with a little money. Schools are near and every facility for educating the children without having them in contact with the evils of city life. Remember next Saturday at four o'clock. Terms $100 at sale. House No. 2 is exactly the same as No. 1.

EDWARD R. DONOVAN.

GREAT PIPE SALE.

Bankrupt Sale of Pipes at Gallagher's, 260 Merrimack Street.

For the next 30 days we will sell part of the stock of the Oriental cigar store of 1139 Broadway, New York. Pipes will be sold at less than actual cost.

RELIEF IS AT HAND.

Torrid Weather Has Taken Wings and Healthy Weather Again is Here.

The warm weather has passed and for this relief much thanks. The cool wave predicted has already materialized and a truly patient and long suffering community now breath easier. The heat has brought death to many households and there are still a large number who can be said to be at death's door and a little cool weather will bring them to their normal condition. By the heat the treasuries of many fraternal organizations have been affected by the demands of people stricken down and one court of Foresters is said to have disbursed $77 within three days. The overseers of the poor felt the effects of the continued heat chiefly in the hospital cases which are largely among the poorer classes. The board of helth is taking extra precaution in districts and localities where there is a possibility of refuse collection being put in places where the excessive heat will cause rapid decomposition.

Louis Alexander,

tailor, 65 Central street, is having his semi-annual clearance sale to make room for new fall styles. Bargains in crash, golf, bicycle suits and all summer goods.

1876 and 1896.

For the past twenty years we have been supplying the citizens of Lowell with high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 58 Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

DR WALKER DENTISTS

VALUE OF GOLD

Interesting Article an Timely Subject.

REV. PARK BRADFORD DISCOURSES UPON GOLD.

Exploding Fallacies of Republican Financial Idea.

Does gold fluctuate?

Most certainly. All gold advocates claim stability of value because of its intrinsic worth. But that very quality is the sure means of fluctuation in price. The moment anything in the market of the world is seen to have intrinsic value it has a market price and the instant it appears in commerce as possessing advantages of trade it takes on the same vesture as any other commodity and is priced and sold.

Money is the invention of progress and civilization, its sole object being to represent wealth and to go between other things which have value in commerce.

Gold never becomes money until legalized by sovereignty. This necessarily enhances its value as is the case now with our gold dollar which is intrinsically worth about 95c. It is fiat money just as truly as the paper dollar. A piece of metal is made money by fiat just as a piece of paper is made legal tender. The paper has one quality that of uniform value which gold has not, because gold has a commercial value which the stamp of government cannot take away, hence, government cannot control the value of any substance having commercial relations so widespread as gold. Supply and demand control such prices.

Nevertheless government can and has affected the price of gold and silver. Has gold fluctuated in value?

Yes. In 1858 the U. S. mint paid $18.60 for 1 oz. of gold, to $1.21 for an oz. of silver, today gold as measured by silver is priced at $31 to $32 and as our gold friends insist upon intrinsic value to measure things we are compelled to measure gold by silver. We could not measure gold by itself and according to their idea not by the greenback—hence we must measure by silver. Nor can they legitimately seize upon this statement to argue in favor of gold, as the only true standard of value because there is a legal disparagement upon silver. The latter has been ruled out of its monetary sphere wherein the commercial value was strengthened and kept on a parity with gold. Science tells us that the molecules in a piece of steel do not lie solidly together. Powerful microscope investigation reveals a labirynth of spaces between the molecules. Money in commerce occupies this space between objects having commercial value and holds apart in contradistinction while it unites as a common medium all objects having value and is an invisible force resident in the mass—its existence not being the object or end but simply the force by which to hold intact the whole lump of trade, as this force in the steel holds intact the piston rod of a great engine which carries a precious cargo.

During our civil war Abraham Lincoln devised the full legal tender greenback and issued about $50,000,000 of the same. It was on a par with gold. No man ever saw it below par.

In September, 1861, by influence of bankers all greenbacks issued thereafter contained the well known exception clause, "This is a legal tender for all debts except duties on imports and interest upon the public debt." That was a partial demonetization of the greenback. The bankers admit they bought up the previous issue of full legal tenders and then had a market for their gold. Importers must have their gold to pay duties, and the government must have it to pay them interest for bonds they hold.

It is a well known fact that when our arms were weakened by defeat on the battlefield those patriotic bankers sold their gold for as high as $285, charging a big premium and took advantage of the people to enrich themselves.

Did gold go up then? If it did not they put it up. In 1872 the silver dollar was above the gold dollar, but these with European bankers saw the volume of silver growing and realized that future speculations through the control of the nation's money was threatened thereby, and to overcome that difficulty they devised the demonetization act condemned by John Sherman and deplored and denounced by James G. Blaine.

The former said in 1869 in reference to the act of retiring the greenback, which was but a step preceding the attack upon silver:

"It is not possible to take that voyage without the sorest distress. To any person except the capitalist out of debt, or a salaried officer, or an annuitant, it is a period of loss, danger, lassitude of trade, fall of wages, suspension of enterprise, bankruptcy and disaster. It means the fall of all agricultural productions without any great reduction in taxes."

But James G. Blaine, the plumed knight, and peerless champion of reciprocity, said nine years later:

"I believe the struggle now going on in this country and in other countries for the single gold standard, would, if successful, produce widespread disaster in and through the commercial world.

"The distinction of silver as money and the establishment of gold as the sole unit of value must have a ruinous effect on all forms of property, except those investments which yield a fixed return in money. These would be enormously enhanced in value and would gain a disproportionate and unfair advantage over every other species of property."

What these men feared and prophesized is upon upon us and it remains for American patriotism to rise in the spirit of 1776 and repel the invaders.

There is no room for partyism. It is America against the world.

PARK A. BRADFORD.

Annual Yacht Races at Newburyport

The great yacht races to come off in Newburyport Harbor Monday, the 17th, are attracting wide spread attention. The Beverly, American, Quincy, Columbian and Commonwealt yacht clubs are to be represented by their crack yachts. There will be more than a hundred in the races.

The steamer Merrimac will lay at her wharf at Black Rocks all day Monday giving her patrons comfortable seats and a grand opportunity to view the whole course; It will be one of the most pleasing sights of the season and all free to her patrons.

Electric cars leave Lowell for Haverhill to connect with the steamer at 7 and 7.30 a. m.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

Beauty is your Duty

Abundant, glossy hair, is beauty's crowning glory.
To wear this crown, use

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR.

TALK WITH BRYAN

Candidate Speaks About His Reception

AND THE CRITICISM OF HIS SPEECH.

Explains Why He Read His Manuscript.

New York, Aug. 14.—Candidates Bryan and Sewall and Mrs. Bryan remained at the Windsor hotel all day. During the afternoon Messrs. Bryan and Sewall received about 300 callers in the private parlors of the hotel. Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Bland and Mrs. Stone, the latter the wife of Governor Stone of Missouri, and Mrs. Stewart, wife of Senator Stewart, received a number of ladies in the ladies' parlor between 4 and 5 o'clock. The callers were not numerous.

Of the criticisms of his speech, Mr. Bryan said, after looking over all the newspapers: "I did not expect to overcome all the prejudice at one blow. Neither did I expect to set the North river on fire with oratory. It was not a time for oratorical flights, but for serious and argumentative discussion. I am pleased with my reception."

Mr. Bryan explained yesterday his reasons for reading his speech in reply to the notification of his nomination at Madison Square Garden. He said: "Knowing that it would be printed in full, I thought it more important that it should reach in correct form the millions who will read it than that the delivery should please the few thousands who were present. It is always unfortunate when a speaker is compelled to read a political speech, but in this instance I thought it best not to risk the errors which always creep into the report of an extemporaneous speech."

STILL ON THE MAP.

Nansen Has Been Heard from Way Up Near the North Pole.

Malmo, Sweden, Aug. 14.—The newspaper Dagensnyheter has received communications from Dr. Nansen and Lieutenant Schotthansen, from the Island of Vardoe. These communications state that they abandoned the Fram in the autumn of 1895, and resorted to the ice.

The steamer Windward, carrying supplies to the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition picked them up near Franz Josef Land. They expected that the Fram would eventually drift to the east coast of Greenland. Dr. Nansen failed to reach the North Pole, but he touched a point four degrees nearer than any other explorer has done.

Dr. Nansen left the Fram on March 14, 1895, in 84 degrees north latitude. He traversed the Polar sea to a point in 86 degrees, 14 minutes, north latitude, situated north of the New Siberia islands. No land was sighted north of 82 degrees latitude, or thence to Franz Josef land, where he passed the winter, subsisting on bears' flesh and whale blubber. Dr. Nansen and his companion are in the best of health. The Fram is expected at Vardoe or Bergen shortly. She stood the ice well. There were no sick persons aboard when Nansen left there.

The steamer Windward took letters for Nansen when it started to the relief of the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, as Mr. Jackson expected to find Nansen, and was convinced that his idea of drifting across the pole in the ice was impracticable. He was also convinced that Nansen would return in the direction of Franz Josef land.

FAULKNER IS HAPPY.

He Sees no Encouragement of Hope for the Republicans.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic congressional campaign committee, is in great glee over the reception tendered Mr. Bryan in New York. Such spontaneous enthusiasm he had never before witnessed. "I do not believe anything under heaven can prevent the election of Bryan," added Senator Faulkner. "If you consider the situation, you will see it in the same light. That the south will be solid for the ticket none of us really doubt; that means 159 electoral votes with which to start. We will also carry every state west of Iowa, with a total of 51 votes. Add these to the southern votes and we have 220, or but four less than the number necessary to elect. If we do not carry any state in the east—which we will—we will have Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa and Minnesota, where the chances are excellent for our ticket, and any one of these states will be sufficient, even though we lose one of the southern and two of the western states. I can't see how the Republicans can find any encouragement in the outlook."

Embezzlement and Suicide.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 14.—Josiah E. Kelley, asistant cashier of the First National bank of this city, was found dead, having committed suicide. National Bank Examiner Vance had found a shortage in the cashier's accounts. Kelley left letters in which he confessed to a deficit created by him, amounting to over $24,000.

Officer John Fox and wife are at Sharon Springs, N. Y.

Officer Duncan is alternating between the seashore and mountains on his vacation.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache, insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

IRISH PRISONERS

Have Been Given Their Freedom.

ALL WERE SUSPECTED OF DYNAMITE CONSPIRACIES.

Two of Them Were American Citizens.

London, Aug. 14.—In the house of commons yesterday, Secretary of State for Home Affairs Ridley announced that upon the medical report it has been decided to release, on license, Daly, Devany, Gallagher and Whitehead, the four Irishmen imprisoned for conspiring against the government, in connection with the dynamite explosions of several years back.

John Daly was sentenced to life imprisonment at Warwick, in July, 1884, on the charge of treason felony.

Thomas Devany was convicted of treason felony at Edingurgh, in December, 1883, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Dr. Thomas Gallagher is an American citizen, and a resident of Long Island. After having been convicted of treason felony in London, on June 14, 1883, he was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Albert George Whitehead is also an American citizen, and he was convicted the same day as Dr. Gallagher, at the same place, and received the same sentence.

All of the released men were arrested during the dynamite scares of 1883 and 1884.

Dr. Thomas Gallagher and Albert George Whitehead, both American citizens, were arrested in London in company with John Curtin Kent and Henry Hammond Wilson, early in 1883, and on June 14 of that year they were found guilty of treason felony and sentenced to life imprisonment. Kent was released from prison one year ago, and is now in the United States.

Dr. Gallagher was a resident of Greenpoint, L. I., where he is said to have enjoyed a large practice. Several petitions for his release by influential Americans, including clergymen of all denominations, were forwarded to the home office, but until yesterday the pleading was in vain.

Under the law, as it stood at the time of the arrests, it would have been impossible to sentence the men on conviction to more than two years' imprisonment, as they had been arrested under the explosives act. In order to make the punishment greater a special act was passed, under which the men could be tried for treason felony. They were charged with the manufacturing of dynamite bombs, or having bombs in their possession.

John Daly was arrested April 11, 1884, at Barkenhead, with two bombs in his possession. On the same day, James F. Egan, with whom Daly lived in Birmingham, and who is now in the United States as a delegate from the Amnesty association, was also arrested. Both men were tried and found guilty of treason felony at Warwick assizes in July, 1884. They were first charged with having dynamite in their possession, but this was withdrawn by the crown prosecution in order to bring the case under the new treason felony act. Daly was sentenced to penal servitude for the term of his natural life, and Egan to 20 years' imprisonment. Egan was released Jan. 19, 1893.

After his conviction, Daly was taken to Chatham prison, where he remained until his release yesterday. He was always a strong figure in Irish politics, and was very prominent in the '67 movement in Ireland.

At the last general election, Daly was elected without opposition, to represent the city of Limerick in parliament, although he was then wearing the convict's clothes. Immediately afterward, he was selected by the Limerick board of aldermen for the office of high sheriff.

Thomas Devany was arrested, with nine others, in Glasgow, in 1883, on similar charges. He was tried in Edinburgh in December, of that year, and, with Terrence McDermott and James McCullough, was sentenced to penal servitude for life.

There are now in Portland prison, serving life sentences, Henry Hammond Wilson, American citizen; Timothy Featherstone, American citizen; Harry Burton, American citizen, and Henry Dalton, Patrick Flannagan and Terrence McDermott, all on charges of treason felony. John Duff is serving a term of 20 years for the same offense, which dates from his conviction in 1885.

In Irish convict prisons there are five men serving life terms, having been convicted of treason felony in connection with the Phoenix park and other Fenian events in Dublin. They are Joseph Mollet, James Fitzharris, alias "Skin the Goat;" Lawrence Hanlon, Matthew Mullen and Matthew Kinsella.

Miss Charles' Story Doubted.

Habana, Aug. 14.—The authorities here say that the story told by Miss Cecil Charles of New York, giving details of her expulsion from Cuba by order of Captain General Weyler, are false. They add that she was accompanied on board the steamer by an American newspaper correspondent, that she wore ordinary lady's dress, and that she was kindly treated by all the persons who met her here.

Prorogation Near.

London, Aug. 14.—The house of lords has adopted the Irish land bill as it came back from the house of commons, with only one division, which was on the amendment relating to town parks, upon which the government received a majority of six. It is now probable that the house of commons will be prorogued today.

For Economy's Sake.

Seoul, Aug. 14.—An iconoclastic and almost atheistic fever has seized upon the King of Korea, who has issued a royal edict bewailing the amount of money annually squandered upon the worship of idols. His majesty has already demolished 30 temples in and about Seoul, and pines to destroy more.

Forty-Eight Killed.

Cape Town, Aug. 14.—Plumer's column has had another engagement with the Matabeles, and has dispersed them. They twice tried to rush into the bivouac. Forty-eight rebels were killed.

A Job For Fava.

Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 14. — Baron Fava, the Italian minister, left for Washington last night, in response to the instructions from the Italian government regarding the recent lynching of Italians in New Orleans.

WORDS OF EULOGY.

Tributes to the late W. E. Russell and George W. Curtis.

Ashfield, Mass., Aug. 14. — The 18th annual dinner in aid of Sanderson academy was held here yesterday, and was an event of much interest. Professor Charles Eliot Norton delivered an address, touching on the money question. He also paid the following tribute to the late William E. Russell: "On this occasion I cannot but recall one guest that we had with us last year, William E. Russell. Only one year ago that vigorous, manly youth stood here by my side. Many of you heard at that time his statement of what the fathers did for us, and what we owe to those who are to follow us. While it was an eloquent statement of political duties, I venture to say that it was not so much the address itself that captivated us, not so much because of the substance, as because we realized that we were listening to the words of a public man of high character, that no office, however high, could lead him astray, that nothing could corrupt his mind, and that high morals are the base of public service. He was a man to serve the state or nation as long as he lived, and never was there more need of such men as he than now."

William G. Rice delivered an eloquent tribute to George William Curtis and his work, and told what has been accomplished in the improvement of the civil service since the death of Mr. Curtis, four years ago.

Miss Elizabeth Curtis, only daughter of the late George W. Curtis, made her initial appearance as a public speaker. Her subject was, "What Ashfield Meant to George William Curtis." Other speakers were Rev. Mr. Thomas of Chicago, Rev. C. B. F. Prase of Troy, N. Y., and Rev. John W. Chadwick of Brooklyn.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Field Marshal Yamagata has returned to Japan.

Patrick C. Keely, the famous architect, died in Brooklyn.

Robert Green, aged 21, was drowned at Rockville, Conn.

Three dynamiters are to be released from an English prison.

The Cuban junta is negotiating for the purchase of a fast ocean tug.

The failure of the W. H. Whitney carriage firm of Watertown, Mass., is announced.

Eastern railroads must reduce freight rates if they would hold the western grain traffic.

Mercer county, N. J., failed to dispose of its bonds, which are not, in terms, payable in gold.

An American company has made a contract for the lighting, by electricity, of the city of Lima.

The annual reunion of the First, Tenth and Twenty-seventh Maine regiment was held at Portland.

An extraordinary electric storm, with cloudburst, visited Pittsburg and its vicinity, with fatal results.

Rev. Edward J. Sheridan, pastor of St. Mary's church, Taunton, Mass., for a quarter of a century, is dead.

Henry A. Casperfield, dealer in diamonds and jewelry, of New York and Saratoga Springs, has assigned.

Walter E. Merriam was fined $590 in the Chelsea (Mass.) police court, for having 118 short lobsters in his possession.

A. M. Hannaford & Co., wholesale produce and commission merchants, Portland, Me., have made an assignment.

Mrs. Catherine Connelly, aged 55, while attempting to board an electric car at Boston, was thrown to the ground and killed.

L. M. Kennedy, aged 68, a horseman and former hotel man, died at Putnam, Conn., from injuries received in being kicked by a horse.

The president has appointed Silas Peury to be register of the land office at Sacramento, Cal., and George B. Crosby to be receiver of public moneys at Sacramento.

Senor Omsa has made a proposition in the Peruvian chamber of deputies that family relations of foreigners in Peru should follow the law relating to husband and wife.

The creditors of the Merrimac Wheel and Gear company have made an assignment to Richard E. Briggs, president of the Briggs Carriage company of Amesbury, Mass.

William H. May, aged 70, a real estate dealer, disappeared from his home in Sheffield, Mass., several days ago. Yesterday a searching party discovered his dead body in a field near his home.

Ex-State Senator George W. Gibson of Chicopee, Mass., died of a complication of diseases. He was born in Malone, N. Y., in 1852. He was for seven years a selectman of Chicopee, and had served in the house of representatives in 1888, the following year being sent to the senate.

Sues For the Watch.

Portland, Me., Aug. 14.—Sylvester Harley, of Ashburnham, Mass., came here yesterday, and placed in the hands of a Portland attorney a civil action against Rev. Dr. A. B. Simpson, the Christian alliance leader, who, at Old Orchard last Sunday, raised over $100,000 for foreign missions. The suit will be brought in the United States court to recover a gold watch contributed by Mr. Harley's mother to the Christian alliance cause. The watch was an heirloom, and when the donor repented of her act, and sought to recover the watch, her pleadings were in vain. Mr. Harley claims that his mother was hypnotized by Dr. Simpson.

Practical Victory For Pastor.

Boston, Aug. 14.—An amicable adjustment of all past and present difficulties at Park Street church will probably be effected, as a result of the action taken at a special meeting of the church last evening. It was voted to rescind all previous action regarding the calling of an ecclesiastical council of the society and the church to consider the trouble with the pastor. It was also voted to rescind all the harsh measures toward Dr. Lansing, that had been adopted since Feb. 7, when the pastor's letter was received, which is a practical acknowledgement that the church had not acted in exactly a fair spirit toward Dr. Lansing.

Discharged Men May Kick.

Stoneham, Mass., Aug. 14.—The contractor on the sewer work here discharged 150 Italian laborers last night, with the intention of filling their places with Italians from New York. The discharged men got $1.50 to $1.60 per day, and the new men, it is understood, are to get $1.35. As the discharged men are still in town, it is feared that trouble is impending.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

N. Y. Cloak AND Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

Another Big Cut in Prices

Every Dollar's Worth of Merchandise Must Be Sold.

READ THE PRICES

Outing Suits.

$1.95 EACH—One lot Linen Suits, made very full skirt, and Blazer Jackets, reduced from $4.50 each.

$5.95 EACH—Ladies' Combination Outing Suits in handsome wool materials, plaid stripe and plain jackets, reduced from $12.50.

98c. EACH—One lot White Duck Skirts, heavy quality, very full, reduced from $1.75.

$1.45 EACH—One lot Russia Crash Skirts, reduced from $2.75.

Shirt Waists.

75c. EACH—Your choice of 1200 "United Brand" Waists, made from handsome designs in Persian, striped and figured effects, by far the handsomest we have shown this season, made with new sleeve and detached collar. Every waist in this lot is worth $1.50 each. Your choice now 75c. All waists worth $2 and $2.50 reduced to 98c. All waists worth $1 and $1.25 reduced to 49c. All waists worth 75c. and 85c. reduced to 25c.

FORESTERS' DAY.

Arrangements For Tomorrow's Celebration and Route of Parade.

Arrangements for the make up of the Forester procession of tomorrow have been made and Chief Marshal O'Hearn has issued general orders to that effect. There will be four divisions each headed by a band of music besides carriages containing supreme and grand court officers, deputies and ladies from the Lowell circles, Companions of the Forest.

Divisions may leave the hall separately, accompanied by bands, but all must be at the point of formation precisely at 1.15, as the parade is to move at 1.30 and the formation must be as follows:

1st division on Varney street, right resting on Fletcher. 2d division on Butterfield, right resting on Fletcher street. 3d division on Willie street, right resting on Fletcher street. 4th division on Fletcher street, right resting on Cross street.

Unless otherwise arranged those riding in carriages will meet at Foresters' hall at 10 o'clock.

Except those serving on the grand marshal's staff all Foresters will meet at their hall.

DROWNED IN HALE'S BROOK.

Seven-Year-Old John Teague Meets Death While at Play.

John Teague, aged seven years, residing on Madison street, while playing near Hale's brook yesterday afternoon fell in and was drowned before aid could come to him. The body was subsequently recovered and given in charge of Undertaker Rogers who prepared it for burial.

Miss Lizzie Dillon will enjoy social life in Dighton, after which she will visit several watering resorts adjacent to New York city.

Journeymen Tailors Organize.

The journeymen tailors of Lowell organized last night under the auspices of the Journeymen Tailors Union of America.

Mr. C. N. Mowbray, general organizer, was present and he spoke of the advisability of adhering to trade unions' principles and to make efforts to induce female workers in the tailoring trade to join hands with the men in their efforts to protect the tailors and tailoresses of Lowell further reductions.

General Organizer Mowbray will visit Lowell again in a few weeks in order to form a local union of women. Due notice of his visit will be given.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

It's a Good Idea

to have your table fare wholesome and delicious as well as economical;—in other words, to use

COTTOLENE

Sold everywhere.

NOT RECEIVING TODAY

Ladies Often Lose the Pleasure of Calls Because of Old Enemy, Backache.

"I should like to, but I'm miserable."

"It is impossible, my back aches so."

"One of the other ladies must take my place."

How often one hears these remarks.

Backache is an obstacle to many ladies.

Depriving them of much pleasure. A little information corrects this.

And Lowell ladies are well informed.

On the subject of backache.

They know it's kidney ache.

And they take Doan's Kidney Pills.

And then are ready for callers, always.

Mrs. Knowles, 46 Cross street, is one.

She has su[illegible]red much from it.

Pain through the kidneys.

Urinary trouble developed.

Dizziness, with severe headache.

All this took the enjoyment out of life.

She adds: "I saw in my paper that Doan's Kidney Pills were curing cases like mine and got a box at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets. I had not taken many before there was quite an improvement. I got the second box, and now I can say my suffering has ceased. I am all right in every way. I do not hesitate to give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit of curing the kidney trouble and every pain connected with it. You may use my name and say I am willing to answer any one who may apply to me with trouble like mine."

For sale by all dealers—price 50 cents per box. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

$150 will buy a first class DINING AND ICE CREAM SALOON

AT

SANBORN & DONOVAN'S

ROOM 1, SWAN BUILDING, CENTRAL ST.

Bad Debts Collected. Auctioneering and Appraising.

R. J. MOWER,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 Central Street.

O'Donnell & Gilbride's

THE LAST PRICE TUMBLE ON

SHIRT WAISTS

We have less than 50 dozen Shirt Waists in stock today and in order to close up the entire stock embracing many choice and exclusive styles in

STANLEY WAISTS,

We will offer the entire lot to-morrow beginning at 8 a. m.

AT ONE HALF THE PRICES

at which they have sold up to date. This sale will afford an opportunity to buy "chic" stylish waists at the prices of the ordinary kinds.

The Balance of Our Outing Suits,

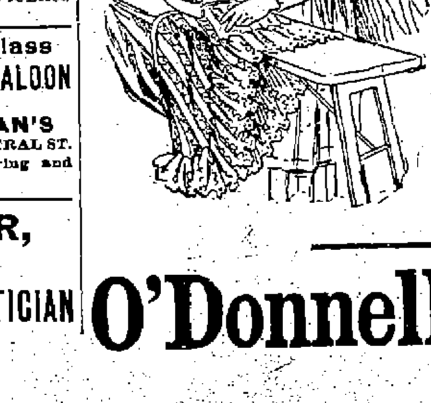
Comprising blue and black serges and cheviots, also a few fancy mixtures, all made in the most approved manner, will be offered to-morrow

At 40c. on the Dollar.

A NEW SHIRT WAIST.

We place on sale to-day 100 new Silk Waists in changeable effects made with white laundered adjustable collar, a very up-to-date Waist that is being sold extensively in Boston and New York at the present time and will undoubtedly be very popular for early fall wear.

OUR PRICE $5.75 EACH.



Two Bargains in Cotton Underwear.

1 LOT OF NIGHT ROBES

In sizes 14 and 15 only. Vast assortment of trimmings, elegantly made, sold to date $1.50 and $1.75.

PRICE TO-DAY 98c. EACH.

One lot of White Skirts, sold to date $1.50,

PRICE TODAY 98c. EACH.

O'Donnell & Gilbride